VIDEO COURSES
for Government Exams

From the oldest and most trusted name in Exam Preparation which gave us Career Power, Bankersadda, Sscadda, here is the latest offering – Video Courses that are tailor-made for the Govt. Job aspirants of digital India. Various banking and SSC exams are conducted online with regular changes to exam pattern and level of questions. We understand the changing needs of the students and have devised a unique solution, making preparation easy, cost-effective and efficient.

Video courses for Banking and SSC consist of exhaustive video lectures for government exams. We offer these courses in three variants: Online Streaming, SD Card and Android Tab + SD-Card. The SD Card can be run on your personal android device as well. The video courses will run on the Adda247 mobile app, the number one App for Bank and SSC exam preparation.

Video Course are available in

- ONLINE STREAMING
- MICRO SD CARD
- ANDROID TAB (SD Card Included)

Available Courses

Banking Courses

- IBPS PO Pre
- IBPS PO Complete Kit
- RRB Mains Complete Kit
- IBPS PO Pre + Mains
- IBPS PO: Quantitative Aptitude
- IBPS RRB Pre - Quant + Reasoning

SSC Courses

- Maths for SSC CGL Mains
- English + Maths for SSC CGL Mains
- English for SSC CGL Mains
- IB ACIO (Tier I) + SSC Complete KIT

To Purchase visit : store.adda247.com

For any query : Call us at +91-90691 42412 • Email us at elearning@adda247.com

Adda247 Android App

GET IT ON Google Play | Download on the App Store

Directions (1-3): Below in each question are given two statements (A) and (B). These statements may be either independent causes or may be effects of independent causes or of a common cause. One of these statements may be the effect of the other statement. Read both the statements and decide which of the following answer choices correctly depicts the relationship between these two statements.

Mark answer

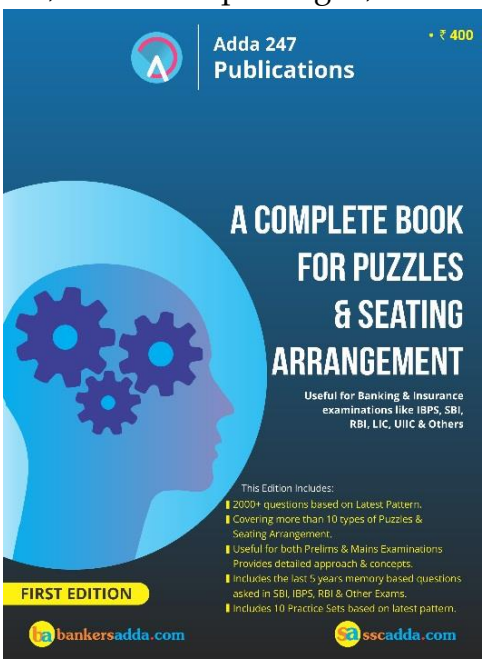
(a) if statement (A) is the cause and statement (B) is its effect.
(b) if statement (B) is the cause and statement (A) is its effect.
(c) if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent causes.
(d) if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of independent causes.
(e) if both the statements (A) and (B) are effects of some common cause.

Q1. A. Finance Minister Arun Jaitley announced two new All India Institutes of Medical Sciences (AIIMS) in Jharkhand and Gujarat.
B. There will be an increase in healthcare in the country and more student will get an opportunity to study in the renowned institution.

Q2. A. In budget 2017-18 total allocation for rural, agricultural and allied sectors for 2017-18 is Rs 187223 crore, which is 24% higher than last year.
B. The total allocation for infrastructure stands at a record level of Rs. 39,61,354 crore has been made in 2017-18, Finance Minister says

Q3. A. The government is considering the Special Investigation Team (SIT) recommendation to ban all cash transactions of more than Rs three lakh beginning from April 1, 2017.
B. India ranks third in a line-up of countries with money hidden abroad. And how much, exactly? USD 94.76 billion (or Rs 6 lakh crore) was hidden abroad in 2012. So assume a bit more than that for 2016.

Q4. Statement: This is a Budget for the future – for the farmers, the underprivileged, urban rejuvenation and rural development. From railway modernisation to economic reforms, from education to health, from entrepreneurship to industry, the aim of fulfilling the dreams of all is clearly visible in the Budget
Which of the following conclusion is drawn from the above statements?
(a) It mainly focus on farmers, rural development and it does not fulfill the expectations of higher class
(b) It provides the development for all sectors and it will speed up the development of the country and creates new employment opportunities.
(c) It will be a big change in financial conditions of the villages only.
(d) This budget ensures the growth rate of petroleum and chemical industries with respect to previous years.
(e) None of these



Q5. Statement: A rail safety fund, named 'Rail Sanraksha Kosh', with a corpus of Rs. 1 lakh crore is proposed to be set up over a period of five years, Mr. Jaitley announced. He added that all unmanned railway crossings on broad gauge lines will be eliminated by 2020.
Which of the following effect is drawn from the above statements?
(a) All follow
(b) With the creation of rail safety fund, the probability of rail accidents will be reduced
(c) The probability of rail accidents will be reduced and the safety of commuters will increase.
(d) With the creation of 'Rail Sanraksha kosh' with a corpus of Rs. 1 lakh crore, the funding for others sectors like aviation, transport will be reduced.
(e) None of these

Directions (6-10): In each of the questions below are given four statements followed by four conclusions numbered I, II, III and IV. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Q6. Statements: All cess are revenue. All Tax are revenue. All interest are revenue. All revenue are receipts.
Conclusion:
I. All cess are receipts.
II. Some receipts are interest.
III. Some receipts are tax.
(a) Only (I) follow
(b) Only (II) follow
(c) (I) and (II) follow only
(d) All follow
(e) (I) and (III) follow

Q7. Statements: All cess are revenue. All Tax are revenue. All interest are revenue. All revenue are receipts.
Conclusions:
I. Some cess are tax.
II. Some interest are tax.
III. Some receipts are cess.
(a) Only (I) follow
(b) Only (II) follow
(c) Only (III) follow
(d) Both (I) and (II) follow
(e) Both (I) and (III) follow

Q8. Statements: All salary are revenue. All pension are revenue. Some revenue are expenditure. All expenditure are budgets. All receipts are budget.
Conclusion:
I. Some revenue are receipts.
II. Some revenue are budget.
III. No salary is expenditure.
(a) Only (I) follow
(b) Only (II) follow
(c) Only (III) follow
(d) Both (I) and (II) follow
(e) Both (I) and (III) follow

Q9. Statements: All salary are revenue. All pension are revenue. Some revenue are expenditure. All expenditure are budgets. All receipts are budget.
Conclusions:
I. No pension is budget.
II. No salary is receipts
III. Some expenditure are revenue.
(a) Only (I) follow
(b) Only (II) follow
(c) Only (III) follow
(d) All follow
(e) None of these

Q10. Statements: Some capital are expenditure. Some revenue are expenditure. Some capital are receipts. Some revenue are budget.
Conclusions:
I. Some receipts are expenditure.
II. Some capitals are revenue.
III. Some budget are expenditure.
(a) Only (I) follow
(b) Only (II) follow
(c) All follow
(d) Only (III) follow
(e) None follow

Directions (11-13): Study the following information and answer the given questions:
Five people – A, B, C, D and E type at a different speeds. A types faster than D but slower than B, E types slower than D but is not the slowest. The one who types the second fastest types at the speed of 70 words/minutes. The one who types the second slowest types at the speed of 40 words/minutes.

Q11. How many persons who type slower than A?
(a) Four
(b) None
(c) Two
(d) Three
(e) One

Q12. On the given information which of the following statements is true?
(a) B type fastest
(b) C type faster than D
(c) No statement is true
(d) A type at the speed of 50 words/minutes.
(e) E type faster only two persons

Q13. Which of the following can possibly be D's typing speed?
(a) 78 words/minutes
(b) 80 words/minutes
(c) 50 words/minutes
(d) 35 words/minutes
(e) 85 words/minutes

Directions (14-15): Study the following information and answer the given question:
Point A is 10m to the south of B. Point G is 3 m to the east of A. Point H is 5 m to the south of G. Point D is 6 m to the west of H. Point C is 10 m to the north of D. Point K is 6 m to the east of C. Point L is 5 m to the north of K.

Q14. Which of the following represents the direction of point G with respect to point C?
(a) south-east
(b) north-west
(c) south-west
(d) south
(e) north-east

Q15. How far and in which direction is point B from point L?
(a) 5 metres south
(b) 4 metres east
(c) 6 metres north
(d) 3 metres west
(e) 7 metres north

Directions (16-20): In these questions relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by conclusions. Study the conclusions based on the given statement and select the appropriate answer.

Q16. Statements: E < Z = U ≥ T; X ≥ Z ≥ Y
Conclusions:
I. Y < E
II. T < X
(a) Neither conclusion I nor II is true
(b) Either conclusion I or II is true
(c) Only conclusion I is true
(d) Both conclusion I and II are true
(e) Only conclusion II is true

Q17. Statements: E < Z = U ≥ T; Y > Z ≥ X
Conclusions:
I. Y > E
II. X ≤ T
(a) Both conclusions I and II are true
(b) Neither conclusion I nor II is true
(c) Either conclusion I or II is true
(d) Only conclusion II is true
(e) Only conclusion I is true

Q18. Statements: A ≥ B ≤ C = T < L ≥ V
Conclusions:
I. A ≤ V
II. L >B
(a) Only conclusion I is true
(b) Neither conclusion I nor II is true
(c) Either conclusion I or II is true
(d) Only conclusion II is true
(e) Both conclusion I and II are true

Q19. Statements: N > L ≤ C; A > L; B ≥ C
Conclusions:
I. B ≥ L
II. C ≥ N
(a) Neither conclusion I nor II is true
(b) Both conclusions I and II are true
(c) Only conclusion II is true
(d) Only conclusion I is true
(e) Either conclusions I or II is true

Q20. Statements: N > L ≤ C; A > L; B ≥ C
Conclusions:
I. A > N
II. C ≥ A
(a) Only conclusion I is true
(b) Either conclusion I or II is true
(c) Only conclusion II is true
(d) Neither conclusion I nor II is true
(e) Both conclusions I and II are true

Directions (21-25): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
Twelve family members are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each in such a way that there in an equal distance between adjacent persons. All of them gathered in family function. And all of them are discussing some issues which are arising after the marriage of one family member. In row 1 – A, B, C, D, E and F are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing South. In row 2 – G, H, I, J, K and L are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row.
C is the sister of D, who is son of G. B is the mother of H and married to G. B has only one daughter. L is grandmother of D and married to K. A is brother of G's sister I. E is the daughter of L. B's father J has only one son F.D sits fourth to the left of one who is brother of G. The one facing A sits third to the left of K. Only one person sits between K and G. G does not sit at any of the extreme ends of the line. The one facing L sits second to the right of F's sister. L does not sit at any of the extreme ends of the line. Only two people sit between B and B's brothers. The one facing B sits second to the left of J.H is not an immediate neighbour of L. C is not an immediate neighbour of D.

Q21. Which of the following groups of people represents the people sitting at the extreme ends of both the rows?
(a) D, F, J, I
(b) D, B, H, I
(c) E, B, H, K
(d) A, E, G, H
(e) A, F, L, J

Q22. Who faces son of J
(a) D
(b) C
(c) I
(d) E
(e) B

Q23. Which of the following is true with respect to the given information?
(a) B faces one of the immediate neighbours of J.
(b) H sits exactly between I and G.
(c) None of the given options is true.
(d) A is an immediate neighbour of B.
(e) A faces L.

Q24. Which of the following is true regarding E?
(a) B sits second to the right of E.
(b) H is an immediate neighbour of the one who faces E.
(c) Both C and F are immediate neighbours of E.
(d) Only one person sits between E and A.
(e) None of the given options is true.

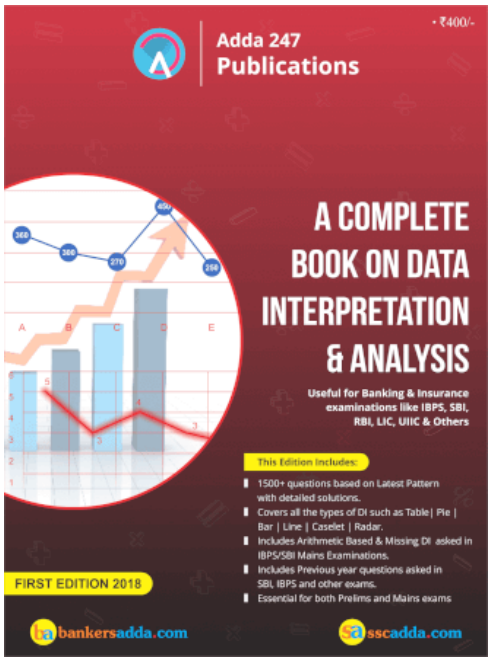
Q25. Who amongst the following sits second to the right of the person who faces sister of H?
(a) H
(b) L
(c) I
(d) J
(e) K

Directions (26-30): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
Six students P, Q, R, S, T and U stay on different floors of a six-storey building. The ground floor is numbered 1 and the topmost floor is numbered 6. Each of them like different books, viz Hindi, English, Maths, Science, Sanskrit and Art. R likes Science, but stays neither on floor no. 2 nor on floor no. 5. U likes neither Sanskrit nor Hindi, but stays on floor no. 6. The one who likes Hindi does not stay below the floor of one who likeSanskrit , but stays below the floor of the one who like English. The one who like Art , stays either on floor no. 1 or on floor no. 4. P doesn't stay on an odd-numbered floor. Q, who stays on floor no. 4, is like either Hindi or Sanskrit. Either T or S like English.

Q26. If S stays on floor no. 1, then T like which of the following subject?
(a) Maths
(b) English
(c) Science
(d) Can't be determined
(e)None of these

Q27. Who among the following stays on the third floor?
(a) T
(b) Q
(c) R
(d) P
(e) None of these

Q28. Which of the following combinations is definitely true?
(a) 6 – U – Maths
(b) 1 – T – Art
(c) 5 – S – English
(d) 2 – P – Science
(e)None of these



Q29. On which floor does the student lives who like English?
(a) Floor no. 6
(b) Floor no. 3
(c) Floor no. 4
(d)Floor no. 5
(e)None of these

Q30. Q likes which of the following subject?
(a) English
(b) Sanskrit
(c) Hindi
(d) Can't be determined
(e)None of these

Directions (31-35): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
Eight students of International school P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a circular table, facing the centre. Each of them has wear different colour of shirts viz, Red, Black, White, Green, Yellow, Violet, Blue, Pink, but not necessarily in the same order.
The one who wear Red shirt sits on the immediate left of the one who wear Pink shirt. V and T are not immediate neighbours. V, who does not wear Yellow shirt, sits on the immediate right of W. P is second to the right of the one who wear Blue shirt. S wear neither Violet nor Blue shirt. There are two persons sitting between R and the one who wear Violet shirt. There is only one person between those who wear Violet and Pink shirt. T and Q are immediate neighbours. The one who wear Yellow shirt sits second to the right of U. W wears neither Red shirt nor Black shirt but he is an immediate neighbor of the one who wear Yellow shirt. The one who wear Red shirt, cannot sit with the person who wear Green shirt. P and R, who wear White shirt, can never sit together. There are two persons between the persons who wear Blue and Yellow shirt.

Q31. What is the position of W with respect to the person who wear Violet colour shirt?
(a) Third to the right
(b) Immediate left
(c) Fourth to the left
(d) Third to the left
(e) From the right

Q32. How many persons are there between R and Q?
(a) One
(b) Two
(c) Three
(d) None
(e) None of these

Q33. Who among the following sits second to the left of the one who sits opposite the person who wear Black colour shirt ?
(a) T
(b) Q
(c) U
(d) V
(e) S

Q34. Who among the following sits third to the right of S?
(a) The one who wear Yellow colour shirt
(b) The one who wear Violet colour shirt
(c) The one who wear Blue colour shirt
(d) The one who wear Red colour shirt
(e) None of these

Q35. What is the position of P with respect to V?
(a) Second to the left
(b) Third to the right
(c) Fifth to the right
(d) Can't be determined
(e) Third to the left

Directions (36-40): Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and –
Give answer
(a) If the data in statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
(b) If the data in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
(c) If the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question.
(d) If the data in both the statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
(e) If the data in both the statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

Q36. How is F related to M?
Statements:
I. F is sister of N who is mother of R.
II. M has brothers of which one is R.

Q37. On which date in March was Pravin's father's birthday?
Statements:
I. Pravin correctly remembers that his father's birthday is after 14th but before 19th March.
II. Pravin's sister correctly remembers that their father's birthday is after 17th but before 21st March.

Q38. Among M, N, T, R and D each having different age who is the youngest?
Statements:
I. N is younger than only D among them.
II. T is older than R and younger than M.

Q39. Village D is in which direction of village H?
Statements:
I. Village H is to the South of village A which is to the South-East of village D.
II. Village M is to the East of village D and to the North-East of village H.

Q40. How is 'food' written in a code language?
Statements:
I. 'Always eat good food' is written as 'ha na pa ta' in that code language.
II. 'Enjoy eating good food' is written as 'ni ha ja pa' in that code language.

Q41. Among M, N, P, Q and T each securing different marks in a subject, N secured more than only P and T. Q secured less marks than M. Who among them secured least marks?
(a) P
(b) T
(c) P or T
(d) Data inadequate
(e) None of these

Q42. How many such pairs of letters are there in a word PRODUCE each of which has as many letters between them in the word as in the English alphabet?
(a) None
(b) One
(c) Two
(d) Three
(e) More than three

Q43. How many such digits are there in the number 4251698 each of which is as far away from the beginning of the number as when the digits are arranged in ascending order?
(a) None
(b) One
(c) Two
(d) Three
(e) More than three

Q44. If it is possible to make only one meaningful word with the first, the third, the fifth and the eighth letters of the word SHAREHOLDING. Which of the following will be the second letter of that word? If no such word can be made, give 'X' as the answer and if more than one such word can be made, give 'Y' as the answer -
(a) L
(b) E
(c) S
(d) X
(e) Y

Q45. EARN is related to RANE and BOND is related to NOBE in the same way as TEAR is related to _____
(a) AERT
(b) ATRE
(c) ARET
(d) REAT
(e) None of these

Directions (46-50): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.
Eight persons, viz P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W, are sitting around a circular table, facing the centre, but not necessarily in the same order. Each one of them have a different bank accounts, like UCO Bank, Oriental Bank of Commerce, Bank of Maharashtra, Canara Bank, Syndicate Bank, Punjab National Bank, Bank of India and Dena Bank.
U sits second to the right of the person having Canara Bank Account. The Person Having Bank of India account is an immediate neighbour of the Person having Canara Bank Account. Two person sit between the Bank of India account holder and Q. R and T are immediate neighbours. Neither R nor T is an immediate neighbour of either Q or the person having Canara Bank Account. The person having Bank of Maharashtra account sits second to the right of S. S have neither Canara Bank account nor Bank of India account. V and the person having UCO Bank account are immediate neighbours. Q does not have a UCO Bank account. Only one person sits between R and the person having Oriental Bank of Commerce account.
W sits third to the left of the person having Dena Bank account. The person having Punjab National Bank account sits second to the left of the person having Syndicate Bank account.

Q46. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given arrangement and thus from a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

(a) W – UCO Bank
(b) P – Canara Bank
(c) S – Bank of Maharashtra
(d) T – Syndicate Bank
(e) U – Punjab National Bank

Q47. Which of the following is true with respect to the given seating arrangement?

(a) Q have Bank of Maharashtra account.
(b) R sits second to the right of W.
(c) The person having Dena Bank account sits on the immediate left of person having UCO Bank account.
(d) P sits second to the right of the person having of Bank of India account.
(e) The person having Bank of Maharashtra account and Syndicate Bank account are immediate neighbours.

Q48. Who among the following sit exactly between Q and the person have Bank of India account?

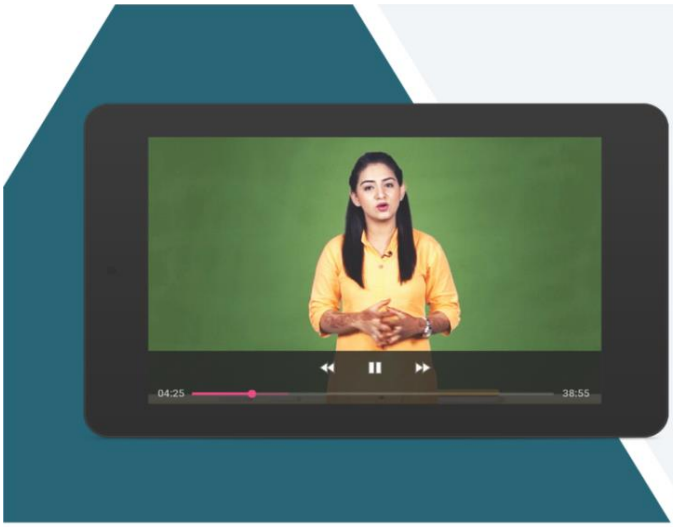
(a) P and the person have UCO Bank account
(b) U and V
(c) W and the person have Bank of Maharashtra account
(d) W and V
(e) Person having Syndicate Bank and Oriental Bank of Commerce account

Q49. Who among the following have Oriental Bank of Commerce account?

(a) P
(b) R
(c) W
(d) V
(e) S

Q50. Who amongst the following sits second to the left of Q?

(a) R
(b) W
(c) The person have Canara Bank account
(d) The person have Punjab National Bank account
(e) V



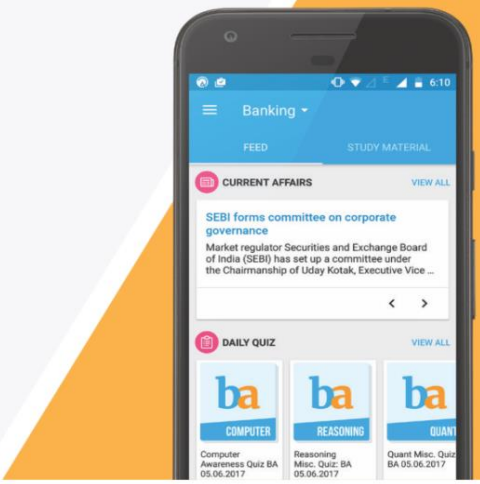
VIDEO COURSE

Compliment your classroom with Banking Video Courses

visit: videocourses.adda247.com

Study on the GO with the Adda247 App

GET IT ON Google Play



Boost your prep with Topic-wise E-books and monthly Magazines

visit: store.adda247.com

CAREER POWER™ AN IIT/IIM ALUMNI COMPANY
A unit of Adda 247

bankersadda.com
A Unit of Adda247

Adda 247
Govt. Job in Your Pocket!

sscadda.com
A Unit of Adda247

Fulfill your Dream of Government Job visit: careerpower.in