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Directions (1-5): Read the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

Eight friends A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H are seated at equal distance around a circular table. All are facing in same direction (not necessarily in the same order). Also they all are of different ages i.e. 17,15, 27, 24, 42, 32, 64, and 54 (not necessarily in the same order).

D's age is the sum of B's age and G's age. D sits second to the right of G. B's age is odd number, which is divisible by 3 and he sits opposite to D. The one who is youngest sits second place away from B. C and A both are older than D. F sits third to the right of the one who is of 15 years old. F is younger than B but his age is a non-prime number. E sits second place away from the one who is of 24 years old but doesn't sit just near to 8th oldest person. E is 22 years younger than C. A doesn't sit just near to F and B both. C doesn't sit second place away from A.

Q1. What is the age of E?

- (a) 32
- (b) 54
- (c) 64
- (d) None of these
- (e) 42

Q2. What is the position of B with respect to the one whose age is 17?

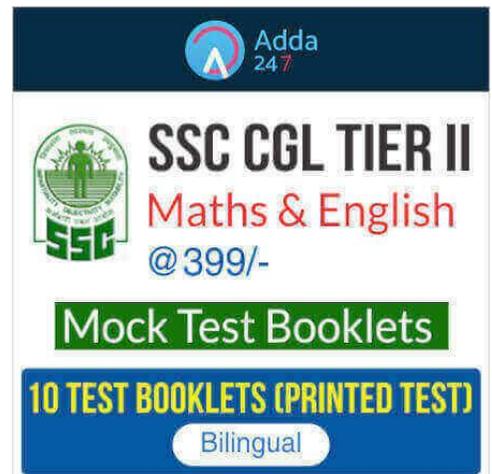
- (a) Immediate to the left
- (b) 3rd to the right
- (c) 7th to the right
- (d) Both (A) and (C)
- (e) None of these

Q3. Who among the following is youngest?

- (a) D
- (b) A
- (c) G
- (d) H
- (e) None of these

Q4. Who among the following sits exactly between the one whose age is 32 and F?

- (a) B
- (b) D
- (c) C
- (d) A
- (e) None of these



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Q5. Who among the following is 3rd oldest?

- (a) C
- (b) F
- (c) E
- (d) D
- (e) None of these

Directions (6-7): In each question below a statement/s is given followed by two courses of action numbered I and II. A course of action is a practicable and feasible step or administrative decision to be taken for follow-up, improvement, or further action in regard to the problem, policy etc. On the bases of the information given in the statement, you have to assume everything in the statement to be true and decide which of the suggested courses of action logically follow(s) for pursuing.

Give answer-

Q6. Statement:

A plethora of bodies with no single one which can be held accountable for city's development is the key reason behind its rather stagnant state.

Course of action

- I.** Each body should be given a set of duties and there should be no duplication in such allocation.
- II.** An umbrella committee should be appointed with powers to regulate actions of all other bodies.

- (a) if only I follows
- (b) if only II follows
- (c) if either I or II follows
- (d) if neither I nor II follows
- (e) if both I and II follow

Q7. Statement:

The mafia is running a parallel government in State X.

Course of action

- I.** Government must take strict action against the mafia group.
- II.** People of the state should be provided with weapons for self-defence.

- (a) if only I follows
- (b) if only II follows
- (c) if either I or II follows
- (d) if neither I nor II follows
- (e) if both I and II follow

Q8. The uniform resource locator (URL) is case sensitive in the?

- (a) Protocol
- (b) Authority
- (c) Directory
- (d) Type
- (e) None of these

Directions (9-13): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement.

Input: 30 owl 56 raise 27 egg 23 still 20 holy 15 apple.

Step I: 20 30 owl 56 raise egg 23 still holy 15 apple 27.

Step II: holy 20 30 56 raise egg 23 still 15 apple 27 owl.

Step III: 30 holy 20 56 raise egg still 15 apple 27 owl 23.

Step IV: raise 30 holy 20 56 still 15 apple 27 owl 23 egg.

Step V: 56 raise 30 holy 20 still apple 27 owl 23 egg 15.

Step VI: still 56 raise 30 holy 20 27 owl 23 egg 15 apple.

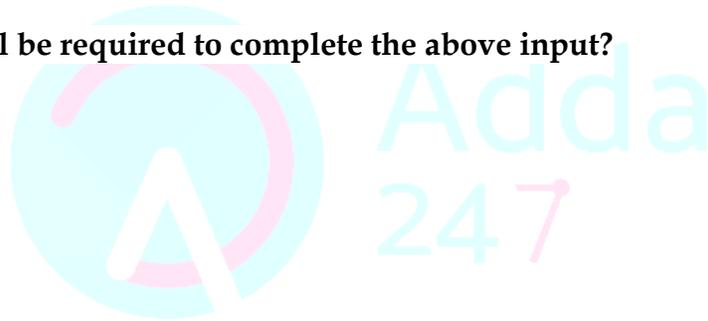
Step VI is the last step of the above arrangement.

As per the rules followed in the steps given above, find out in each of the following questions the appropriate step for the given input.

Input: call 40 37 ice land 50 25 under ape same 33 18 38 mango 21 open.

Q9. How many steps will be required to complete the above input?

- (a) Eight
- (b) Six
- (c) Five
- (d) Seven
- (e) None of these



Q10. In the seventh step of the rearrangement, 'call' is related to '38' and 'open' is related to '33' in a certain way. Which of the following would 'land' be related to, following the same pattern?

- (a) mango
- (b) ice
- (c) same
- (d) 40
- (e) 37

Q11. How many words and numbers are there between 'under' and '38' in the sixth step of the output?

- (a) Six
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) Five
- (e) Seven

Q12. In which step are the elements 'call 18 50 ape same 21' found in the same order?

- (a) Fifth
- (b) Seventh
- (c) Fourth
- (d) Sixth
- (e) There is no such step

Q13. Which of the following represents the position of '37' in the last but one step?

- (a) Ninth from the left end
- (b) Tenth from the left end
- (c) Seventh from the right end
- (d) Sixth from the right end
- (e) Both (B) and (C)



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Directions (14-18): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

In a restaurant, eight persons i.e. B, M, T, J, S, V, P and K are sitting around a square table and facing towards centre. Four persons sit at corner and four persons sit at middle of the square of the table. All the friends are of different ages but below 50 years old. The ages of the one who sit at the middle of square table is of multiple of 3 and the one who sit at the corner is of multiple of 2. The one whose age is 9 years old sits 2nd right of J. There are two persons sit between the one whose age is 9 years and T whose age is not of multiple of 10. The one whose age is 27 years old sits immediate left of T and the difference of ages of the one who is of 27 years old and the one who sits immediate right of the B is 6 years. The one whose age is 48 years old sits 2nd left of B. B sits immediate right of V whose age is of multiple of 3. M sits immediate right of P. The addition of ages of J and S is 72 years old. There are three persons sit between P and K whose age is of multiple of 2. The one whose age is 24 years old sits 2nd left of the one whose age is 40 years old. The addition of the ages of the one who sits immediate right of K and the one who sits 3rd right of S is 37 years.

Q14. Who among the following is of 21 years old?

- (a) V
- (b) J
- (c) M
- (d) S
- (e) No one

Q15. Who sits 2nd right of the one who sits immediate left of the one whose age is 24 years old?

- (a) B
- (b) S
- (c) T
- (d) M
- (e) J

Q16. How many persons sit between the one who is of 9 years old and the one who is of 27 years old?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) More than three
- (e) None of these

Q17. Who among the following sits diagonally opposite to B?

- (a) P
- (b) M
- (c) T
- (d) V
- (e) K

Q18. Who among the following sits immediate right of J?

- (a) B
- (b) T
- (c) V
- (d) M
- (e) K

Q19. Where does most data go first with in a computer memory hierarchy?

- (a) RAM
- (b) ROM
- (c) BIOS
- (d) CACHE
- (e) None of these

Q20. Computer uses the _____ number system to store data and perform calculations?

- (a) Binary
- (b) octal
- (c) Decimal
- (d) Hexadecimal
- (e) None of these

Directions (21-23): In each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and Give answer-

Q21. How is T related to K?

I. K is the only daughter of L and J.

II. R's sister J has married to T's brother L, who is the only son of his parents.

- (a) If the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (b) If the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) If the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question
- (d) If the data given in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) If the data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

Q22. How is M related to N?

I. P, who has only two kids M and N, is the mother-in-law of Q, who is sister-in-law of N.

II. R, the sister-in-law of M, is the daughter-in-law of S, who has only two kids M and N.

- (a) If the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (b) If the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) If the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question
- (d) If the data given in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) If the data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

Q23. Which train did Sailesh catch to go to office?

I. Sailesh did not catch the 10.40 a.m. train or any train after that time.

II. Sailesh missed his usual train of 10.25 a.m. A train comes in every 5 minutes.

- (a) If the data in statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (b) If the data in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) If the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question
- (d) If the data given in both statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) If the data in both statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

Directions (24-28): Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

In a certain code language,

'water earth fixing food' is coded as 'id5 tu6 sv5 wu4'

'award no using great' is coded as 'lm2 tf5 gt5 wz5'

'greatest word likely wastage' is coded as 'wd4 bo6 gt8 vd7'

Q24. Which of the following is the code for 'working'?

- (a) dl5
- (b) td7
- (c) ot7
- (d) dt5
- (e) None of these

Q25. Which of the following word is coded as 'vi5'?

- (a) tree
- (b) rainbow
- (c) level
- (d) rouge
- (e) tough

Q26. What will be the code of 'word orange'?

- (a) lv6 dw4
- (b) wd6 vl4
- (c) wd4 vl6
- (d) vi6 dw4
- (e) None of these

Q27. Which of the following code is coded for 'Earth'?

- (a) sv5
- (b) zg5
- (c) no5
- (d) hf5
- (e) None of these

Q28. What will be the code of 'Mango'?

- (a) nl5
- (b) ol5
- (c) gh6
- (d) ln5
- (e) None of these

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Directions (29-33): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons, A, B, C, D, E, F, G, and H are sitting in a straight line (but not necessarily in the same order). Three of them are facing south and rests are facing north direction. They all have their lucky numbers i.e. 12, 13, 37, 47, 52, 17, 25, and 18 (not necessarily in same order).

F sits right of C. E's lucky number is a prime number. G and E face opposite direction. C's lucky number is average of E's lucky number and F's lucky number. B sits third from the extreme end of the row. H's lucky number is at least less than two numbers among all the given numbers. C doesn't face north direction. G is an immediate neighbor of C and E both. B faces south direction. B's lucky number is less than G's lucky number but greater than H's lucky number. D sits 2nd to the right of G. C sits immediate left of B. H sits 3rd right of C. The one, who sit at corner, has lucky number is a prime number. All the friends who sit left of D, those lucky numbers are less than the lucky number of D. E's lucky number is greater than at least three numbers among all the given numbers. The one whose lucky number is 17 doesn't sit, immediate right of D and immediate left of F.

Q29. Who among the following is second to the left of the one whose lucky number is 52?

- (a) The one whose lucky number is 13
- (b) Both (C) and (E)
- (c) G
- (d) None of these
- (e) The one whose lucky number is 18

Q30. What is the lucky number of C?

- (a) 12
- (b) 47
- (c) 37
- (d) 25
- (e) None of these

Q31. Who among the following sits third to the right of the one whose lucky number is 25?

- (a) B
- (b) C
- (c) A
- (d) H
- (e) None of these

Q32. What is the position of F with respect to the one whose lucky number is 37?

- (a) Second to the left
- (b) Third to the left
- (c) Second to the right
- (d) Fourth to the right
- (e) None of these

Q33. C faces in which direction?

- (a) North
- (b) South
- (c) Same as D faces
- (d) Both (A) and (C) are true
- (e) None is true

Directions (34-36): Below in each question are given two statements (A) and (B).

These statements may be either independent causes or may be effects of independent causes or a common cause. One of these statements may be the effect of the other statement. Read both the statements and decide which of the following answer choice correctly depicts the relationship between these two statements.

Given answer-

Q34. (A) India has clinched the gold medal and the trophy in hockey championship defeating Australia.

(B) Mr Dato Mustafa has given out the trophy to the winners.

- (a) if statement (A) is the effect and statement (B) is its immediate cause
- (b) if statement (A) is the immediate cause and statement (B) is its effect
- (c) if statement (A) is the effect but statement (B) is not its immediate cause
- (d) if statement (B) is the effect but statement (A) is not its immediate cause
- (e) if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent cause

Q35. (A) the Bar Council of India (BCI) has ordered all evening law colleges in the country to close down from the coming academic session.

(B) the standard of education in evening law colleges was found in the state of deterioration.

- (a) if statement (A) is the effect and statement (B) is its immediate cause
- (b) if statement (A) is the immediate cause and statement (B) is its effect
- (c) if statement (A) is the effect but statement (B) is not its immediate cause
- (d) if statement (B) is the effect but statement (A) is not its immediate cause
- (e) if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent cause

Q36. (A) The finance ministry has imposed additional taxation.

(B) The fiscal deficit of the country has been reduced.

- (a) if statement (A) is the effect and statement (B) is its immediate cause
- (b) if statement (A) is the immediate cause and statement (B) is its effect
- (c) if statement (A) is the effect but statement (B) is not its immediate cause
- (d) if statement (B) is the effect but statement (A) is not its immediate cause
- (e) if both the statements (A) and (B) are independent cause

Q37. Memory unit is a part of _____?

- (a) Input Device
- (b) Control Unit
- (c) Output Device
- (d) Central Processing Unit
- (e) None of these

Directions (38-42): In each question below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer-

Q38. Statements:

All bricks are stones.
Some stones are rocks.
All rocks are mountains.

Conclusion:

- I. Some mountains can never bricks.
 - II. All stones can be mountains.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
 - (b) If only conclusion II follows.
 - (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
 - (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
 - (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q39. Statements:

Some radios are telephones.
All telephones are mirrors.
All mirrors are desks.

Conclusion:

- I. Some radios can be mirrors.
 - II. All desks can never be telephones.
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
 - (b) If only conclusion II follows.
 - (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
 - (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
 - (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

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Q40. Statements:

All furniture are jungles.

No jungle is a road.

Some roads are hills.

Conclusion:

I. Some hills can not be jungles.

II. No hill is a jungle.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q41. Statements:

All windows are boats.

All boats are doors.

All doors are buildings.

Conclusion:

I. All boats can not be buildings.

II. All doors can never be windows.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q42. Statements:

All houses are wheels.

Some wheels are trees.

No tree is a plant.

Conclusion:

I. No house is a plant.

II. All wheels can never be plant.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either conclusion I or II follows.

(d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

(e) If both conclusions I and II follow.



Q43. Cell phones use _____ to access the Internet?

- (a) MMS technology
- (b) a notation system
- (c) micro browser software
- (d) HTML language
- (e) None of these

Directions (44-48): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

There are seven persons, A, B, C, D, E, F and G and they like different colours viz. Red, Green, Yellow, Blue, Pink, Brown, and Black (not necessarily in same order). Also they are from different states viz. UP, MP, AP, HP, Bihar, WB and Uttarakhand, but not necessarily in the same order. They all go for a vacation on different days from Monday to Sunday (not necessarily in same order).

The one, who likes yellow colour, doesn't go on Tuesday and Sunday. A is neither from HP nor from MP. G likes black colour. Either C or D is from AP. The one who likes brown colour goes on Friday. The one who is from Bihar goes on Thursday. B is from UP and F likes pink color. The one who is from HP likes blue colour. D and C both are not from HP. E doesn't go on Tuesday. The one, who is from MP likes red colour. The one who is from Uttarakhand doesn't like black and pink colour. The one who is from Uttarakhand doesn't like brown and yellow colour. C and D don't like brown colour. F is not from WB. D doesn't like yellow colour but goes on Monday. The one who likes green colour goes on Saturday.

Q44. F is from which of the following state and goes for vacation on which day?

- (a) MP, Wednesday
- (b) AP, Thursday
- (c) Bihar, Wednesday
- (d) Bihar, Thursday
- (e) None of these

Q45. The one who likes red colour is from which of the following state?

- (a) Uttarakhand
- (b) MP
- (c) Bihar
- (d) AP
- (e) None of these

Q46. Who among the following likes yellow colour?

- (a) D
- (b) A
- (c) G
- (d) C
- (e) None of these

Q47. Which of the following statements is true?

- (a) C likes red colour
- (b) B likes yellow colour
- (c) E goes for a vacation on Sunday
- (d) G likes yellow colour
- (e) G goes for a vacation on Sunday

Q48. D likes which of the following colour?

- (a) Red
- (b) Pink
- (c) Yellow
- (d) Black
- (e) None of these

Q49. In a class, A is 6th from the top and B is 18th from the bottom. C is 14 ranks below A and 16 ranks above B. How many students are there in the class?

- (a) 53
- (b) 54
- (c) 52
- (d) 50
- (e) None of these

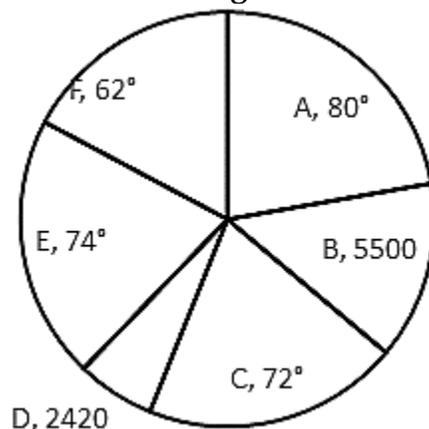
Q50. In a certain code language, the word 'INCUMBENT' is written as 'TCNBMUNEI'. How will the word 'PUBLISHED' be written in that language?

- (a) DUBSILEHP
- (b) DBULISEHP
- (c) DUBILSEHP
- (d) DBUSILEHP
- (e) None of these

Directions (51-55): The pie chart given below shows the distribution of number of literate persons in six villages in terms of absolute value or degree measures.

The table shows the value of percentage by which illiterate persons are more or less than literate persons.

Note: Difference between degree measure of village B and D is 28°.



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Villages	Percentage by which illiterates are more or less than literates
A	$13\frac{7}{11}\%$ more
B	$9\frac{1}{11}\%$ less
C	25% more
D	$18\frac{2}{11}\%$ more
E	25% less
F	$18\frac{2}{11}\%$ more

Q51. Find the total number of illiterate persons in village B and E together?

- (a) 11150
- (b) 10105
- (c) 11105
- (d) 11050
- (e) 10050

Q52. Illiterate persons of village A are what percent (approximate) of total literate persons of all villages together?

- (a) 25.3%
- (b) 23.5%
- (c) 24.6%
- (d) 22.4%
- (e) 28.6%

Q53. Find the ratio of total literate persons of villages A and D together and these of villages F and B together?

- (a) 65 : 51
- (b) 51 : 76
- (c) 56 : 51
- (d) 51 : 56
- (e) None of these

Q54. If $\frac{15}{26}$ th of total illiterate persons in village F are males while $\frac{13}{22}$ th of total literate persons in same village are males, then find the total number of males in village F.

- (a) 5870
- (b) 8680
- (c) 6860
- (d) 8750
- (e) 8570

Q55. What is the average (in terms of degree measures) of the contribution of literate persons of villages B, C, D and E together?

- (a) 55.4°
- (b) 56.8°
- (c) 54.5°
- (d) 52.5°
- (e) None of these

Q56. A, B and C enter into a partnership and invested some amount. After one year A double its investment, B increase its investment by $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ and C increase its investment by 20%. In the third year A and B withdraw their investments and D joins the partnership with C. After three year they got profit in the ratio of 12 : 14 : 17 : 8 (A : B : C : D). If difference between initial investment of B and C is 1150. Then Find out the total initial investment made by A and D together?

- (a) 12100
- (b) 14400
- (c) 13800
- (d) 15000
- (e) None of these

Q57. X and Y together can do a work in 10 days. Z can destroy the same work in 28 days. X and Y started the work and work for 12 days simultaneously Z started destroying the work for 12 days. After that X and Z leave and Y complete the remaining work in 4 days in how many days X alone can complete the same work.

- (a) $23\frac{2}{3}$ days
- (b) 23 days
- (c) 20 days
- (d) 15 days
- (e) $23\frac{1}{3}$ days

Q58. A shopkeeper sold an article at a 10% discount at mark price. He found that he earns a profit of $16\frac{2}{3}\%$ but instead of calculating profit on cost price he calculates it on the sum of cost price and selling price. If cost price of article is 1350 then find out the mark price.

- (a) 2100
- (b) 2300
- (c) 1890
- (d) 1500
- (e) None of these

Q59. A boat travel 75 km downstream and take same time as it travel 60 km in upstream. Speed of boat in downstream is what percent of the speed of boat in still water.

- (a) $111\frac{1}{9}\%$
- (b) $112\frac{1}{2}\%$
- (c) 113%
- (d) 140%
- (e) None of these

Q60. Interest earn on a amount at 11% rate in simple interest for 4 years equal to the interest earn when same amount invested at some interest in a scheme with C.I. for 2 years. If Interest earn in C.I. for 3 years is 10920 then find out the initial amount invested.

- (a) 9200
- (b) 10500
- (c) 15000
- (d) 11000
- (e) None of these

Directions (61-65): What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following number series?

Q61. 461, 474, 465, 478, 469, ?

- (a) 460
- (b) 482
- (c) 456
- (d) 478
- (e) None of these

Q62. 18, 27, 9, 36, 0, ?

- (a) 27
- (b) 36
- (c) 45
- (d) 54
- (e) 63

Q63. 482, 243, ?, 25, 10

- (a) 75
- (b) 78
- (c) 80
- (d) 81
- (e) 84



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Q64. 620, 632, 608, 644, 596, ?

- (a) 536
- (b) 556
- (c) 656
- (d) 646
- (e) None of these

Q65. 120, 320, ?, 2070, 5195, 13007.5

- (a) 800
- (b) 920
- (c) 850
- (d) 900
- (e) None of these

Q66. Three container (A, B and C) have capacity in the ratio of 6 : 8 : 7 respectively. These three container are pour with three type of liquid X, Y and Z in the ratio 2 : 3 : 1 (in A), 1 : 2 : 5 (in B) and 3 : 1 : 3 (in C) respectively. Equal quantity of mixture is taken out from these containers and poured in container D. Quantity of liquid Y is $\frac{1}{8}$ liter more than quantity of liquid X in container D. Find out the quantity taken out from each container.

- (a) 24
- (b) 35
- (c) 21
- (d) 20
- (e) none of these

Q67. A bus (X) start its journey from P to Q simultaneously another bus (Y) start from Q to P they reach their respective destination after 3 hour. Bus X travel with a speed of 40 km/hr in first hour 50 km/hr in second hour and 60 km/hr in 3rd hour. Bus Y travel with a speed of 60 km/hr in first hour, 40 km/hr in second and 50 km/hr in last hour. Find out the distance between Q and the point where the buses cross each other.

- (a) 87
- (b) 88
- (c) 89
- (d) $82\frac{2}{9}$
- (e) $87\frac{7}{9}$

Q68. Dinesh and Pankaj gives two type of exam (NET & GATE). Average marks obtained by Dinesh and Pankaj in Net exam is 60 and average marks got by them in GATE is $32\frac{1}{2}$ If Pankaj score the double marks in NET exam as compare to GATE exam and Dinesh scored $66\frac{2}{3}\%$ marks more in NET as compare to his GATE marks then find out the difference between the marks obtained by Dinesh in both exam to marks obtained by Pankaj in both exam.

- (a) 20
- (b) 24
- (c) 23
- (d) 25
- (e) 28

Q69. Two inlet pipes can fill a tank in 10 hours and 3 outlet pipes of same capacity can empty the same tank in 40 hours. Find out the outlet pipes require to maintain the constant level of water if only two inlet pipes are used?

- (a) 9
- (b) 12
- (c) 15
- (d) 8
- (e) None of these

Q70. A shopkeeper has 2 types of Rice. Type 1 of Rice is 20% costlier than type 2. He mixed these two types of Rice in some ratio and mark the price of mixture 10% above the cost price of type 2. On selling the whole mixture he earns a profit of $100/43\%$. Find out the ratio in which type 1 and type 2 Rice are mixed?

- (a) 3 : 5
- (b) 2 : 5
- (c) 5 : 7
- (d) 3 : 4
- (e) None of these

Q71. B is thrice as efficient as C. B and C can compete a work together in $45/2$ days. A takes 50% more days than the days taken by A and B to complete the same work together.

Quantity 1: No. of days taken by fastest among them to complete the work alone.

Quantity 2: Time taken by A and C to complete the work together.

- (a) Quantity I > Quantity II
- (b) Quantity I < Quantity II
- (c) Quantity I \geq Quantity II
- (d) Quantity I \leq Quantity II
- (e) Quantity I = Quantity II or No relation

Q72. Quantity I → The profit earned by selling an item (in Rs) if the difference b/w the SP and the CP is $117\frac{2}{3}\%$ of 600.

Quantity II → The cost price of an article (in Rs) if the selling price of the article is 1000 Rs and he got 25% profit after selling the item.

- (a) Quantity I > Quantity II
- (b) Quantity I < Quantity II
- (c) Quantity I \geq Quantity II
- (d) Quantity I = Quantity II
- (e) No relation

Q73. Quantity I = $-21x^3y^3$, **Quantity II** = $11x^4y^3$, if $x > 0$ & $y < 0$

- (a) Quantity I > Quantity II
- (b) Quantity I < Quantity II
- (c) Quantity I \leq Quantity II
- (d) Quantity I = Quantity II or No relation
- (e) Quantity I \geq Quantity II

Q74. The largest possible right circular cylinder is cut out from a wooden cube of edge 7 cm.

Quantity I: volume of the cube left over after cutting out the cylinder

Quantity II: Surface area of cube remained after cutting out the cylinder.

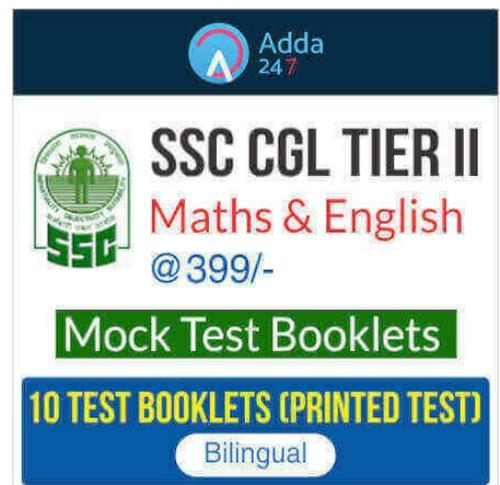
Note: compare the magnitudes of both quantities.

- (a) Quantity I > Quantity II
- (b) Quantity I < Quantity II
- (c) Quantity I \geq Quantity II
- (d) Quantity I \leq Quantity II
- (e) Quantity I = Quantity II or No relation

Q75. Quantity 1: difference between the largest and the smallest sum. A sum of Rs. 1440 is lent out in three parts in such a way that the interests on first part at 2% for 3 years, second part at 3% for 4 years and third part at 4% for 5 years are equal.

Quantity 2: 460

- (a) Quantity I > Quantity II
- (b) Quantity I < Quantity II
- (c) Quantity I \geq Quantity II
- (d) Quantity I \leq Quantity II
- (e) Quantity I = Quantity II or No relation



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Directions (76-80): The table given below shows the percentage distribution of number of students from 5 different classes of a school who failed in various subjects in yearly examination held in December of 2016.

Classes	failed in 1 subject	failed in 2 subjects	failed in 3 subjects	failed in 4 subjects	failed in 5 subjects	failed in 6 subjects
Class V	25	15	22	12	—	18
Class VI	16	25	18	—	—	—
Class VII	—	—	14	20	22	16
Class VIII	—	—	12	20	25	15
Class IX	15	22	10	—	24	14

NOTE: The examination constituted of 6 subjects only.

Q76. If the number of students who failed in atleast 3 subject in class VII and VIII are 36 and 72 respectively, then find the average number of students who failed in atleast 2 subject from both classes together?

- (a) 21
- (b) 14
- (c) 28
- (d) 18
- (e) 22



Q77. If in class IX, 94 students were failed in atleast 3 subjects and were 14 less than the number of students in class VII who were failed in atleast 3 subject, then find the ratio of total failed students in class VII to those in class IX.

- (a) 3 : 5
- (b) 4 : 3
- (c) 3 : 4
- (d) 2 : 3
- (e) None of these

Q78. Find the difference in the number of students of class V who were failed in atleast 5 subject and those in atleast 3 subjects if the difference in the number of students who failed in 1 subject and 6 subjects is 21.

- (a) 65
- (b) 68
- (c) 66
- (d) 72
- (e) None of these

Q79. In which class is the number of students who failed in atmost 3 subjects 2nd minimum if 200 students failed in each class.

- (a) VIth
- (b) IXth
- (c) VIIIth
- (d) VIIth
- (e) None of these

Q80. If it was found that number of students failed in atmost 2 subjects in class V is same as these who failed in atmost 2 subjects in class VIII and also, 50 students failed in 5 subjects in class VIII, then find total number of students failed in class V.

- (a) 156
- (b) 140
- (c) 138
- (d) 145
- (e) 142

Q81. A train which have 6 coaches and one engine is formed from 15 coaches and 2 engines. The train should have 4 AC coaches out 6 AC coaches. Find out the number of way to form the train.

- (a) 1540
- (b) 1200
- (c) 1080
- (d) 1008
- (e) 1440



Q82. Sadab have 3 boxes and 3 types of balls (Green, Red and blue). Total number of Green balls are 24 and total number of Red balls are double the total number of blue balls, then put Green balls in box 1, box 2 and box 3 in ratio of 1 : 2 : 5, and Red and Blue balls both in 2 : 4 : 3 respectively. He has to choose one Green ball from either of the box. Find out its probability if red balls are 600/17% of the total number of balls.

- (a) 31/72
- (b) 42/97
- (c) 23/49
- (d) 33/56
- (e) none of these

Q83. A train crosses a pole in 24 sec. A second train of same length crosses a platform in 30 s with a speed 20% more than the first train. Find out the ratio of length of train and length of platform.

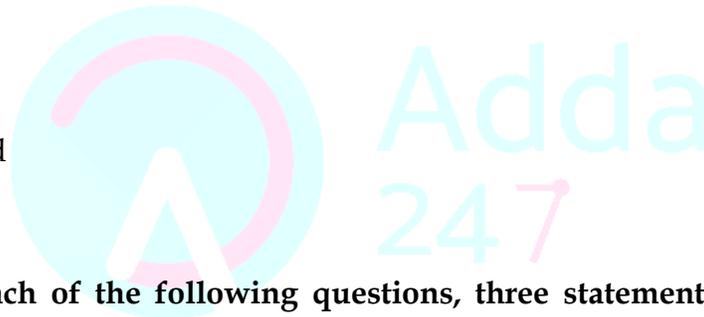
- (a) 2 : 1
- (b) 3 : 1
- (c) 2 : 3
- (d) 3 : 2
- (e) 1 : 2

Q84. In a company votes are polled for the post of manager. Two candidates participated in the election and Other than these two candidates vote of every employee of the office is count. 10% of employees are absent due to which they could not cast their vote. 10% of the polled votes are invalid. The winner candidates win by a single vote. What could be the minimum value of the total number of employee in the company.

- (a) 102
- (b) 100
- (c) 81
- (d) 90
- (e) none of these

Q85. Average age of a couple at the time of their marriage is 26. After 4 year the average age of couple and their 2 children is 16 years. Find out the age of their children given take their children are not twins.

- (a) 1 yrs, 3 yrs
- (b) 2 yrs, 3 yrs
- (c) 1.5 yrs, 2.5 yrs
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these



Directions (86-90): In each of the following questions, three statements are given, you have to determine that which statement/statements is/are necessary to answer the question.

Q86. A sum of money Rs 2550 is to be distributed among A, B and C. What will be the share of B?

- A. A's share is 1.5 times B's share,
 - B. C's share is half the share of A and B together.
 - C. The share of A is Rs 340 more than B.
- (a) Either A and B together or A and C together are sufficient
 - (b) Only A and B together are sufficient
 - (c) Only A and C together are sufficient
 - (d) All statements are required
 - (e) Any 2 of the 3 statements are sufficient

Q87. 40 students sit in rows and columns. How many students are seated in each column?

- A. The number of rows is 62.50% of the number of columns.
- B. The number of rows is $\frac{5}{8}$ of the number of columns.
- C. The number of rows is less than the number of columns.

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- (a) Only A
- (b) C and either A or B
- (c) Only B
- (d) Either A or B
- (e) All the statements are required

Q88. A boat takes 2 hours to travel from point A to B in still water. To find out the speed upstream, which of the following information is/are required?

- A. Distance between point A and B.
 - B. Time taken to travel downstream from B to A.
 - C. Speed of the stream of water.
- (a) All are required
 - (b) Any one pair of A and B, B and C or C and A is sufficient.
 - (c) Only A and B
 - (d) Only A and C
 - (e) None of these

Q89. What is the price of a chair?

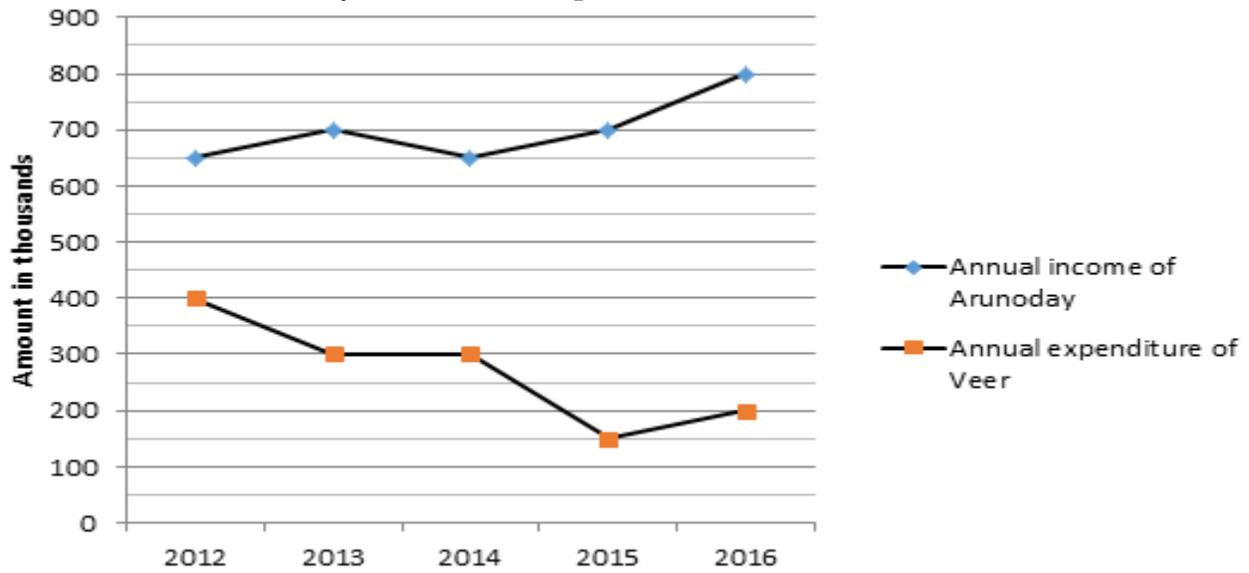
- A. The price of three tables is equal to the price of seven chairs.
 - B. The difference between the price of a table and that of a chair is Rs 900.
 - C. The price of one table is $133\frac{1}{3}\%$ more than the price of one chair.
- (a) Only A and B together are sufficient
 - (b) Only A and C together are sufficient
 - (c) All together are necessary
 - (d) B and either A or C together are sufficient
 - (e) Even all A, B and C together are not sufficient

Q90. A bag contains balls of only three different colors i.e.; red, yellow and green. 3 balls are drawn randomly. What is the probability that the balls drawn are of three different colors?

- A. The no. of yellow balls is two more than the no. of red balls.
 - B. The Sum of the no. of yellow and green balls is three times the no. of red balls.
 - C. The ratio of the no. of red balls to that of green balls is 3 : 4.
- (a) A and either B or C
 - (b) Any two of them
 - (c) Only A and C together
 - (d) Question can't be answered even after using all the information
 - (e) All statements are required

Directions (91-95): Study the following graph and table carefully to answer the questions given below.

The annual income of Arunoday and Annual expenditure of Veer in tonnes from 2012-2016



The table given below represents the respective ratio of the annual income of Veer and (Arunoday + Veer) and the respective ratio of the annual expenditure of Arunoday and (Arunoday + Veer)

Year	Annual Income	Annual Expenditure
2012	4 : 9	3 : 5
2013	4 : 11	2 : 5
2014	3 : 8	4 : 7
2015	2 : 9	5 : 8
2016	3 : 11	3 : 5

Note: Annual income = Annual expenditure + Annual saving

Q91. Find the difference (in thousands) in the average of annual savings of Arunoday in years 2012 and 2016 together and that of Veer in same two years together?

- (a) 160
- (b) 165
- (c) 155
- (d) 175
- (e) 150

Q92. Find the ratio of annual income of Veer in 2013 and 2015 together and annual expenditure of Arunoday in 2014 and 2016 together.

- (a) 6 : 11
- (b) 5 : 7
- (c) 3 : 7
- (d) 6 : 7
- (e) None of these

Q93. Annual saving of Veer in 2015 and 2016 together is approximately what percent more or less than that of Arunoday in 2013 and 2016 together?

- (a) 82%
- (b) 88%
- (c) 85%
- (d) 90%
- (e) 86%

Q94. In 2017, Annual saving of Arunoday decreased by 12% while that of Veer increased by 15% as compared to that in 2016. Find their total expenditure in 2017 if their annual income in 2017 was same as in 2014?

- (a) 485 thousand
- (b) 495 thousand
- (c) 478 thousand
- (d) 458 thousand
- (e) None of these

Q95. Find the average value (in thousand) of expenditure of Arunoday in 2015, saving of Veer in 2016 and income of Veer in 2013.

- (a) 755
- (b) 765
- (c) 705
- (d) 760
- (e) None of these

Q96. Satish's age is 4 times the present age of his son's age. After 4 year the age of satish become 3 time the age of his son's age. If Satish's wife age is $\frac{7}{8}$ of his age then find out the average of present age of Satish's wife and his son.

- (a) 18
- (b) 20
- (c) 14
- (d) 16
- (e) None of these

Q97. A tank can be filled with water by two pipes A and B together in 36 minutes. If the pipe B was closed after 30 minutes, the tank is filled in 40 minutes. The pipe B can alone fill the tank in?

- (a) 45 minutes
- (b) 60 minutes
- (c) 75 minutes
- (d) 90 minutes
- (e) None of these





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Q98. Find the probability of selecting a face card from a well shuffled pack of card given that 2 additional Joker card also counts as a face card.

- (a) $7/26$
- (b) $14/27$
- (c) $7/27$
- (d) $7/52$
- (e) None of these

Q99. In how much time a train can cover a distance of 600 km if speed of train is 25% more than the speed of car and speed of car is 20 % more than the speed of a truck which cover 640 km in 20 hours in which he takes 40 minute break after every 100 km.

- (a) 9 hours
- (b) 8 hours 20 mins
- (c) 10 hours
- (d) 8 hours
- (e) None of these

Q100. A dishonest shopkeeper mark up the price by 25% and cheat in the measuring the weight 900 gm instead of 1 kg find out the profit% if he gave a discount of 10% per kg.

- (a) 20%
- (b) 12.5%
- (c) 18%
- (d) 25%
- (e) None of these

Directions (101-107): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Throughout human history the leading causes of death have been infection and trauma. Modern medicine has scored significant victories against both, and the major causes of ill health and death are now the chronic degenerative diseases, such as coronary artery disease, arthritis, osteoporosis, Alzheimer's, macular degeneration, cataract and cancer. These have a long latency period before symptoms appear and a diagnosis is made. It follows that the majority of apparently healthy people are pre-ill.

But are these conditions **inevitably** degenerative? A truly preventive medicine that focused on the pre-ill, analysing the metabolic errors which lead to clinical illness, might be able to correct them before the first symptom. Genetic risk factors are known for all the chronic degenerative diseases, and are important to the individuals who possess them. At the population level, however, migration studies confirm that these illnesses are linked for the most part to lifestyle factors – exercise, smoking and nutrition. Nutrition is the easiest of these to change, and the most versatile tool for affecting the metabolic changes needed to tilt the balance away from disease.

Many national surveys reveal that malnutrition is common in developed countries. This is not the calorie and/or micronutrient deficiency associated with developing nations (Type A malnutrition); but multiple micronutrient depletion, usually combined with calorific balance or excess (Type B malnutrition). The incidence and severity of Type B malnutrition will be shown to be worse if newer micronutrient groups such as the essential fatty acids, xanthophylls and flavonoids are included in the surveys. Commonly ingested levels of these micronutrients seem to be far too low in many developed countries.

There is now considerable evidence that Type B malnutrition is a major cause of chronic degenerative diseases. If this is the case, then it is logical to treat such diseases not with drugs but with multiple micronutrient repletion, or 'pharmaco-nutrition'. This can take the form of pills and capsules – 'nutraceuticals', or food formats known as 'functional foods'. This approach has been neglected hitherto because it is relatively unprofitable for drug companies – the products are hard to patent – and it is a strategy which does not sit easily with modern medical interventionism. Over the last 100 years, the drug industry has invested huge sums in developing a range of **subtle** and powerful drugs to treat the many diseases we are subject to. Medical training is couched in pharmaceutical terms and this approach has provided us with an exceptional range of therapeutic tools in the treatment of disease and in acute medical emergencies. However, the pharmaceutical model has also created an unhealthy dependency culture, in which relatively few of us accept responsibility for maintaining our own health. Instead, we have handed over this responsibility to health professionals who know very little about health maintenance, or disease prevention.

One problem for supporters of this argument is lack of the right kind of hard evidence. We have a wealth of epidemiological data linking dietary factors to health profiles / disease risks, and a great deal of information on mechanism: how food factors interact with our biochemistry. But almost all intervention studies with micronutrients, with the notable exception of the omega 3 fatty acids, have so far produced conflicting or negative results. In other words, our science appears to have no predictive value. Does this **invalidate** the science? Or are we simply asking the wrong questions?

Based on pharmaceutical thinking, most intervention studies have attempted to measure the impact of a single micronutrient on the incidence of disease. The classical approach says that if you give a compound formula to test subjects and obtain positive results, you cannot know which ingredient is exerting the benefit, so you must test each ingredient individually. But in the field of nutrition, this does not work. Each intervention on its own will hardly make enough difference to be measured. The best therapeutic response must therefore combine micronutrients to normalise our internal physiology. So do we need to analyse each individual's nutritional status and then tailor a formula specifically for him or her? While we do not have the resources to analyse millions of individual cases, there is no need to do so. The vast majority of people are consuming suboptimal amounts of most micronutrients, and most of the micronutrients concerned are very safe.

Accordingly, a comprehensive and universal program of micronutrient support is probably the most cost-effective and safest way of improving the general health of the nation.

Q101. Type-B malnutrition is a serious concern in developed countries because

- (a) developing countries mainly suffer from Type-A malnutrition.
- (b) it is a major contributor to illness and death.
- (c) pharmaceutical companies are not producing drugs to treat this condition.
- (d) national surveys on malnutrition do not include newer micronutrient groups.
- (e) None of these

Q102. Why are a large number of apparently healthy people deemed pre-ill?

- (a) They may have chronic degenerative diseases.
- (b) They do not know their own genetic risk factors which predispose them to diseases.
- (c) They suffer from Type-B malnutrition.
- (d) There is a lengthy latency period associated with chronically degenerative diseases.
- (e) All of the above

Q103. The author recommends micronutrient-repletion for large-scale treatment of chronic degenerative diseases because

- (a) it is relatively easy to manage.
- (b) micronutrient deficiency is the cause of these diseases.
- (c) it can overcome genetic risk factors.
- (d) it can compensate for other lifestyle factors.
- (e) All of the above.

Q104. Tailoring micronutrient-based treatment plans to suit individual deficiency profiles is not necessary because

- (a) it very likely to give inconsistent or negative results.
- (b) it is a classic pharmaceutical approach not suited to micronutrients.
- (c) most people are consuming suboptimal amounts of safe-to-consume micronutrients.
- (d) it is not cost effective to do so.
- (e) None of these

Directions (105-106): Choose the word which is most nearly the same in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Q105. Subtle

- (a) abject
- (b) tenuous
- (c) adamant
- (d) emulate
- (e) Travesty



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Q106. Invalidate

- (a) servile
- (b) Inane
- (c) equivocal
- (d) hapless
- (e) refute

Directions (107): Choose the word which is most opposite in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Q107. Inevitable

- (a) bereft
- (b) avertable
- (c) Amenable
- (d) callous
- (e) alacrity

Directions (108-115): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

Fifty feet away three male lions lay by the road. They didn't appear to have a hair on their heads. Noting the color of their noses (leonine noses darken as they age, from pink to black), Craig estimated that they were six years old – young adults. "This is wonderful!" he said, after staring at them for several moments. "This is what we came to see. They really are maneless." Craig, a professor at the University of Minnesota, is arguably the leading expert on the majestic Serengeti lion, whose head is mantled in long, thick hair. He and Peyton West, a doctoral student who has been working with him in Tanzania, had never seen the Tsavo lions that live some 200 miles east of the Serengeti. The scientists had partly suspected that the maneless males were adolescents mistaken for adults by amateur observers. Now they knew better.

The Tsavo research expedition was mostly Peyton's show. She had spent several years in Tanzania, compiling the data she needed to answer a question that ought to have been answered long ago: Why do lions have manes? It's the only cat, wild or domestic, that displays such ornamentation. In Tsavo she was attacking the riddle from the opposite angle. Why do its lions not have manes? (Some "maneless" lions in Tsavo East do have partial manes, but they rarely attain the regal glory of the Serengeti lions.) Does environmental adaptation account for the trait? Are the lions of Tsavo, as some people believe, a distinct subspecies of their Serengeti cousins?

The Serengeti lions have been under continuous observation for more than 35 years, beginning with George Schaller's pioneering work in the 1960s. But the lions in Tsavo, Kenya's oldest and largest

protected ecosystem, have hardly been studied. Consequently, legends have grown up around them. Not only do they look different, according to the myths, they behave differently, displaying greater cunning and aggressiveness. "Remember too," Kenya: The Rough Guide warns, "Tsavo's lions have a reputation of **ferocity**." Their fearsome image became well-known in 1898, when two males stalled construction of what is now Kenya Railways by allegedly killing and eating 135 Indian and African laborers. A British Army officer in charge of building a railroad bridge over the Tsavo River, Lt. Col. J. H. Patterson, spent nine months pursuing the pair before he brought them to bay and killed them. Stuffed and mounted, they now glare at visitors to the Field Museum in Chicago. Patterson's account of the leonine reign of terror, *The Man-Eaters of Tsavo*, was an international best seller when published in 1907. Still in print, the book has made Tsavo's lions notorious. That annoys some scientists. "People don't want to give up on mythology," Dennis King told me one day. The zoologist has been working in Tsavo off and on for four years. "I am so sick of this maneater business. Patterson made a helluva lot of money off that story, but Tsavo's lions are no more likely to turn man-eater than lions from elsewhere."

But tales of their **savagery** and wiliness don't all come from sensationalist authors looking to make a buck. Tsavo lions are generally larger than lions elsewhere, enabling them to take down the predominant prey animal in Tsavo, the Cape buffalo, one of the strongest, most aggressive animals of Earth. The buffalo don't give up easily: They often kill or severely injure an attacking lion, and a wounded lion might be more likely to turn to cattle and humans for food.

And other prey is less abundant in Tsavo than in other traditional lion haunts. A hungry lion is more likely to attack humans. Safari guides and Kenya Wildlife Service rangers tell of lions attacking Land Rovers, raiding camps, stalking tourists. Tsavo is a tough neighborhood, they say, and it breeds tougher lions.

But are they really tougher? And if so, is there any connection between their manelessness and their ferocity? An **intriguing** hypothesis was advanced two years ago by Gnoske and Peterhans: Tsavo lions may be similar to the unmaned cave lions of the Pleistocene. The Serengeti variety is among the most evolved of the species – the latest model, so to speak – while certain morphological differences in Tsavo lions (bigger bodies, smaller skulls, and maybe even lack of a mane) suggest that they are closer to the **primitive** ancestor of all lions. Craig and Peyton had serious doubts about this idea, but admitted that Tsavo lions pose a mystery to science.

Q108. The sentence which concludes the first paragraph, "Now they knew better", implies that:

- (a) The two scientists were struck by wonder on seeing maneless lions for the first time.
- (b) Though Craig was all expert on the Serengeti lion, now he also knew about the Tsavo lions.
- (c) Earlier, Craig and West thought that amateur observers had been mistaken.
- (d) Craig was now able to confirm that darkening of the noses as lions aged applied to Tsavo lions as well.
- (e) None of these

Q109. According to the passage, which of the following has NOT contributed to the popular image of Tsavo lions as savage creatures?

- (a) Tsavo lions have been observed to bring down one of the strongest and most aggressive animals—the Cape buffalo.
- (b) In contrast to the situation in traditional lion haunts, scarcity of non-buffalo prey in the Tsavo makes the Tsavo lions more aggressive.
- (c) The Tsavo lion is considered to be less evolved than the Serengeti variety.
- (d) Tsavo lions have been observed to attack vehicles as well as humans.
- (e) All of these

Q110. Which of the following, if true, would weaken the hypothesis advanced by Gnoske and Peterhans most?

- (a) Craig and Peyton develop even more serious doubts about the idea that Tsavo lions are primitive.
- (b) The maneless Tsavo East lions are shown to be closer to the cave lions.
- (c) Pleistocene cave lions are shown to be far less violent than believed.
- (d) The morphological variations in body and skull size between the cave and Tsavo lions are found to be insignificant.
- (e) All of the above

Q111. The book *Man-Eaters of Tsavo* annoys some scientists because

- (a) it revealed that Tsavo lions are ferocious.
- (b) Patterson made a helluva lot of money from the book by sensationalism.
- (c) it perpetuated the bad name Tsavo lions had.
- (d) it narrated how two male Tsavo lions were killed.
- (e) All of the above

Directions (112-113): Choose the word which is most nearly the same in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Q112. Intriguing

- (a) denigrate
- (b) enthralling
- (c) debacle
- (d) Cogent
- (e) Circumvent

Q113. Savagery

- (a) concomitant
- (b) viciousness
- (c) duress
- (d) disparate
- (e) Cognizant



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Directions (114-115): Choose the word which is most opposite in meaning as the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Q114. Ferocity

- (a) Enervate
- (b) elicit
- (c) covet
- (d) tame
- (e) ebullient

Q115. Primitive

- (a) neoteric
- (b) Exigent
- (c) onerous
- (d) paucity
- (e) Evince

Directions (116-118): In each of the following sentence there are three blank spaces. Below each sentence there are five options and each option consists of three words which can be filled up in the blanks in the sentence to make the sentence grammatically correct.

Q116. With inflation-targeting as its main _____ – the consensus position that was articulated when the RBI Act was amended in May 2016 was that “price stability is a _____ precondition to sustainable growth” – the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) has opted yet again to keep interest rates _____.

- (a) confirmation, primary, modified
- (b) uphold, assured, unrelieved
- (c) mandate, necessary, unchanged
- (d) support, radical, stabile
- (e) consent, inherent, endured

Q117. Ultimately, though, the central bank has once again _____ a word of circumspection to fiscal authorities: taken together, the farm loan waivers _____ by some States, the partial reduction of excise duty and VAT on petroleum products and the GST rate cuts could _____ in fiscal slippage with accompanying consequences for price stability.

- (a) inflicted, provided, neglect
- (b) proffered, implemented, result
- (c) imposed, generated, occur
- (d) expected, assembled, transpire
- (e) intended, managed, appear

Q118. Our recent victory in the hotly contested election to the International Court of Justice seems to have lifted our _____ as a nation. We are justifiably proud of our success and of the skill and _____ with which our diplomacy was _____.

- (a) conceit, sobriety, dissipated
- (b) caprice, timidity, eliminated
- (c) propensity, valuation, dispensed
- (d) spirits, determination, deployed
- (e) nature, judgment, mobilized

Directions (119-120): In the question given below few sentences are given which grammatically correct and meaningful. Connect them by the word given above the statements in the best possible way without changing the intended meaning. Choose your answer accordingly from the options to form a correct, coherent sentence.

Q119. NEVERTHELESS

- A. Ankara continues to defiantly say it doesn't need EU money or membership.
 - B. It is trying to develop ties with individual EU members, which seems to represent a search for another kind of relationship with Europe.
 - C. Turkey-EU ties are currently marked by mutual resentments and appear to be going nowhere.
 - D. It claims that it doesn't need EU membership, Ankara refuses to end this bid unilaterally.
- (a) Only A-B
 - (b) Only B-C
 - (c) Only A-D
 - (d) Both A-B and A-D
 - (e) None

Q120. WHEREAS

- (A) BJP has been routed in these elections having managed to win mere 18.7% of all seats.
 - (B) The opposition, especially independent candidates, have walked away with flying colours.
 - (C) If Independents were a party they would have got a thumping majority in these elections.
 - (D) Out of 16 Mayoral positions they have captured 14 and that is the end of their success story.
- (a) only C-D
 - (b) only A-B
 - (c) Only D-A
 - (d) only B-C
 - (e) none

Q121. In each of the following questions, various sentences are given and you have to choose the one which has some or any grammatical error in it. In the questions where option (E) is all are correct and all the sentences are grammatically correct choose option (E) as the correct choice.

- (a) Immediately after boarding the bus Mahesh asked the conductor that if he knew where the museum was.
- (b) Then I knelt down and opened my heart to her and poured out all the affection that was suffocating me.
- (c) She was decidedly pretty, but it is surprising, monsieur, how much prettier women seem to us when the day is fine at the beginning of the spring.
- (d) One morning on waking I saw from my window the blue sky glowing in the sun above the neighbouring houses.
- (e) My neighbour raised her eyes again, and this time, as I was still looking at her, she smiled decidedly.

Q122. In each of the following questions, various sentences are given and you have to choose the one which has some or any grammatical error in it. In the questions where option (E) is all are correct and all the sentences are grammatically correct choose option (E) as the correct choice.

- (a) No longer able to bear with her anguish she surrendered her life to the ocean.
- (b) She experienced the summer grass beneath her feet and wore shoes that carried her over rocky terrain.
- (c) Since then many a seafarer has told stories of his encounters with the mermaid.
- (d) The success of our efforts depend upon the number of people who actually use the new methods.
- (e) She lost her love to as much greed as any man could acquire, greed for luxury , greed for temporary pleasure and greed through self absorbed advancement.

Q123. In each of the following questions, various sentences are given and you have to choose the one which has some or any grammatical error in it. In the questions where option (E) is all are correct and all the sentences are grammatically correct choose option (E) as the correct choice.

- (a) By the Time he reaches his ship, time has crept ten fold and he soon finds himself a crippled old man, unable to board his ship and escape.
- (b) For Time is a treasure we rarely give credit to.
- (c) Hardly had he threw the ball when it fell on the ground.
- (d) Love no longer had value to him, her time meant little and her heart was no longer enough to offer him happiness.
- (e) And the journey from the cavern back to his ship would prove to be futile.

Q124. In each of the following questions, various sentences are given and you have to choose the one which has some or any grammatical error in it. In the questions where option (E) is all are correct and all the sentences are grammatically correct choose option (E) as the correct choice.

- (a) We can earn our gold and silver, we can lose it all and earn it back.
- (b) Shyam is working in our organization for the last few years in the publication department.
- (c) In a state of anguish she travelled alone across miles of ocean until she reached the Island of Alchemy.
- (d) The morning starts with a bang or one bang after another, a series, a chorus - the same sound that lulled me to sleep the night before.
- (e) A vital strong man would soon find the treasure he carries become a little harder to hold, and each step he makes him age.

Q125. In each of the following questions, various sentences are given and you have to choose the one which has some or any grammatical error in it. In the questions where option (E) is all are correct and all the sentences are grammatically correct choose option (E) as the correct choice.

- (a) They talked for a while and then they will continue to play the game till tomorrow morning.
- (b) In any case, it would take me very little persuasion to accept a Chungwah though I often refuse others, and perhaps make secret enemies.
- (c) Anyway, I walk out and out the compound that houses the teachers and officials' residences, looking for a place to get some chow.
- (d) I walk down the four flights of the hotel building where I and others of my ilk are housed.
- (e) I sit and spend the morning thus, making friends and losing some and finally decide lunch can wait no longer.

Directions (126-130): Each of the following questions has a paragraph from which one sentence has been deleted. From the given options, choose the one that completes the paragraph in the most appropriate way.

Q126. The government launched the "Housing For All by 2022" programme in 2015, with the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Pmay) as a key anchor scheme. _____. Global examples indicate that affordable housing activities generate direct and indirect employment in the medium term and sustained consumption in the long term. A 2014 study by the National Council of Applied Economic Research indicates that every additional rupee of capital invested in the housing sector adds Rs1.54 to the gross domestic product (GDP) and every Rs1 lakh invested in residential housing creates 2.69 new jobs in the economy.

- (a) Pmay envisages building 20 million urban units by 2022.
- (b) On the demand side, while overall economic growth will create the right enablers to stimulate demand, loans need to be provided at affordable rates.
- (c) By building a strong support system and hand-holding the real estate entrepreneurs, we could create an ecosystem of quality developers.
- (d) The lending institutions and credit rating agencies need to design new frameworks/rating scales that benchmark companies on such new capabilities.
- (e) For a national housing dream of such a magnitude to fructify, the entire housing ecosystem needs to be well developed and all the stakeholders need to share a unified vision.

Q127. Young and aspirational, the millennial generation that makes up about 40% of India's population has long been regarded as the saviour and driver of future economic growth. Yet, the gap between the productive labour force and the employment and entrepreneurial opportunities available to them continues to widen. The fourth Industrial Revolution has already made its mark on certain sectors. _____.



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- (a) Fulfilling the great expectations set for the MSDE seems unlikely unless certain changes are made.
- (b) To be fair, policymakers recognize the problem and have taken steps to combat it.
- (c) As technology continues to surge forward in leaps and bounds, both blue- and white-collar jobs will become increasingly sparse.
- (d) Much of India's workforce is already hampered with outdated and irrelevant skills.
- (e) The economic turmoil that could be brought on by further large-scale disruption should be a cause of concern.

Q128. In the past few years, the slowdown in exports could be attributed at least in part to tepid global growth and falling trade intensity. However, this year, the global economy has seen a strong cyclical upturn across geographies and sectors, driven by stronger growth in investment, trade and industrial production. As per S&P Global estimates, global GDP is expected to reverse a two-year slowdown and grow 3.6% in 2017, higher than the 3.1% logged in 2016. _____. In particular, the US and the euro area – India's largest export destinations – are expected to grow by 70 basis points (bps) and 30 bps higher than in 2016, at 2.2% and 2.3%, respectively.

- (a) The impact shows in the exports of labour-intensive sectors, which mainly comprise SMEs.
- (b) The pickup is expected to be broad-based, across both advanced and emerging market economies.
- (c) The fastest growth in exports was achieved when the rupee was strengthening against the dollar.
- (d) Clearly, India has not been able to take advantage of the improving global environment, especially compared with its Asian peers.
- (e) Revival in global investment, which has a high import content, further helped boost trade.

Q129. Land and housing rights have been a contentious topic in Kyrgyzstan since the country achieved independence following the collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991. Although under Kyrgyz law the state is supposed to provide a free plot of land to every citizen, as Eurasianet notes, "In reality, a land-allocation process thick with corruption and bureaucratic obstacles awaits anyone attempting to claim his share." As a result, while elites and those with access to them have acquired more than their fair share of land for housing and construction projects, the majority of the population has been left to fend for themselves, vulnerable to elite power plays and manipulation.

- (a) In this context, land rights and housing issues have long been at the center of political controversy, particularly at times of upheaval
- (b) This is especially true in and around Bishkek, where prime land is very attractive and expensive due to plot scarcity and services availability.
- (c) In exchange for their support at crunch time for the then newly installed interim government, they expected to be rewarded with the same land for housing.
- (d) To this day, however, it has been impossible to establish exactly how many people participated in this scheme and the total sum that was collected.
- (e) Land rights and housing issues have long been at the center of political controversy, particularly at times of upheaval.

Q130. On October 8, 2005, a magnitude 7.6 earthquake rocked Kashmir, resulting in nearly 75,000 deaths, injuring more than 100,000 people, and causing extensive damage. Although the epicenter was on the border between the Pakistani- and Indian-administered portions of Kashmir, the quake and its aftershocks were felt across the region from Central Asia to China. The tremors of Kashmir also created volatility in the region's already precarious security structure. _____.

- (a) The two countries nearly came to war in 1986-1987 and have engaged in numerous smaller border confrontations.
- (b) This is due to the overlapping territorial claims of India, Pakistan, and China.
- (c) Currently, Pakistan occupies about 78,114 sq. km and China about 42,685 sq. km (Aksai Chin), including 5,180 sq. km controversially ceded by Pakistan to China (Shaksam Valley) in 1964.
- (d) The planned corridor enters at the Gilgit-Baltistan region of Kashmir, which is controlled by Pakistan, but claimed by India.
- (e) The two countries nearly came to war in 1986-1987 and have engaged in numerous smaller border confrontations.

Directions (131-140): In the passage given below there are blanks which are to be filled with the options given below. Find out the appropriate pair of words in each case which can most suitably complete the sentence without altering the meaning of the statement. Both the pairs must fill the blank.

Q131. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

Delhi provides an interesting case study, where there is no political interference and the Police Commissioner reports to the Lieutenant Governor, and not the Chief Minister. With a population smaller than Mumbai, it has two times the number of police stations. Yet, in Delhi, while 1,90,876 persons were sent to trial last year, there were only 9,837 IPC _____ (136) in the year. In Delhi only 58% of those _____ (137) were chargesheeted, while in Mumbai, more persons were chargesheeted than were arrested for IPC crimes. In Delhi, 13,803 crimes against women were reported and no chargesheets filed in 4,371 cases (32%); in Mumbai with 5,128 crimes reported against women, final reports were filed in only 15% of cases. The key _____ (138) of police performance is not _____ (139) correct reporting and recording but chargesheets and convictions, as this impacts on criminal _____ (140).

- (a) uninvolved / dispassionate
- (b) interested / disturbed
- (c) concerned / solicitude
- (d) worried / appreciated
- (e) attentive / troubled

Q132. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

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- (a) factors / invasion
- (b) hassle / disregard
- (c) reforms / policies
- (d) interference / intervention
- (e) opposition / arrest

Q133. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

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- (a) records / administration
- (b) government / officials
- (c) authority / jurisdiction
- (d) management / supervision
- (e) account / history

Q134. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

Delhi provides an interesting case study, where there is no political interference and the Police Commissioner reports to the Lieutenant Governor, and not the Chief Minister. With a population smaller than Mumbai, it has two times the number of police stations. Yet, in Delhi, while 1,90,876 persons were sent to trial last year, there were only 9,837 IPC _____ (136) in the year. In Delhi only 58% of those _____ (137) were chargesheeted, while in Mumbai, more persons were chargesheeted than were arrested for IPC crimes. In Delhi, 13,803 crimes against women were reported and no chargesheets filed in 4,371 cases (32%); in Mumbai with 5,128 crimes reported against women, final reports were filed in only 15% of cases. The key _____ (138) of police performance is not _____ (139) correct reporting and recording but chargesheets and convictions, as this impacts on criminal _____ (140).

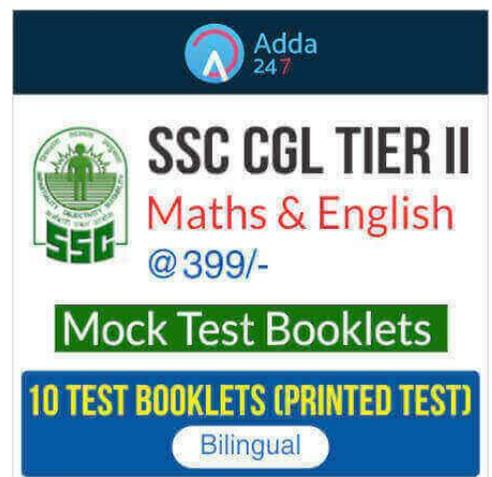
- (a) opinion / relief
- (b) release / publicity
- (c) notice / display
- (d) analysis / undercover
- (e) publication / issue

Q135. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

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- (a) worrisome / boring
- (b) pleasant / engaging
- (c) horrible / evil
- (d) agreeable / civilized
- (e) dismal / horrid



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Q136. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

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- (a) convictions / judgements
- (b) sentences / culprits
- (c) hearings / discriminations
- (d) victims / punishments
- (e) condemns / sanction

Q137. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

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- (a) unrestrained / liberated
- (b) arrested / seized
- (c) captured / advocated
- (d) released / freed
- (e) held / punished

Q138. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

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- (a) role / affair
- (b) evidence / data
- (c) process / factor
- (d) statistic / feature
- (e) circumstance / accomplishment

Q139. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

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- (a) rarely / only
- (b) Impartially / incorrectly
- (c) scantily / slender
- (d) merely / just
- (e) Impetuously / imprudently

Q140. Police reform in India has been _____ (131) with political _____ (132) ever since the landmark Supreme Court judgement, in 2006, on the subject. The focus should really be on reorganising criminal _____ (133).

The annual _____ (134) of the National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB), "Crime in India 2016", which was released recently, presents a _____ (135) picture of the key performance statistic with only 47% convictions in Indian Penal Code (IPC) crimes at the national level.

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- (a) behaviour / psychology
- (b) performance / mindset
- (c) administration / records
- (d) philosophy / values
- (e) data / results



Q141. In which of the following types of banking, there is a direct execution of transaction between a bank and its consumers?

- (a) Retail Banking
- (b) Universal Banking
- (c) Virtual Banking
- (d) Unit Banking
- (e) None of the given options is true

Q142. The Minister of Women and Child Development, Smt Maneka Sanjay Gandhi launched an intensive training program for EWRs of Panchayati Raj Institutions and Master Trainers, in New Delhi. EWRs stands for-

- (a) Elected Women Representatives
- (b) Electronic Women Representatives
- (c) Effective Women Representatives
- (d) Elected Women Revenue
- (e) Elected Women Republic

Q143. Which Bank has launched instant credit cards enabling its savings account customers to get a credit card instantly, in a completely digital and paperless manner recently?

- (a) State Bank of India
- (b) ICICI Bank
- (c) Axis Bank
- (d) Bank of Baroda
- (e) HDFC Bank

Q144. Which Bank has launched an instant international payment services using Ripple's enterprise blockchain technology solution for retail and corporate customers?

- (a) Axis Bank
- (b) ICICI Bank
- (c) State Bank of India
- (d) HDFC Bank
- (e) Bank of Baroda

Q145. Syndicate Bank has pared its marginal cost of funds based lending rate (MCLR) by 5-10 basis points in certain maturity buckets recently. Where is the headquarter of Syndicate Bank?

- (a) Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh
- (b) Jaipur, Rajasthan
- (c) Kolkata, west Bengal
- (d) Manipal, Karnataka
- (e) Chennai, Tamil Nadu

Q146. To achieve universal household electrification in the country in the recently launched SAUBHAGYA Scheme, 'S' stands for?

- (a) Sarva
- (b) Sahaj
- (c) Sulabh
- (d) Saral
- (e) Sampoorna

Q147. Private sector lender Axis Bank reduced interest rate on savings bank accounts by 50 basis points to 3.5 per cent for deposits up to-

- (a) Rs 1 lakh
- (b) Rs 80 lakh
- (c) Rs 20 lakh
- (d) Rs 50 lakh
- (e) Rs 10 lakh





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Q148. Recently in which state the SAUBHAGYA Scheme was launched as a part of achieving universal household electrification in the country?

- (a) Assam
- (b) Arunanchal Pradesh
- (c) Nagaland
- (d) Manipur
- (e) Sikkim

Q149. _____ to provide guaranteed clearing and settlement functions for transactions in Money, G-Secs, Foreign Exchange and Derivative markets.

- (a) NPCI
- (b) SEBI
- (c) GOI
- (d) RBI
- (e) CCIL

Q150. The logo & Mascot of Hockey World Cup 2018 to be hosted in India was unveiled by Odisha Chief Minister Naveen Patnaik. At which stadium was it unveiled?

- (a) Veer Surendra Rai Stadium
- (b) Barabati Stadium
- (c) Kalinga Stadium
- (d) Nehru Stadium
- (e) Kaloor Intenational Stadiu,

Q151. In which of the following a credit facility is provided by the bank to an entity for a specific purpose, to be repayable after a short duration?

- (a) Advances
- (b) Loans
- (c) Security
- (d) Liabilities
- (e) Goodwill

Q152. Name the Indian-origin veteran civil servant, who has been appointed as the acting president of Singapore.

- (a) M S Ganesha
- (b) P K Krishnan
- (c) J Y Pillay
- (d) S R Nathan
- (e) None of these

Q153. A closed economy is?

- (a) Only Exports take place
- (b) Only Imports take place
- (c) Imports and exports take place
- (d) Neither Imports nor Exports take place
- (e) None of the given options is true

Q154. The International Multilateral Maritime Search and Rescue Exercise 2017 (IMMSAREX 2017) has conducted in-

- (a) Bangladesh
- (b) Myanmar
- (c) Japan
- (d) India
- (e) Thailand

Q155. What was the Purpose of setting up Narsimhan committee-2?

- (a) Efficiency and productivity
- (b) Banking reform process
- (c) Export of IT sector
- (d) Fiscal Reform process
- (e) None of the given options is true



Q156. A Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to be signed between India and which country for new Mechi Bridge over Mechi River?

- (a) Bangladesh
- (b) Nepal
- (c) Bhutan
- (d) Sri Lanka
- (e) Myanmar

Q157. Which among the following Banks is going to develop as many as 100 digital villages in various States of the country as part of its initiative to promote digital banking among the rural population?

- (a) UCO Bank
- (b) Vijaya Bank
- (c) Corporation Bank
- (d) Bank of India
- (e) Central Bank of India

Q158. Cabinet approves signing an Agreement between India and which country on cooperation and mutual assistance in customs matters?

- (a) Armenia
- (b) Qatar
- (c) Ethiopia
- (d) Vietnam
- (e) None of these

Q159. The Reserve Bank of India was promoted a public limited company on January 14th 1971, named the CGCI. What was the meaning of first "C" in CGCI?

- (a) Common
- (b) Conclusion
- (c) Corporation
- (d) Concept
- (e) Credit

Q160. Which e-commerce company has signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with the Telangana Department of Handloom and Textiles to educate, train and enable weavers and artisans to directly sell their products to its customers across the country?

- (a) Filpkart
- (b) Amazon
- (c) Snapdeal
- (d) Paytm
- (e) None of these

Q161. In which among the following year Asia's first Export Processing Zone (EPZ) was set up?

- (a) 1959
- (b) 1971
- (c) 1965
- (d) 1956
- (e) 1975

Q162. The 17th edition of FIFA U-17 World Cup took place for the first time in India. The official ball for Under-17 football World Cup is called _____.

- (a) Sukrot
- (b) Nabrato
- (c) Protol
- (d) Manora
- (e) Krasava



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Q163. The Banking Ombudsman is a senior official appointed by.....?

- (a) Indian Government
- (b) President of India
- (c) Chief Justice of India
- (d) Reserve Bank of India
- (e) Finance Ministry

Q164. Ashgabat is the capital of which of the following Country?

- (a) Uzbekistan
- (b) Kazakhstan
- (c) Turkmenistan
- (d) Ukraine
- (e) None of these

Q165. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has granted "in-principle" approval to the _____ applicants to set up small finance banks under the "Guidelines for Licensing of Small Finance Banks?"

- (a) 11
- (b) 12
- (c) 13
- (d) 10
- (e) 15

Q166. Manas National Park or Manas Wildlife Sanctuary is located in

- (a) West Bengal
- (b) Assam
- (c) Odisha
- (d) Jharkhand
- (e) Bihar

Q167. The promoter's minimum initial contribution to the paid-up equity capital of such small finance bank shall at least be -----?

- (a) 50 per cent
- (b) 40 per cent
- (c) 60 per cent
- (d) 30 per cent
- (e) 20 per cent

Q168. Nepal has signed a _____ million United Nations (UN) assistance package for 2018-2022 to lay out the country's development strategy for the next five years.

- (a) \$715 million
- (b) \$685 million
- (c) \$786 million
- (d) \$635 million
- (e) \$649 million

Q169. The small finance bank will be subject to all prudential norms and regulations of RBI as applicable to existing commercial banks including requirement of maintenance of CRR and SLR. What is the present rate of SLR?

- (a) 20.75 per cent
- (b) 19.50 per cent
- (c) 20.25 per cent
- (d) 20.00 per cent
- (e) 21.25 per cent

Q170. The Chail Wildlife Sanctuary (CWS) is located in

- (a) Madhya Pradesh
- (b) Assam
- (c) Kerala
- (d) Himachal Pradesh
- (e) Tripura

Q171. The Headquarters of Kotak Mahindra Bank is located in _____

- (a) Mumbai
- (b) Hyderabad
- (c) Chennai
- (d) Bengaluru
- (e) New Delhi

Q172. Who is the present Governor of Arunachal Pradesh?

- (a) S C Jamir
- (b) B.D. Mishra
- (c) Palaniswamy Sathasivam
- (d) P.B. Acharya
- (e) Mridula Sinha

Q173. Authorized capital of National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) is _____ and paid up capital is _____

- (a) Rs 300 crore and Rs 100 crore
- (b) Rs 350 crore and Rs 50 crore
- (c) Rs 200 crore and Rs 100 crore
- (d) Rs 100 crore and Rs 50 crore
- (e) Rs 600 crore and Rs 500 crore

Q174. Name the Bank that was recently included by RBI in the list of 'too big to fail' lenders, referred to as D-SIB or domestic systemically important bank.

- (a) Axis Bank
- (b) Punjab and National Bank
- (c) Bank of Baroda
- (d) HDFC Bank
- (e) Allahabad Bank

Q175. FIU-IND is an independent body reporting directly to the Economic Intelligence Council (EIC) headed by-

- (a) President of India
- (b) NITI Aayog
- (c) Governor of RBI
- (d) Finance Minister
- (e) Government of India

Q176. Indian Railways has launched an integrated mobile app “Rail Saarthi” to cater to all kinds of passenger requirements, which includes ticket booking, inquiry, onboard cleaning and ordering a meal on a single platform. What is the full form of “Saarthi”?

- (a) Synchronic Advanced Application Rail Travel Help and Information
- (b) Synergized Acknowledgement Application Rail Travel Help and Information
- (c) Synchronic Acknowledgement Application Rail Travel Help and Information
- (d) Synergized Advanced Application Rail Travel Help and Information
- (e) None of these

Q177. _____ is a system that powers multiple bank accounts into a single mobile application (of any participating bank), merging several banking features, seamless fund routing & merchant payments into one hood.

- (a) NEFT
- (b) RTGS
- (c) NPCI
- (d) BHIM
- (e) UPI

Q178. National Youth Day is observed on which of the following date?

- (a) May 8
- (b) January 12
- (c) March 18
- (d) April 17
- (e) February 24

Q179. Which of the following is known as “Demat” account?

- (a) Account in which shares are held in electronic form
- (b) Account opened with zero balance
- (c) Account allowed to be operated by guardian of minor
- (d) Account operated by business correspondents in rural centres.
- (e) None of the given options is true

Q180. Rihand Thermal Power Station at Rihandnagar in

- (a) Uttar Pradesh
- (b) Madhya Pradesh
- (c) Odisha
- (d) Andhra Pradesh
- (e) None of these





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Q181. Loans against the security of shares, debentures and bonds should not exceed the limit of Rupees _____ per individual if the securities are held in dematerialized form.

- (a) Ten lakhs
- (b) Five lakhs
- (c) Thirty lakhs
- (d) Fifty lakhs
- (e) Twenty lakhs

Q182. Yonex French Open 2017 Badminton tournament was held in Paris. In Men's Singles category, who was the runner up?

- (a) Yoshiteru Hirobe
- (b) Shintaro Ikeda
- (c) Takeshi Kamura
- (d) Kenta Nishimoto
- (e) Kazumasa Sakai

Q183. Name the player from India, who has won gold in the men's javelin throw with a personal best of 60.36 metre at the 2017 World Para Athletics Championships in London, United Kingdom (UK).

- (a) Dinesh Priyantha
- (b) Sharad Kumar
- (c) Sundar Singh Gurjar
- (d) Varun Bhati
- (e) None of these

Q184. Who is the Science and Technology, Earth Sciences, Environment, Forest and Climate Change minister of India?

- (a) Dr. Harsh Vardhan
- (b) Smt. Harsimrat Kaur Badal
- (c) Jagat Prakash Nadda
- (d) Nitin Jairam Gadkari
- (e) None of these

Q185. A joint military training 'Exercise Yudh Abhyas - 2017' will be conducted between India and which country?

- (a) USA
- (b) Russia
- (c) China
- (d) Germany
- (e) South Korea

Q186. Where is the headquarter of United Overseas Bank Ltd?

- (a) China
- (b) Russia
- (c) Singapore
- (d) Bangladesh
- (e) Sri Lanka

Q187. Name the former Lok Sabha Member and well known architect, who has passed away in Hyderabad.

- (a) Punathil Kunjabdulla
- (b) Girija Devi
- (c) Satish Chandra
- (d) Baddam Narasimha Reddy
- (e) None of these

Q188. Name the First Bank to Introduce Cheque system in India.

- (a) Central Bank of India
- (b) Presidency bank
- (c) Bengal Bank
- (d) HSBC
- (e) ICICI Bank

Q189. The book "How India Sees the World: Kautilya to the 21st Century" has been authored by

- (a) Amitav Ghosh
- (b) Jayanta Kalita
- (c) Vikram Seth
- (d) Pradip Kumar
- (e) Shyam Saran

Q190. TungaBhadra dam is constructed across river Tungabhadra in which state?

- (a) Tamil Nadu
- (b) Kerala
- (c) Karnataka
- (d) Telangana
- (e) Odisha

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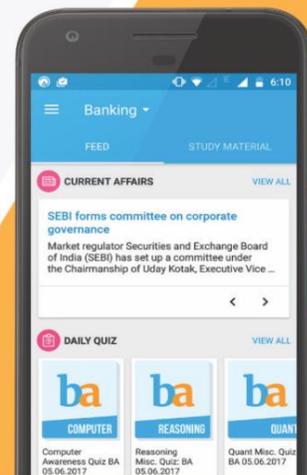
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