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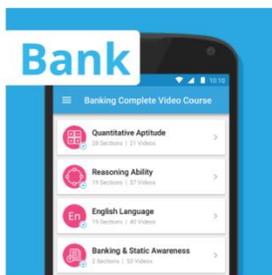
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Directions (1-10): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

When I was little, children were bought two kinds of ice-cream, sold from those white wagons with canopies made of silvery metal: either the two-cent or the four-cent ice-cream pie. The two-cent cone was very small, in fact it could fit comfortably into a child's hand, and it was made by taking the ice-cream from its container with a special scoop and piling it on the cone. Granny always suggested I eat only a part of the cone, then throw away the pointed end, because it had been touched by the vendor's hand (though that was the best part, nice and crunchy, and it was regularly eaten in secret, after a pretence of discarding it).

The four-cent pie was made by a special little machine, also silvery, which pressed two disks of sweet biscuit against a cylindrical section of ice cream. First you had to thrust your tongue into the gap between the biscuits until it touched the central nucleus of ice cream; then, gradually, you ate whole thing, the biscuit surface softening as they became soaked in creamy nectar. Granny had no advice to give here; in theory the pie had been touched only by the machine; in practice, the vendor had held them in his hand while giving them to us, but it was impossible to isolate the contaminated area.

I was fascinated, however, by some of my peers, whose parents bought them not a four-cent pie but two two-cent cones. These privileged children advanced proudly with one cone in their right hand and one in their left; and expertly moving their head from side to side, they licked first one, then the other. This **liturgy** seemed to me so **sumptuously** enviable, that many times I asked to be allowed to celebrate it, in vain. My elders were inflexible: a four-cent ice, yes but two two-cent ones, absolutely no.

As anyone can see, neither mathematics nor economy nor dietetics justified this refusal. Nor did hygiene, assuming that in due course the tips of both cones were discarded. The pathetic, and obviously mendacious, justification was that a boy concerned with turning his eyes from one cone to the other was more inclined to **stumble** over stones, steps or cracks in the pavement. I dimly sensed that there was another secret justification, cruelly pedagogical, but I was unable to grasp it.

Today, citizen and victim of a consumer society, a civilization of excess and waste (which the society of the thirties was not), I realize that those dear and now departed elders were right. Two two-cent cones instead of one at four cents did not signify squandering, economically speaking, but symbolically they surely did. It was for this precise reason that I yearned for them: because two ice creams suggested excess. And this was precisely why they were denied to me: because they looked indecent, an insult to poverty, a display of fictitious privilege, a boast of wealth. Only spoiled children ate two cones at once, those children who in fairy tales were rightly punished, as Pinocchio was when he rejected the skin and the stalk. And parents, who encouraged this weakness, appropriate to little parvenus, were bringing up their children in the foolish theatre of "I'd like to but can't." They were preparing them to turn up at tourist-class check-in with a fake Gucci bag bought from a street peddler on the beach at Rimini.

Nowadays the moralist risks seeming at odds with morality, in a world where the consumer civilization now wants even adults to be spoiled, and promises them always something more, from the wristwatch in the box of detergent to the bonus bangle sheathed, with the magazine it accompanies, in a plastic envelope. Like the parents of those ambidextrous gluttons I so envied, the consumer civilization pretends to give more, but actually gives, for four cents, what is worth four cents. You will throwaway the old transistor radio to purchase the new one, that boasts an alarm clock as well, but some inexplicable defect in the mechanism will guarantee that the radio lasts only a year. The new cheap car will have leather seats, double side mirrors adjustable from inside, and a panelled dashboard, but it will not last nearly so long as the glorious old Fiat 500, which, even when it broke down, could be started again with a kick.

The morality of the old days made Spartans of us all, while today's morality wants all of us to be Sybarites.

Q1. Which of the following cannot be inferred from the passage?

- (a) Today's society is more extravagant than the society of the 1930s.
- (b) The act of eating two ice cream cones is akin to a ceremonial process.
- (c) Elders rightly suggested that a boy turning eyes from one cone to the other was more likely to fall.
- (d) Despite seeming to promise more, the consumer civilization gives away exactly what the thing worth.
- (e) The consumer civilization attempts to spoil children and adults alike.

Q2. In the passage, the phrase "little parvenus" refers to

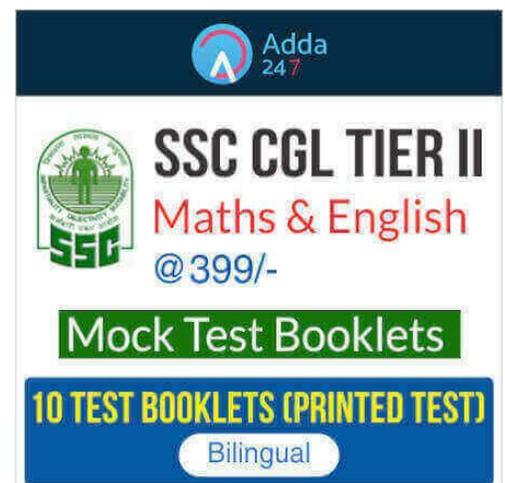
- (a) Naughty midgets.
- (b) Old hags.
- (c) Arrogant people.
- (d) Young upstarts.
- (e) Foolish kids.

Q3. The author pined for two-cent cones instead of one four-cent pie because

- (a) It made dietetic sense.
- (b) It suggested intemperance.
- (c) It was more fun.
- (d) It had a visual appeal.
- (e) He was a glutton.

Q4. What does the author mean by "nowadays the morality risks seeming at odds with morality"?

- (a) The moralists of yesterday have become immoral today.
- (b) The concept of morality has changed over the years.
- (c) Consumerism is amoral.
- (d) The risks associated with immorality have gone up.
- (e) The purist's view of morality is fast becoming popular.



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Q5. According to the author, the justification for refusal to let him eat two cones was plausibly

- (a) Didactic
- (b) Dietetic
- (c) Dialectic
- (d) Diatonic
- (e) Diastolic

Q6. In the passage, the phrase "These privileged children " refers to

- (a) those who had full cones of choco icecream
- (b) children ate two cones at once
- (c) whose parents bought them a four-cent pie and two two-cent cones with the best part, nice and crunchy
- (d) whose parents bought them not a four-cent pie but two two-cent cones and advanced proudly with one cone in their right hand and one in their left
- (e) The four-cent pie was made by a special little machine, also silvery, which pressed two disks of sweet biscuit against a cylindrical section of ice cream

Q7. Which of the following is most nearly opposite in meaning of the word "Sybarite" as used in the passage?

- (a)voluptuary
- (b)epicure
- (c)puritan
- (d)hedonist
- (e)seeker



Q8. Which of the following is most nearly similar in meaning of the word "liturgy" as used in the passage?

- (a) ritual
- (b) lethargic
- (c) integrity
- (d) enormous
- (e) inclined

Q9. Which of the following is most nearly similar in meaning of the word "sumptuous" as used in the passage?

- (a) consequence
- (b) barren
- (c) Lavish
- (d) conclusion
- (e) struck

Q10. Which of the following is most nearly opposite in meaning of the word "stumble" as used in the passage?

- (a) complex
- (b) continue
- (c) lumber
- (d) careen
- (e) reel

Directions (11-15): Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

PASSAGE - I Despite the economic crunch worldwide that saw pulverization of some of the largest banking and finance giants, Indian banking houses have managed to show positive growth this quarter. Some of India's leading national banks have posted a net profit rise of more than 40% over the last quarter amid global turmoil. This would come as a big shot in the arm for the investors and consumers of these banks even though apprehension is mounting on other banking and broking firms worldwide. One of the main reasons behind the success of these banks this quarter would be their direct banking by the Government India. People take solace in their investments in public sector watching the bailout packages being cashed out by governments all over the world to save big business houses.

PASSAGE - II Other private banks in India have also reported a substantial net profit over the last quarter. Given the international and domestic scenario, one cannot put this down as a mundane achievement. While others are on a cost cutting spree and firing employees, Indian Companies are actually working on boosting staffing in banking and broking sectors. This can be seen as a big boon in the days to come when the current recession eases and the economy gradually comes back on to the fast track. The finance minister has assured Indian public about the sound health of all Indian banks. This could also be evident from the fact that there have been no mergers and takeovers in Indian Banking sector in a contrast to world scenario where finance houses are looking for mergers to cut costs on operations. We definitely are not looking to thrive; rather we are looking for growth, It is just that the pace of growth is a little slow now as compared to a year or two before. These are hard times of test the hard. The weak in business and career will be weeded out and it is sometimes very beneficial for business on the long run.

Q11. What, according to the author, is the reason for the success for Indian national banks in this quarter?

- (a) Indian national banks do not have any commitments in troubled foreign markets
- (b) These banks can never face the financial crisis because of their sheer size
- (c) These banks are ready to give loans at a very low rate of interest
- (d) The public is ready to invest in these banks because of the knowledge that these banks get strong support from the Government.
- (e) None of these

Q12. What does the phrase 'shot in the arm' as used in the passage mean?

- (a) Shock
- (b) Fear
- (c) Encouragement
- (d) Anxiety
- (e) None of these

Q13. How, according to the author, is the current recession beneficial?

- (a) Worldwide, companies have realized that India is a strong power to reckon with
- (b) India is surging ahead of the other companies throughout the world
- (c) After the recession is over international companies will turn to India for investments
- (d) Recession is bringing down the prices of essential commodities
- (e) None of these

Q14. What, according to the author, will be a big boon in the days to come?

- (a) The economy coming back on the fast track
- (b) The slowing down of the economy
- (c) Increased hiring in Indian financial sector in times of economic slowdown
- (d) The cost cutting carried out by all the companies
- (e) None of these

Q15. Which of the following statements is definitely true in the context of the passage?

- (A) India has not been affected by the economic slowdown.
 - (B) Indian Banks are showing growth in this quarter despite the recession.
 - (C) While banking industry in the West was severely affected by the recession in the past, it is now gradually recovering and showing a positive growth.
- (a) Only (A)
 - (b) Only (B)
 - (c) Only (C)
 - (d) Only (A) and (B)
 - (e) Only (B) and (C)

Direction (16-20): In each of the following questions a short passage is given with one of the lines in the passage missing and represented by a blank. Pick out the option which when used to start a sentence combines both the above sentences in one. Select the best out of the five answer choices given, to make the passage complete and coherent.

Q16. _____. Our society is still deeply mired in propagating caste and religious prejudices; rather than take up the issue in isolation, we need to strike at the root cause – caste prejudice. I wonder how this marginalized community will be able to attain some kind of social mobility even with reservation when there is a growing anti-reservation sentiment. We need to do something for them which is sustainable and helps them in achieving a social status on their own.



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- (a) Because there is no support by society to eliminate the most inhuman of professions, manual scavenging still persist which is the basic reason
- (b) Because there is despicable practice of manual scavenging which still persist in India, society support inhuman profession
- (c) The basic reason why the despicable practice of manual scavenging still persists in India is because there is negligible or no support by society to eliminate this most inhuman of professions.
- (d) No support by society to eliminate this most inhuman of professions manual scavenging still persist in India which is a despicable practice
- (e) Why the despicable practice of manual scavenging still persists in India is negligible and no support by society.

Q17. _____ . More than half of the are under cultivation does not have access to irrigation. Agriculture income generated at average size of land holding is not adequate to meet farmers' needs.

Modern agriculture requires investment in farm machinery and use of purchased inputs like seed, fertiliser, agri-chemicals, diesel and hired labor. Most often, savings generated from unremunerative crop enterprise are inadequate for such investments. Rising expenses on health, education, social ceremonies and non-food items put additional financial demand on farm families.

- (a) Indian agriculture low scale and low productivity. About 85% of the operational land-hold the country below 5 acre and 67% farm house hold one acre.
- (b) Indian agriculture is known by low scale and productivity. Operational land -holding in country below 5 acre and 67% farm households survive average.
- (c) About 85% of the operational land-holding is below 5 acres and 67% households Indian survive on average landholding on one acre.
- (d) About 85% of the operational land-holding in country are below 5 acre and 67% average landholding on one acre.
- (e) Indian agriculture is characterized by low scale and low productivity. About 85% of the operational land-holdings in the country are below 5 acres and 67% farm households survive on an average landholding of one acre.

Q18. _____ . However, with the declaration of peace, there was a need to do something about the installed capacity. And so, in 1946, Tupperware company came into being.

At present, the use of plastic has become so ubiquitous that even birds, animals and fish have unwittingly made it part of their diet. Disposed plastic degrades slowly, its chemicals getting leached into surroundings. Further, it breaks down into smaller components over time, entering our food chain and landing up on our plates.

- (a) The first synthetic plastic was called Bakelite and was derived from fossil fuels. Large scale production during Second World War, was directed for war effort.
- (b) Plastics had their origin in cellulose derivatives. The first synthetic plastic was called Bakelite and was derived from fossil fuels. During the Second World War, large-scale production of plastic was directed towards the war effort.

- (c) Plastic originates from derivatives. Bakelite was derived from fossil fuels. Large-scale production of plastic was directed towards war effort.
- (d) During the Second World War, large-scale production of plastic was for war effort. The first plastic Bakelite.
- (e) During Bakelite was call first synthetic plastic, was derived from fossil fuel. Plastic had origin in cellulose derivatives. Large-scale production of plastic towards war.

Q19. _____. The concept, credited to British economist John Maynard Keynes, has been heavily criticized for its assumption that people are naïve. The theory of rational expectations, which among other things states that people learn from experience and can reset their earlier beliefs, was a response to the idea of money illusion.

- (a) The people care about the nominal value money rather than its real value. Workers, for instance, would be impressed if their wages double in a year if real money drop more than half
- (b) The notion that people care about drop by more than half during the same period. According to this idea, workers, for instance, would be impressed if their wages gets double.
- (c) The notion that people care more about the nominal value, would be impressed if their wages double than its real value. Real values of their money were to drop by more than half during the same period.
- (d) The notion that people care more about the nominal value of money rather than its real value. According to this idea, workers, for instance, would be impressed if their wages double in a year even if the real value of their money were to drop by more than half during the same period.
- (e) The notion were to drop by more than half during the same period. According to this idea, workers, for instance, would be impressed if its wages double.

Q20. _____. Down the ages, man has tried to discover life’s meaning, the purpose of living, whether there is a God or release from suffering... and to attain to some spiritual state where all the questions are understood by some experience, a transcendent mystical union with the ultimate.

- (a) Trying to be something that you are not is not possible. The very want is no different than any other want that we might have.
- (b) The very want is no different than any other want. It is not possible.
- (c) Trying to be something that you are not is possible. The vary want is not different.
- (d) We might have, something that we are not, is not possible. The very want is no different.
- (e) No different than any other want that they might have.

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Directions (21-25): Rearrange the following six sentence (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph.

A. The dearth of good schools and an efficient education system have made it difficult for many students to complete their higher education.

B. However, students continue to attend these institutions. This is primarily because the mounting fee structure of private schools serves as a disincentive for many parents to send their children to these schools.

C. Education is a basic right that ought to be provided to the people. However, our private sector seems to have completely overlooked this fact.

D. The government should look into this problem because today's learners are tomorrow's leaders. Everyone should be provided with the opportunity to study and, consequently, earn a living.

E. At this stage, most of our government schools are in a deplorable state and are in a desperate need of an overhaul.

F. This has increased crime rates and led to poverty and the improper exploitation of natural resources.

Q21. If F is the FIFTH sentence of the paragraph, which of the following should be the First sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) E

Q22. If F is the FIFTH sentence of the paragraph, which of the following should be the Third sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) B
- (b) A
- (c) F
- (d) D
- (e) C

Q23. If F is the FIFTH sentence of the paragraph, which of the following should be the Fourth sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) F
- (b) A
- (c) D
- (d) C
- (e) B

Q24. If F is the FIFTH sentence of the paragraph, which of the following should be the Last sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) C
- (b) D
- (c) B
- (d) E
- (e) A

Q25. If F is the FIFTH sentence of the paragraph, which of the following should be the Second sentence after rearrangement?

- (a) D
- (b) C
- (c) E
- (d) A
- (e) B

Directions (26-30): Each of the following questions has a paragraph from which a sentence has been deleted. Three statements are given, from which any number of statements can fit and provide coherent meaning to the paragraph. From the given options, choose the sentence that completes the paragraph in the most appropriate way.

Q26. The accomplishments of modern India are recognized around the world. A country that was a symbol of hunger and poverty at the time of Independence and admonished for its Hindu rate of growth during the initial decades has now transformed itself into one of the fastest growing major economies. _____ and being a multi-religious secular entity. But the potential for growth remains strong despite some slackening.

I. Democratic governance - the decision-making processes that translate citizens' preferences into policy actions - is a crucial component of ensuring that democracy delivers.

II. Between elections, citizens must have avenues to participate in decision making, stay informed, and hold government accountable for its performance.

III. These economic achievements are extensive, especially when considering the challenges that arose from following democratic governance after decades of oppressive colonial rule

Select the most appropriate option

- (a) Only I
- (b) Only (II) and (I)
- (c) Only III
- (d) Only II
- (e) All are correct



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Q27. Giving begins with the recognition of having, abundantly. This sense of abundance has less to do with the quantity one has and more to do with one's sense of sufficiency. Giving is an expression of not just your material richness but _____. In the value of giving, one can recognise the mystery of flow of currency of life-nourishing forces, whether one gives education, clarity, an organ, blood, money, material, effort or just a warm smile.

- I.** of affluent expression and recognition
- II.** of you being rich inwardly in love and care
- III.** abundance of our material richness

Select the most appropriate option

- (a) Only I
- (b) Only (II) and (I)
- (c) Only III
- (d) Only II
- (e) All are correct

Q28. The government wants to reimpose curbs on gold imports after Diwali to discourage people from buying gold. That's not a good idea. Any attempt to curb demand artificially – through quantitative restrictions or higher import duties – _____. However, the government is worried that the surge in gold imports could undermine India's balance of payment's position.

- I.** will only encourage more smuggling and revive the unauthorized hawala market
- II.** India's gold imports in September rose 31% from a year ago as jewellers increased their purchases ahead of a festival at the end of the month, provisional data from GFMS showed.
- III.** Gold buying during Dussehra is considered auspicious.

Select the most appropriate option

- (a) Only I
- (b) Only (II) and (I)
- (c) Only III
- (d) Only II
- (e) All are correct

Q29. Delhi's air quality deteriorates with unflinching regularity at this time of the year, with large swathes of north India in the grip of suffocating smog, but the State governments that can make it easier for millions to breathe do not act with any sense of urgency. That it has turned into a public health emergency in the capital, with the air quality index touching extremely hazardous levels in some parts, necessitating the closure of primary schools, has further lowered its standing. It is unconscionable for governments, through indifference and inaction, to subject citizens to such toxic air, and _____ respiratory ailments and impaired lung function.

- I.** cause extreme suffering especially among people with
- II.** resultant in extreme effects for people with
- III.** caused problems and many health issues for elderly people and

Select the most appropriate option

- (a) Only I
- (b) Only (II) and (I)
- (c) Only III
- (d) Only II
- (e) All are correct

Q30. On the first anniversary of demonetisation, it is unambiguously clear that the project has been a resounding political success. It sent out a clear message that the government is determined to clamp down on black money and is prepared to take unorthodox measures for the purpose. Since the government continues to celebrate the move, _____

I. next move was yet to find out to flush out the black money

II. it follows that more steps are likely to expose black money, to validate demonetisation.

III. government celebrates the first anniversary of demonetisation

Select the most appropriate option

(a) Only I

(b) Only (II) and (I)

(c) Only III

(d) Only II

(e) All are correct

Directions (31-35): The following statements have some blanks which are to be filled with the options given below. Each blank can be filled with more than one option. Find the combination/s which can most suitably complete the sentence without altering the meaning of the statement.

Net neutrality creates rules of the road for a free and open Internet.

It ___(31)___ that barriers should not be created by telecom and Internet service providers for user choice by limiting their power to discriminate between content providers and different classes of content. Through ___(32)___ rules and regulations, the power of access providers to selectively price or create technical imbalances is corrected.

In its purest economic form, globalisation ___(33)___ free movement of capital, goods and labour across national boundaries. The ___(34)___, of course, departed from this ideal type. Compared to capital and goods, labour was always allowed lower freedom to move. Moreover, since different countries opted ___(35)___ varying degrees of integration with the global economy, even the movement of capital and goods, while less constrained than before, was not entirely free.

Q31. (I) preach

(II) requires

(III) advocating

(a) Only I

(b) Only II

(c) Both I & III

(d) Only III

(e) All Combination fit

- Q32. (I)** flexibility
(II) liberating
(III) binding
(a) Only I
(b) Only II
(c) Both I & III
(d) Only III
(e) All Combination fit

- Q33. (I)** negotiate
(II) represents
(III) retrograde
(a) Only I
(b) Only II
(c) Both I & III
(d) Only III
(e) All Combination fit

- Q34. (I)** diversity
(II) acknowledgment
(III) reality
(a) Only I
(b) Only II
(c) Both I & III
(d) Only III
(e) All Combination fit

- Q35. (I)** for
(II) around
(III) about
(a) Only I
(b) Only II
(c) Both I & III
(d) Only III
(e) All Combination fit

Direction (36-40): Below in each question, some sentences are given, find the sentence which is not really contributing to the main theme and OUT of the passage or find the odd sentence and rearrange the remaining sentences to make a coherent paragraph.

Q36. A. The government was a major contributor to investments in seed research in India for close to three decades after independence.

B. There was no IP law for the seed industry till The Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers' Rights Act (PPVFRA), 2001, came about



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C. Policy reforms like the New Policy On Seed Development (1988) and New Industrial Policy (1991), and advances made by science and technology, provided an impetus to the participation of the private sector in the Indian seed industry and private investments helped India benefit from hybrid seed technology and biotechnology.

D. For many decades, the Indian policy framework facilitated the interaction of science and innovation with entrepreneurship, which led to competition and the subsequent development of an industry structure that delivered sustainable economic benefits.

- (a) ACB
- (b) DCB
- (c) CBA
- (d) DAC
- (e) CDA

Q37. A. The region has been the locale for some of the bloodiest inter- and intra-state wars in the 20th century and promises to be the theatre for similar conflagrations in the foreseeable future between failing, emerging and established nuclear-armed countries.

B. This potential for conflict is exacerbated by the absence of a robust regional peace and security architecture.

C. The term “Indo-Pacific” has long been in vogue among marine biologists and ichthyologists to define the stretch of water from the tropical Indian Ocean, through the equatorial seas around the Indonesian archipelago, the South China Sea, and to the western and central Pacific Ocean.

D. For instance, in 2015 the foreign secretaries of Australia, India and Japan met ostensibly to firm up the security leg of India’s “Act East” policy.

E. The term entered the geopolitical lexicon only in the early 21st century and, predictably, has proved to be far more contentious than its scientific definition.

- (a) ACBD
- (b) EDCB
- (c) ACDE
- (d) AEDB
- (e) CEAB

Q38. A. The government has already set things rolling by creating a panel to ready a blueprint for the rollout of 5G mobile networks in India by 2020, a move that not only promises to make wireless connections seamlessly fast but will also provide for the spread of internet-connected smart devices.

B. The telecom industry in India has evolved over the past few years, seeing numerous changes from 2G to 4G.

C. The network operates by connecting computers and peripherals using switches, routers, and access points.

D. Today, mobile handsets not only function as the means of communication with our loved ones but also as a source of entertainment.

E. Now, fifth-generation, or 5G, technology is on its way to not only changing the way we communicate but also paving the way for new consumer-technology interactions.

- (a) ADEC
- (b) BDEA
- (c) DBEA
- (d) BCDA
- (e) DAEC

Q39. A. Those who had friends and families living outside Darjeeling were unable to communicate with each other and assure them of their well-being.

B. Sometimes I wonder if going online is an action or a behaviour. Or if it's an action that converts into a habitual behaviour, like brushing your teeth.

C. We brush our teeth every morning but we do it as a routine, often mechanically, barely noticing we're brushing our teeth yet it is an integral part of our day.

D. Similarly, being online is a behaviour that once you get used to, it is difficult to stay disconnected.

E. Besides, when an action becomes a habit, it becomes difficult to live without it.

- (a) CBAD
- (b) BAED
- (c) CEDA
- (d) BCED
- (e) CADE

Q40. A. This has proven a boon for the aerospace industry. Globally, in the next two decades, more than 41,000 aircraft are expected to be produced, with a value of over \$6.1 trillion.

B. Across the globe, rising wealth and the advent of discount airlines have made air travel more of a mass proposition than ever before.

C. This bounty will flow not only to plane manufacturers but also to a range of supporting parts and service suppliers.

D. A monthly cap of Rs10,000 for each means users may only use them for such use cases as utilities, telephone bills and so forth.

E. At the same time, the boom in electronic and mobile commerce has increased air-freight volumes as consumers order goods across borders, demanding speedy delivery.

- (a) BCEA
- (b) DBCA
- (c) BEAC
- (d) EADC
- (e) EABC

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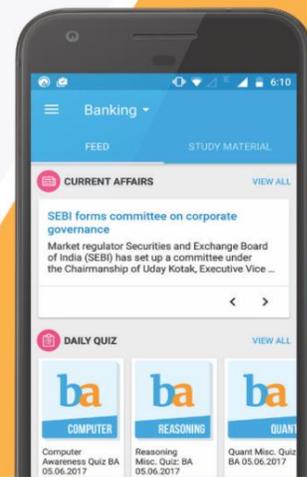
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