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RRB PO Prelims Memory Based Set-01

Direction (1-5): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Nine persons i.e. P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X were born on different months i.e. January, March, April, May, July, August, September, October, November but not necessarily in same order.

Four persons were born between P and T. P was born before T. Q was born in the month of 30 days after July. T was born after Q and before R. There were as many persons born before X as after R. one person was born between U and V. S was born before U and after W.

Q1. How many persons were born between X and V?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) One
- (d) Four
- (e) More than four

Q2. Who among the following was born on August?

- (a) R
- (b) S
- (c) T
- (d) P
- (e) None of these

Q3. In which of the following month S was born?

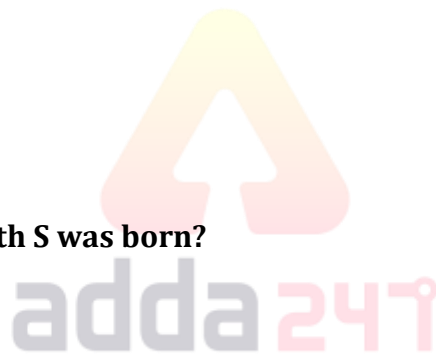
- (a) March
- (b) April
- (c) June
- (d) October
- (e) None of these

Q4. If W is related to April, V is related to July then, P is related to which of the following?

- (a) March
- (b) May
- (c) June
- (d) August
- (e) October

Q5. Four of the following five are alike in certain way based from a group, find the one which does not belong to that group?

- (a) R
- (b) S
- (c) T
- (d) U
- (e) V



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Direction (6-10): In each of the questions below are given some statements followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q6. Statements: Only a few Palace is Home. All Home is Office. No Office is Building.

Conclusion I: All Palace is Home is a possibility.

II: Some Palace is Building.

Q7. Statements: All Men is Women. Some Child is Women. No Men is Boy.

Conclusion I: Some Men is Child.

II: No Men is Child.

Q8. Statements: No Professor is Student. Only a few Student is Lecturer. All Lecturer is Principal.

Conclusion I: All Professor is Principal is a possibility.

II: All Student is Lecturer is a possibility.

Q9. Statements: Only a few Palace is Home. All Home is Office. No Office is Building.

Conclusion I: Some Home is Building.

II: No Home is Building.

Q10. Statements: No Professor is Student. Only a few Student is Lecturer. All Lecturer is Principal.

Conclusion I: Some Student is Principal.

II: Some Lecturer is Professor.

Direction (11-15): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons are sitting around a square table. Four persons are sitting at middle of the sides of the square and all are facing towards inside. Remaining four are sitting at corners and they face outside.

Two persons are sitting between P and U. R who is an immediate neighbor of P, sits opposite to S. T sits 3rd to the right of V. W sits immediate right of T. Q faces W.

Q11. Who among the following sits opposite to T?

- (a) P
- (b) R
- (c) S
- (d) W
- (e) None of these

Q12. How many persons are sitting between P and V when counted from left of P?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) Either (a) or (c)
- (e) None of these

Q13. What is the position of Q with respect to R?

- (a) Immediate right
- (b) Immediate left
- (c) 2nd to the right
- (d) 2nd to the left
- (e) None of these

Q14. Who among the following person sit 3rd to the right of Q?

- (a) P
- (b) U
- (c) R
- (d) S
- (e) None of these

Q15. Four of the following five are alike in certain way based from a group, find the one which does not belong to that group?

- (a) Q
- (b) R
- (c) S
- (d) T
- (e) U

Direction (16-17): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight members are living in a family. Q is the only son of P. T is wife of U. T is sister of Q and R. V is daughter in law of W. S is son of T. W is the mother of Q.

Q16. How is S related to R?

- (a) Son
- (b) Daughter
- (c) Nephew
- (d) Niece
- (e) Can't be determined



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Q17. How many male members are in the family?

- (a) Four
- (b) Five
- (c) Three
- (d) Six
- (e) None of these

Q18. How many such numerals are there in the number '254136987' which will remain at the Same position when arranged in ascending order from left to right?

- (a) one
- (b) two
- (c) three
- (d) four
- (e) None of these

Q19. How many pairs of letters are there in the word 'EDUCATION', each of which have as many letters between them in the word as they have between them in the English alphabet?

- (a) one
- (b) two
- (c) three
- (d) four
- (e) more than four

Q20. If four letter word is formed from 1st, 3rd, 5th and 6th letter of TRANSLATE then what is the 3rd letter of newly formed word? If more than one meaningful word is formed, then the answer will be Z.

- (a) L
- (b) T
- (c) A
- (d) S
- (e) Z

Directions (21-25): Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1 – P, Q, R, S, T and U are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing south. In row 2 – A, B, C, D, E and F are seated (but not necessarily in the same order) and all of them are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. P faces D. U does not face A, who sits left to E but not immediate left. R sit at one of the ends and diagonally opposite to B. Three persons sit between B and F, who does not face U. C sits immediate left to D but does not faces S. Two persons sit between Q and U, none of them sits at the end. The one who faces T sits 2nd right to A.

Q21. Who among the following faces A?

- (a) S
- (b) T
- (c) Q
- (d) R
- (e) none of these

Q22. How many persons sit to the right of R?

- (a) No One
- (b) one
- (c) two
- (d) three
- (e) four

Q23. Four of the following five form a group, who among the following does not belongs to that group?

- (a) U
- (b) T
- (c) E
- (d) F
- (e) A

Q24. If in a certain way R is related to C, T is related to E, then who among the following is related to D?

- (a) U
- (b) T
- (c) E
- (d) F
- (e) Q

Q25. Who among the following sit 3rd right to U?

- (a) R
- (b) T
- (c) P
- (d) S
- (e) Q

Directions (26-30): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

In a certain code language

'left right centre' is written as 'yo vo na',

'ahead below behind' is written as 'sa ra la',

'above centre right' is written as 'ha vo na', and

'behind below above' is written as 'ha ra la'.

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Q26. What is the code for 'left'?

- (a) sa
- (b) ha
- (c) yo
- (d) na
- (e) None of these

Q27. 'behind' will be written as?

- (a) ra
- (b) ha
- (c) la
- (d) Either (a) or (c)
- (e) None of these

Q28. What is the code for 'ahead'?

- (a) sa
- (b) yo
- (c) la
- (d) ha
- (e) Can't be determined

Q29. What does 'ha' stand for?

- (a) behind
- (b) below
- (c) ahead
- (d) above
- (e) None of these

Q30. What is the code for 'centre'?

- (a) la
- (b) yo
- (c) sa
- (d) ha
- (e) Can't be determined

Directions (31-35): Study the following information and answer the questions given below:

There are eleven boxes placed one above the other. Five boxes are placed between F and T. Not more than five boxes are kept above T. Two boxes are kept between T and M. Three boxes are kept between M and S and M is kept at one of the positions above S. There are only three boxes kept above the box J. One box is kept between R and S. Two boxes are kept between R and H. Box D is kept at one of the positions below box K and at one of the positions above box C which is not above R. Box E is kept immediately above K.



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Q31. How many boxes are placed between J and R?

- (a) 5
- (b) 6
- (c) 3
- (d) 4
- (e) None of these

Q32. Which of the following statement is true regarding C?

- (a) C is placed at one of the positions above D
- (b) C is placed immediately below F.
- (c) R is placed just above C
- (d) C is placed at the bottom most position
- (e) None of these

Q33. Which of the following is not true regarding J?

- (a) J is immediately below box T
- (b) One of the boxes below J is D
- (c) Number of boxes between J and S is four
- (d) One of the boxes above J is K
- (e) One box is kept between J and M

Q34. Number of boxes above K is one less than the number of boxes below _____?

- (a) S
- (b) R
- (c) F
- (d) D
- (e) None of these

Q35. How many boxes are there between M and H?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) None
- (e) More than three

Directions (36-40): In each of the question, relationships between some elements are shown in the statements. These statements are followed by conclusions numbered I and II. Read the statements and give the answer.

- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q36. Statements: $C \leq L = E \leq R \leq K = P \geq O$

Conclusions: I. $P = C$ II. $C < P$

Q37. Statements: $W > A = S \geq H < I \leq N \leq G$

Conclusions: I. $H < W$ II. $G > H$

Q38. Statements: $C < O \leq D = S > A \geq P \geq Q$

Conclusions: I. $Q < D$ II. $C < A$

Q39. Statements: $F \leq B = I \leq C = A \geq S > E$

Conclusions: I. $S \geq B$ II. $F > E$

Q40. Statements: $I \geq N = T \geq E > L \geq G > M$

Conclusions: I. $G < N$ II. $I \geq L$

