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Directions (1-5): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Eight persons i.e. J, G, B, A, L, P, M and D have seated around a circular table. Some of them face inside and some of them face outside. They like different colors i.e. Red, Black, White, Grey, Green, Yellow, Violet and Blue. The one who likes White sits opposite to the one who likes Grey. D likes Green and sits 2nd left of J. A sits opposite to the one who sits 2nd right of D. The one who likes Black is an immediate neighbor of A and D. L sits opposite to the one who likes Black. L sits immediate right of J who likes Yellow. D does not face inside. P who likes Grey, sits 3rd left of D and faces the opposite direction as G faces. The one who likes Red sits 2nd left of the one who likes White. B faces the same direction as the person who likes White. M sits 2nd right of J and faces same direction as D. The one who likes Blue is an immediate neighbor of the one who likes Black and faces the opposite direction as D faces. G sits 2nd right of L.

Q1. Who among the following likes Violet?

- (a) A
- (b) G
- (c) L
- (d) B
- (e) M

Q2. Who among the following sits 2nd right of B?

- (a) D
- (b) G
- (c) P
- (d) A
- (e) M

Q3. Who among the following sits opposite to the one who likes Grey?

- (a) D
- (b) G
- (c) L
- (d) B
- (e) M

Q4. Who among the following sits immediate right of the one who likes Violet?

- (a) D
- (b) G
- (c) L
- (d) P
- (e) M

Q5. A likes which color?

- (a) White
- (b) Grey
- (c) Blue
- (d) Violet
- (e) None of these



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Directions (6-10): In each of the questions below are given some statements followed by some Conclusions numbered. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the Conclusions and then decide which of the given Conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Q6. Statements:

No CPU is register.

No register is bus.

All buses are transistor.

Some transistors are not capacitor.

Conclusions:

I. Some capacitors are register.

II. No CPU is bus is a possibility.

III. All transistors are CPU is a possibility.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows

(c) Either I or II follows

(d) Only III and II follow

(e) None follows

Q7. Statements:

Some primary are memory.

All RAM are memory.

All RAM are ROM.

No ROM is volatile.

Conclusions:

I. No RAM is volatile.

II. Some memories are not volatile.

III. All RAM are primary is a possibility.

(a) All follow

(b) Only II and III follow

(c) Only I and III follow

(d) Only I and II follow

(e) None of these

Q8. Statements:

Some mouse are not remote.

Some remote are not battery.

All battery is projector.

Some projector is not scanner.

Conclusions:

I. All projectors are scanner is a possibility.

II. Some scanners are not remote.

III. All projectors can never be remote.



- (a) Only I and III follow
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Only III follows
- (d) Only II and III follow
- (e) None of these

Q9. Statements:

All pencils are pens.
Some pens are paper.
Some copies are papers.

Conclusions:

- I.** Some pens are copy.
 - II.** Some pens are not copies.
 - III.** Some papers are pencil.
- (a) Only I follows
 - (b) Only II follows
 - (c) Either II or I follows
 - (d) Only I and II follow
 - (e) None of these

Q10. Statements:

No Aeroplane is Bus.
Some Cars are Aeroplane.
Some Cars are Bike.

Conclusions:

- I.** Some Cars are not bus.
 - II.** Some Cars are not Aeroplane.
 - III.** No bike is Bus.
- (a) Only I and III follow
 - (b) Only I follows
 - (c) Only II and either I or III follow
 - (d) Only III follows
 - (e) None of these



Direction (11-15): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow:

In a code language

“Clause calling tolerance” is written as “4&5, 2&7, 3#5”.

“Zero missile programmes” is written as “3#19, 2#15, 3&5”.

“deal and more military” is written as “2#5, 1&4, 3#25, 2#12”.

Q11. What is the code for ‘influence’?

- (a) 4#5
- (b) 5&4
- (c) 4&5
- (d) 5#4
- (e) None of these

Q12. What is the code for 'Deal extended'?

- (a) 2#12, 3#4
- (b) 2&12 3#4
- (c) 2#12 3&4
- (d) 2&12 3&4
- (e) None of these

Q13. Which of the following words could be coded as "2&18, 2&25"?

- (a) Other Nation
- (b) National Duty
- (c) Duty Pride
- (d) Other country
- (e) Over country

Q14. Which of the following word be coded as '4#12'?

- (a) Magnified
- (b) Industries
- (c) Industry
- (d) Materials
- (e) Industrial

Q15. What is the code for 'facilitate'?

- (a) 4#5
- (b) 5#5
- (c) 5&5
- (d) 5&4
- (e) 5#4



Directions (16-18): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below-

There are eight people i.e. M, N, O, P, Q, R, S and T who sit around a circular table facing towards the centre. R sits immediate left of the one who actually sits 2nd right of M. S faces the one who sits immediate left of P. There is one person sits between P and Q. T is not the neighbor of P. N is near to M. Q is neighbor to S. T sits immediate left of N who is not neighbor of P.

Q16. Who among the following sits immediate right of Q?

- (a) O
- (b) S
- (c) M
- (d) R
- (e) N



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Q17. How many person sits between T and M?

- (a) One
- (b) Three
- (c) Two
- (d) Four
- (e) No one

Q18. Who among the following faces N?

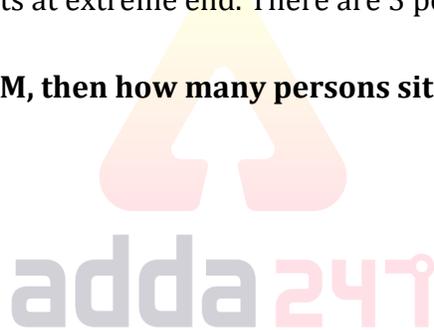
- (a) R
- (b) S
- (c) M
- (d) Q
- (e) O

Directions (19-20): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below:

Some persons are sitting in a row and facing towards North direction. S sits fourth left of M. A sits 2nd left of S. B is immediate right of A who sits at extreme end. There are 3 persons sit between M and O.

Q19. If J is immediate neighbor of M, then how many persons sit between J and O?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) Four
- (d) Five
- (e) Can't be determined



Q20. If G sits in exactly middle between M and S, then what is the position of B with respect to G?

- (a) 3rd left
- (b) 2nd left
- (c) Immediate left
- (d) Immediate right
- (e) None of these

Directions (21-23): Each of the following questions consists of a statement followed by two arguments I and II.

Give answer

- (a) if only argument I is strong
- (b) if only argument II is strong
- (c) if either I or II is strong
- (d) if neither I nor II is strong
- (e) if both I and II are strong.

Q21. Statement: Should young entrepreneurs be encouraged?

Arguments:

I. Yes. They will help in industrial development of the country.

II. Yes. They will reduce the burden on employment market.

Q22. Statement: Should the sex determination test during pregnancy be completely banned?

Arguments:

I. Yes. This leads to indiscriminate female feticide and eventually will lead to social imbalance.

II. No. People have a right to know about their unborn child.

Q23. Statement: Should government jobs in rural areas have more incentives?

Arguments:

I. Yes. Incentives are essential for attracting government servants there.

II. No. Rural areas are already cheaper, healthier and less complex than big cities. So, why offer extra incentives.

Directions (24–25): Study the following instructions carefully and then answer the questions that follow.

(a) If only conclusion I follows.

(b) If only conclusion II follows.

(c) If either I or II follows.

(d) If neither I nor II follows.

(e) If both I and II follow.

Q24. Statement: Mohan tells Nita, “Let us meet over lunch tomorrow.”

Assumptions:

I. Lunch timings are known to both.

II. Both are aware of the venue for lunch.

Q25. Statement: The movie is a super-duper hit and has broken all the records.

Assumptions:

I. There is an authentic criterion to judge a hit or a flop.

II. The performance of earlier movies is known.

Directions (26-30): Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Seven friends belong to different cities i.e. Kanpur, Chennai, Goa, Lucknow, Delhi, Kolkata, and Patna. They have different insurance plans i.e. Term life, Whole life, ULI, Car, Health, Motor and Home. These are not in the same order as given. A belongs to Lucknow but does not have either Health or ULI. The one who has Whole life insurance is N. The one who belongs to Kolkata, does not have Health or Term life insurance. D has Car insurance but does not belong to Chennai. The one who has Motor belongs to Patna. P does not belong to either Delhi or Kolkata but has ULI insurance. J has either Health or Term life insurance. The one who belongs to Kolkata is either N or J. W belongs to Kanpur but does not have either Term life or Health insurance. The one who belongs to Goa, has Health insurance. A does not have Health. Z has Motor insurance.

Q26. Who among the following belongs to Goa?

- (a) J
- (b) D
- (c) Z
- (d) W
- (e) N

Q27. Who among the following has Home insurance?

- (a) D
- (b) J
- (c) P
- (d) W
- (e) A

Q28. Who among the following belongs to Chennai?

- (a) D
- (b) J
- (c) P
- (d) W
- (e) A

Q29. Who among the following belongs to Patna?

- (a) J
- (b) Z
- (c) D
- (d) W
- (e) A

Q30. D belongs to which city?

- (a) Goa
- (b) Delhi
- (c) Chennai
- (d) Kanpur
- (e) Patna



Directions (31-33): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow-

'P - Q' means 'P is father of Q'

'P ÷ Q' means 'P is sister of Q'

'P × Q' means 'P is mother of Q'

'P + Q' means 'P is brother of Q'

Q31. Which of the following means 'A is nephew of B'?

- (a) $A + C - B \times K$
- (b) $B \div H - A + D$
- (c) $B \div G - A \div R$
- (d) $B + T \times A \div E$
- (e) None of these

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Q32. Which of the following means 'P is grandfather of J'?

- (a) $J \div W - U - P$
- (b) $P \times G + J \div A$
- (c) $P - B \div J \div R$
- (d) $P - T - J \div S$
- (e) None of these

Q33. How is R related to B in the expression 'B ÷ C - S + R'?

- (a) aunt
- (b) niece
- (c) nephew
- (d) None of these
- (e) Cannot be determined

Directions (34-35): Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

P is father of M who is brother in law of K. N is daughter in law of Z who is grandmother of L. P has only two children one son and one daughter. X is sister in law of N. P is father in law of N. K is unmarried.

Q34. If K is wife of J then what could be the relation of J with respect to N?

- (a) Brother
- (b) Brother in law
- (c) Uncle
- (d) Cannot be determined
- (e) None of these.

Q35. What is relation of L with respect to X?

- (a) Nephew
- (b) Niece
- (c) Son
- (d) Daughter
- (e) Cannot be determined

Directions (36-40): Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

In each of the following questions, assuming the given statements to be true, find out which of the two conclusions I and II given below them is/are definitely true.

Q36. Statements: $U \geq N$, $N < W$, $W \leq R$, $R = D$

Conclusions:

- I. $U \geq W$
- II. $D \geq W$
- III. $N < R$
- IV. $U < D$

- (a) Only I is true
- (b) Only II and III are true
- (c) Only I and III are true
- (d) None is true
- (e) None of these

Q37. Statements: $B = H, E < H, E \leq L, L < P$

Conclusions:

I. $B < P$

II. $P > E$

III. $H > L$

IV. $E = B$

- (a) Only I is true
- (b) Only II is true.
- (c) Only III and IV are true.
- (d) All are true.
- (e) None of these

Q38. Statements: $M < T, T \geq J, J > K, K = Q$

Conclusions:

I. $T > Q$

II. $J > Q$

III. $T \geq K$

IV. $M < Q$

- (a) Only I and II are true
- (b) Only III and IV are true
- (c) Only II and III are true
- (d) Only I is true.
- (e) All are true.



Q39. Statements: $R < D, D \geq L, L \leq M, M < P$

Conclusions:

I. $M > R$

II. $D \geq P$

III. $L < P$

IV. $D = M$

- (a) Only I is true
- (b) Only II and IV are true.
- (c) Only III is true
- (d) None is true.
- (e) All are true

Q40. Statements: $W \leq F$, $F > M$, $M < D$, $D \leq T$

Conclusions:

I. $F > D$

II. $T > W$

III. $M < W$

IV. $T > M$

(a) Only I, II and III are true

(b) Only II and III are true.

(c) Only II is true.

(d) Only IV is true.

(e) All are true.

Directions (41-45): On the basis of the information given below, answer the following questions.

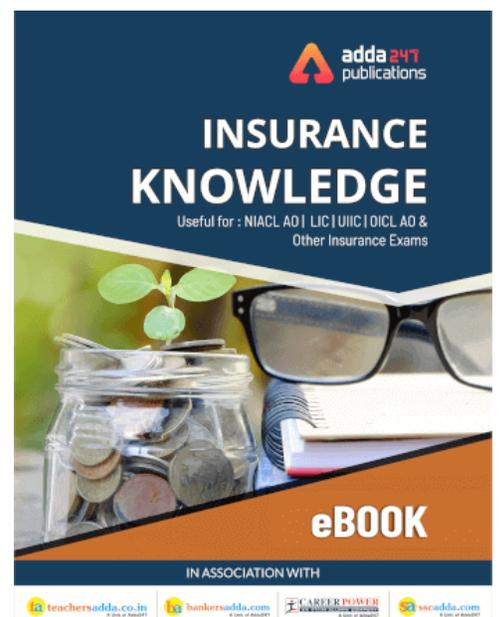
Six persons are sitting around a circular table. They belong to six different countries i.e. India, China, Germany, France, Russia and Japan but not necessarily in the same order. Also each person likes different subjects i.e. Physics, Chemistry, Economics, Medicine, Peace and Literature but not necessarily in the same order. The persons who like Medicine, Economics and Peace are neither from Japan nor from India. The persons who belong to France and China likes neither Medicine nor Literature. A is neither from Japan nor sits on the immediate left of the person who likes Chemistry. The only person, who is between E and F, likes Physics. The one who likes Medicine is sitting opposite the person, who belongs to Russia. While the person, who belongs to China sits on the immediate left of the person, who likes peace. The person who is on the left side of the person from Japan does not like Literature. D likes Chemistry and belongs to China and he is facing the person who likes Physics. The one who likes Literature sits on the immediate right of the person, who belongs to Japan but on the immediate left of the person who likes Economics. C does not like Economics and F does not like Medicine. B is one of the person.

Q41. Who likes Chemistry?

- (a) The person who is sitting to the immediate left of B
- (b) The person who is sitting to the immediate right of A
- (c) The person who is sitting opposite to the person, who likes Physics.
- (d) The person, who belongs to Japan.
- (e) Both (c) and (d)

Q42. The person who sits between E and D is (to the left of E)?

- (a) Second to the left of the person, who belongs to India.
- (b) Second to the right of the person, who belongs to Japan.
- (c) Fourth to the left of the person, who belongs to Russia.
- (d) Second to the right of the person, who likes literature.
- (e) None of these



Q43. Who is sitting on the immediate right of the one, who likes Literature?

- (a) D
- (b) E
- (c) B
- (d) F
- (e) None of these

Q44. The one who like Medicine sits?

- (a) On the immediate left of the person, who belongs to France.
- (b) On the immediate right of the person, who belongs to Japan.
- (c) On the opposite of the person, who likes Economics.
- (d) On the opposite of the person, who belongs to Russia.
- (e) Both (c) and (d)

Q45. Who is sitting on third to the left of second to the right of the person, who belongs to France?

- (a) B
- (b) A
- (c) C
- (d) E
- (e) None of these

Directions (46-50): Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

In a certain code language

"leaders across opposition parties" is coded as " K@L L#I P#I Y@G "

"party was looking just" is coded as "P@F P#U E#I L#C"

"there have been " is coded as "H#W R@U X@L "

Q46. What is the code for 'opposition candidate' in the given code language?

- (a) K#L Y#W
- (b) K@L Y@W
- (c) K@L Y#K
- (d) K@L Y#W
- (e) None of these

Q47. What is the code for 'reputation' in the given code language?

- (a) H@P
- (b) H@K
- (c) H#L
- (d) H@L
- (e) None of these

Q48. What may be the possible code for 'ruling party' in the given code language?

- (a) H@S L#C
- (b) H#S L#C
- (c) H@S L@C
- (d) H@K L#C
- (e) None of these

Q49. What may be the possible code for 'distinct signs' in the given code language?

- (a) V@F I#I
- (b) I@F I#I
- (c) V@F I#K
- (d) V@F J#I
- (e) None of these

Q50. What is the code for 'freedom' in the given code language?

- (a) V#P
- (b) V#K
- (c) V@O
- (d) V#O
- (e) None of these

Directions (51-53): In each of the question below is given a statement followed by three courses of action numbered I, II and III. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true, then decide which of the three given suggested courses action logically follows for pursuing.

Q51. Statement: The exodus from villages to cities is detrimental to both.

Courses of action

- I.** Rural posting must be made mandatory.
- II.** There should be fewer trains linking cities to smaller places.
- III.** Employment generation scheme should be launched in rural areas.

- (a) Only II follows
- (b) Only I and II follows
- (c) Only III follows
- (d) Only II and III follows
- (e) None follows

Q52. Statement: There was a spurt in criminal activities in the city due to the recent festive season.

Courses of action

- I.** The police should immediately investigate the causes of this increase.
- II.** In future the police should take adequate precaution to avoid recurrence of such situation during festival.
- III.** The known criminals should be arrested before any such season.

- (a) Only II follows
- (b) Only I and II follows
- (c) Only III follows
- (d) Only II and III follows
- (e) None follows

Q53. Statement: Besides looks and appearances, it is also important to develop oneself from within.

Courses of action

- I.** One should not pay attention to fashion.
II. One should pay attention to fashion.
III. Books on self-development should be encouraged.
- (a) Only II follows
(b) Only I and II follows
(c) Only III follows
(d) Only II and III follows
(e) None follows

Directions (54-55): In each question below is given a statement followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true, then consider the two conclusions together and decide which of them logically follows beyond a reasonable doubt from the information given in the statement.

Give answer:

- (a) If only conclusion I follows
(b) If only conclusion II follows
(c) If either I or II follows
(d) If neither I nor II follows and
(e) If both I and II follow.

Q54. Statement: A neurotic is a non-stupid person who behaves stupidly.

Conclusion:

- I.** Stupidity and neuroticism are related.
II. Normal persons behave intelligently.

Q55. Statement: Vegetable prices are soaring in the market.

Conclusion:

- I.** Vegetables are becoming a rare commodity.
II. People cannot eat vegetables.

Directions (56-60): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Seven boxes A, B, C, D, E, F, G are kept one above the other containing different number of chocolates ranging from 10-90.

There are two boxes between kept between Box B and the box containing 56 chocolates, which is kept below box B. Only one box is kept between box F and the box containing 56 chocolates. Two boxes are kept between box F and box A, which is kept below box B. Three boxes are kept between Box A and the box containing 41 chocolates which is not kept at the bottom. Box A contains 5 less chocolates than box B. Only one box is kept between box D and box containing 41 chocolates, which is kept below box D. Box C kept below box E, which contains 81 chocolates. Box C is kept immediately below box containing 64 chocolates. Box C does not contain 56 chocolates. Box C contains 24 less chocolates than box D. Box G contains 6 more chocolates than box D.

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Q56. Which of the following box is kept at the top?

- (a) A
- (b) G
- (c) E
- (d) D
- (e) None of these

Q57. What is total number of chocolates does box A and C contains?

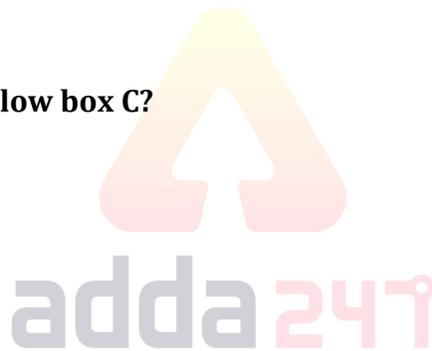
- (a) 62
- (b) 55
- (c) 60
- (d) 72
- (e) None of these

Q58. How many boxes are kept between box G and box B?

- (a) One
- (b) Three
- (c) Two
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these

Q59. How many boxes are kept below box C?

- (a) Three
- (b) Two
- (c) One
- (d) More than Three
- (e) None



Q60. What is the total number of chocolates does boxes at the top and the bottom contains?

- (a) 97
- (b) 107
- (c) 131
- (d) 86
- (e) None of these

Direction (61-65): Study the information carefully to answer the following questions.

There are 7 friends namely A, B, F, E, G, C, D who work in different company i.e. ADDA247, Career Power, PARAMOUNT, PRUDENCE, TIMES, MAHENDRA, TESTBOOK but not necessarily in the same order. Also, they have different phones i.e. One plus, SAMSUNG, HONOR, Vivo, IT, NOKIA, Apple but not necessarily in the same order.

Neither D nor E works in MAHENDRA. D is not from ADDA247.

The one who works in ADDA247 has SAMSUNG phone. F works in TIMES. A has Apple phone. C works in Career Power and has One plus. The one who has Oppo phone works in MAHENDRA. G does not have Vivo and Oppo phone. The one who has NOKIA phone neither work in TESTBOOK nor PRUDENCE. F does not have NOKIA. G works in PRUDENCE.

Q61. Who among the following works in Mahendra?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) B
- (d) G
- (e) none of these

Q62. Who among the following has Samsung as phone?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) B
- (d) G
- (e) none of these

Q63. Who among the following works in Paramount?

- (a) F
- (b) E
- (c) B
- (d) G
- (e) none of these

Q64. Which of the following combination is true?

- (a) G-One plus-PRUDENCE
- (b) E-Apple-PARAMOUNT
- (c) B-ADDA247-HONOR
- (d) F-Vivo-TIMES
- (e) none of these



Q65. Which of the following is not correct regarding D?

- (a) he works in PARAMOUNT
- (b) he has NOKIA phone
- (c) he does not have HONOR as phone
- (d) all (a), (b), (c) are correct
- (e) none is correct

Direction (66-70): In each question below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts:

- (a) Only I follow
- (b) Only II follow
- (c) Either I or II follow
- (d) Neither I nor II follow
- (e) Both I and II follows

Q66. Statements: Some Sbi are Po. All Po are Ibps. Some clerk are ibps.

Conclusions:

- I. Some Po are clerk
- II. Some ibps are sbi

Q67. Statements: All code are Day. All puzzle are error. No code is puzzle.

Conclusions:

- I. All code can be error
- II. All day can be puzzle

Q68. Statements: All Di are Para. All Puzzle are Short. Some Puzzle are Di.

Conclusions:

- I. Some Short are not Para
- II. Some Short are Para

Q69. Statements: All Relation are Order. Some Data are Blood. Some Relation are blood.

Conclusions:

- I. Some Data are Relation
- II. No Relation is Data

Q70. Statements: All code are Day. All puzzle are error. No code is puzzle

Conclusions:

- I. Some Day are not error
- II. All error can be Day

Directions (71-75): In the following questions, now in each of the following questions, assuming the given statements to be true, find which of the conclusions given below them is/are definitely true.

Give answer

- (a) If only conclusion I is true.
- (b) If only conclusion II is true.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II is true.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II is true.
- (e) If both conclusion I and II are true.

Q71. Statements: $A > B \geq D > G \geq E$

Conclusions:

- I. $G > B$
- II. $A > E$

Q72. Statements: $M < O \leq U \geq S \geq Q$

Conclusions:

- I. $U > M$
- II. $S < U$

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Q73. Statements: $O < T > W = X \leq U$

Conclusions:

I. $T > X$

II. $U < T$

Q74. Statement: $T > U \geq O > R < S < B$

Conclusions:

I. $U > R$

II. $O \leq B$

Q75. Statements: $S < X > U < W, U > Q$

Conclusions:

I. $Q < W$

II. $X > Q$

Directions (76-80): In each of the questions below is given three statements followed by three conclusions numbered I, II and III. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Q76. Statements: Some light is pen. No pen is sun. Some sun is moon.

Conclusions:

I. Some moon is not light.

II. Some moon is not pen.

III. All light being moon is a possibility.

- (a) None follows
(b) Only I follows
(c) Only II follows
(d) Only III follows
(e) Only II and III follow

Q77. Statements: All star is water. No water is train. Some train is bus.

Conclusions:

I. All water being star is a possibility.

II. All star being water is a possibility.

III. No star is bus.

- (a) None follows
(b) Only I follows
(c) Only II follows
(d) Only I and II follow
(e) Only II and III follow

Q78. Statements: Some copy is pen. All pen is exam. No exam is test.

Conclusions:

- I. All copy being test is a possibility.
- II. Some copy is test.
- III. Some pen is test.
- (a) None follow
- (b) Only I and II follow
- (c) Only I and III follow
- (d) Only II and III follow
- (e) All follow

Q79. Statements: All line is red. All red is black. No red is chair.

Conclusions:

- I. No black is chair.
- II. No line is chair.
- III. All line being black is a possibility.
- (a) Only I follows
- (b) Only II follows
- (c) Only III follows
- (d) Only either I or III and II follow
- (e) None follow

Q80. Statements: Some night is day. All day is bright. All bright is star.

Conclusions:

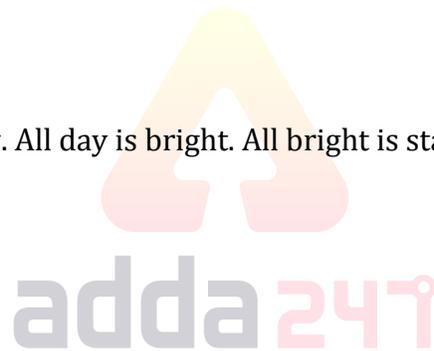
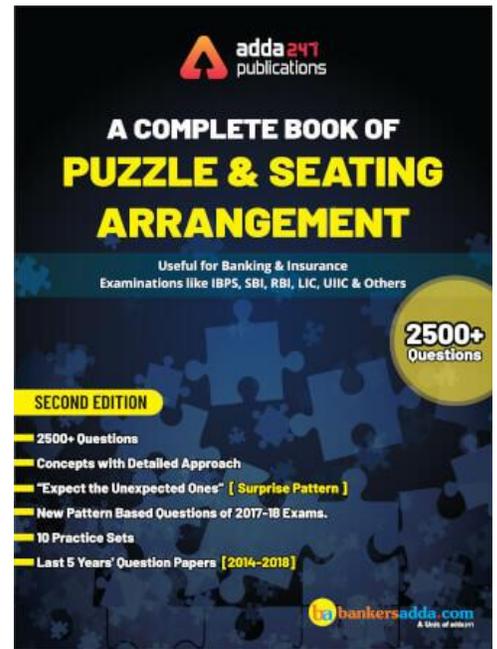
- I. Some night is bright.
- II. All day is star.
- III. Some star is night.
- (a) All follows
- (b) Only I follows
- (c) Only II follows
- (d) Only III follows
- (e) Only I and II follow

Direction (81-84):- Read all the given information carefully and answer the following questions.

There are seven friends A, B, C, D, E, F and G who likes different colour i.e. Blue, Black, yellow, Green, Pink, Red and Purple. D does not likes Green colour. B likes either purple colour or yellow colour. F likes Black colour. Either C or E likes yellow colour. A likes Blue colour. D and C likes Green and pink colour but not in the same order.

Q81. Who among the following likes purple colour?

- (a) C
- (b) E
- (c) B
- (d) G
- (e) None of these



Q82. G likes which of the following colour?

- (a) Red
- (b) Blue
- (c) Black
- (d) Purple
- (e) None of these

Q83. D like which of the following colour?

- (a) Red
- (b) Yellow
- (c) Green
- (d) Purple
- (e) Pink

Q84. In the given following options which combination of person and colour is correct?

- (a) B - Green
- (b) D- Green
- (c) B - Red
- (d) E - Yellow
- (e) F - Blue

Directions (85-87): Study the given information carefully and answer the given questions.

Among six people – A, B, C, D, E and F each of a different height, A is shorter than only D. Only two persons are shorter than E. F is shorter than E. F and C are not the shortest.

Q85. Who among the following is the shortest?

- (a) B
- (b) A
- (c) E
- (d) C
- (e) None of these

Q86. If E's height is 5 ft, then which of the following may be C's height?

- (a) 4 ft
- (b) 3 ft
- (c) 5.3 ft
- (d) 4.7 ft
- (e) 4.9 ft

Q87. How many people are shorter than C?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) More than four

Direction (88-90): Read all the given information carefully and answer the following questions.

Eight persons M, N, O, P, Q, R, S and T are sitting in a row facing towards north. No two members are sitting together according to the alphabetical order. T sits third to the right of P, who does not sit at the end of the row. Only one person sits between O and T. Only one person sits between S and Q. O does not sit at the end of the row. N sits on the immediate right of R.

Q88. How many persons sits between M and P?

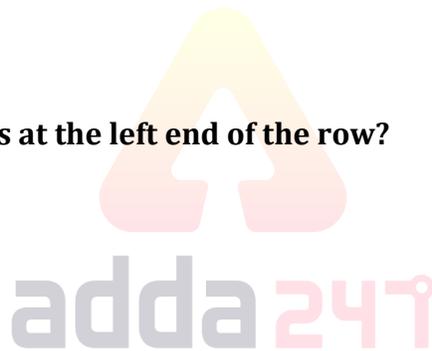
- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) More than Three
- (d) Three
- (e) No One

Q89. Who among the following sits on the immediate right of N?

- (a) M
- (b) R
- (c) T
- (d) S
- (e) None of these

Q90. Who among the following sits at the left end of the row?

- (a) R
- (b) S
- (c) Q
- (d) M
- (e) N



Direction (91-95): Read the information carefully and answer the questions:

Eight different coloured boxes i.e. Pink, Red, Violet, Green, Purple, Yellow, White and Magenta are placed one above another in a stack but not necessarily in the same order.

Red colour box is immediate above the green colour box. The number of boxes in between Red colour box and yellow colour box is one more than between the Green colour box and magenta colour box. Not more than three boxes are placed above green colour box. Two boxes are between yellow colour box and green colour box, which is below magenta colour box. White colour box is immediate above the red colour box. Pink colour box is below to yellow colour box. Purple box is not placed below violet and yellow box.

Q91. How many boxes are between Red and Violet coloured box?

- (a) Two
- (b) Three
- (c) One
- (d) Four
- (e) None

Q92. Which color of box is immediate below to Purple?

- (a) Yellow
- (b) White
- (c) Red
- (d) Magenta
- (e) None of these

Q93. Four of the five following to a group find which is not belongs to the groups?

- (a) White, Yellow
- (b) Green, Purple
- (c) Violet, Red
- (d) Pink, Magenta
- (e) Pink, Green

Q94. Which box are not adjacent to each other?

- (a) White, Pink
- (b) Red, White
- (c) Green, Red
- (d) Magenta, White
- (e) Pink, Yellow

Q95. Which box is immediate below the Green colour box?

- (a) Red
- (b) Yellow
- (c) Pink
- (d) Purple
- (e) Magenta

Q96. Pointing to a Lady, Harsh said, "She is the maternal aunt of my father's only daughter" How is the lady is related to Harsh's father?

- (a) brother
- (b) Sister
- (c) Daughter
- (d) sister in law
- (e) Father

Q97. Adarsh started walking in North direction for 2 km to reach P, then turn left walks 5km. After this, he turns right and walks 5 km again. Now, he turns again towards right and walks 4km, then turn right and walks 5km. Now what is the shortest distance between Point P and Final position and in which direction he is with respect to his initial position?

- (a) 1km, North west
- (b) 2km, North east
- (c) 1km, South
- (d) 2km, South west
- (e) None of these

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Q98. Pointing towards a Man, Happy said, "He is only child of my grandfather" How is Man related to Happy?

- (a) Uncle
- (b) Brother
- (c) Maternal Grandfather
- (d) Can't be determined
- (e) None of these

Q99. If the expressions ' $M > N$, $M < P$ ', ' $N > Y$ ' and ' $P < Q$ ' are true, which of the following conclusions will be true?

- (a) $N > Q$
- (b) $M > Q$
- (c) $Y = M$
- (d) $Q > Y$
- (e) None of these

Q100. In a class, six students A, B, C, D, E and F are seating on a circular bench and facing inside, A sits opposite to E, who sits second right to F. B sits opposite to the one who is adjacent to F. Who sits opposite to B?

- (a) A
- (b) C
- (c) D
- (d) E
- (e) Either (b) or (c)



Directions (101-102): In each question below is given a statement followed by two courses of action numbered I and II. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true and on the basis of the information given in the statement, decide which of the suggested courses of action logically follow(s) for pursuing.

Give answer

- (a) If only I follows
- (b) If only II follows
- (c) If either I or II follows
- (d) If neither I nor II follows
- (e) If both I and II follow.

Q101. Statement: A large number of employees have gone on a mass casual leave in protest, against the company's new recruitment policy.

Courses of action:

- I.** The company should immediately withdraw the new recruitment policy.
- II.** All these employees should immediately be suspended from their service.

Q102. Statements: A large cache of live ammunition has been found in the scarp-yard of a local steel factory.

Courses of action:

I. The steel factory should immediately be closed down till all these ammunitions are located and shifted to safe places.

II. The Government should immediately set up an enquiry to unearth the details and take corrective measures to avoid such incidence in future.

Directions (103-105): Each of the following questions consists of a statement followed by two arguments I and II.

Give answer

(a) if only argument I is strong

(b) if only argument II is strong

(c) if either I or II is strong

(d) if neither I nor II is strong

(e) if both I and II are strong.

Q103. Statement: Should all the infrastructural development projects in India be handed over to the private sector?

Arguments:

I. No. The private sector entities are not equipped to handle such projects.

II. Yes. Such projects are handled by private sector in the developed countries.

Q104. Statement: Should colleges be given the status of a university in India?

Arguments:

I. Yes. Colleges are in a better position to assess the students' performance and therefore the degrees will be more valid.

II. No. It is utopian to think that there will not be nepotism and corruption in awarding degrees by colleges.

Q105. Statement: Should our country extend generous behaviour and goodwill to our erring and nagging neighbours?

Arguments:

I. Yes. Goodwill always pays dividend.

II. No. Our generous behaviour and goodwill will be considered as our weakness.

Direction (106-110): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below-

Top ten students viz. A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I and J of a school are sitting in a row facing north for prize distribution ceremony. All of them got ranks as 1st, 2nd, 3rd and so on up to 10th as per their performance in exam but not necessarily in the same order. J sits an extreme right end and does not get 2nd and 4th rank. C sits third to the left of G who sits third to the left of D. The immediate neighbour of D got 2nd rank. B sits second to the right of A, who got the 5th rank. Both C and F are immediate neighbour of each other but none of them sits at an extreme end. The one who got 1st rank sits between the one who got 5th and 7th rank. B is not an immediate neighbour of D. E sits fourth to the right of F. H got 3rd rank and is not an immediate neighbour of C. The one who got 8th rank sits at an extreme left end. F neither got 1st nor 6th rank. The one who got 9th rank sits second to the right of the one who got 6th rank. C got the last rank.

Q106. Who amongst the following sit at extreme ends of the row?

- (a) C, F
- (b) D, I
- (c) A, G
- (d) I, J
- (e) None of these

Q107. How many persons are seated between F and D?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None

Q108. Which of the following is true regarding B?

- (a) B sits second to right of C.
- (b) B is not an immediate neighbour of E.
- (c) B sits third to right of A
- (d) B sits at one of the extreme ends of the line.
- (e) B's rank is 7th.

Q109. C is related to A in the same way as D is related to J. Which of the following is G related to, following the same pattern?

- (a) D
- (b) E
- (c) I
- (d) F
- (e) None of these

Q110. What is rank of J?

- (a) 3rd
- (b) 4th
- (c) 6th
- (d) 7th
- (e) 9th

Directions (111-115): In each question below, is given a group of letters followed by four combinations of digits/symbols numbered (a), (b), (c) and (d). You have to find out which of combinations correctly represents the group of letters based on the following coding system and mark the answer accordingly. If none of the four combinations correctly represents the group of letters, mark (e), i.e. 'None of these', as the answer.

Letter	D	I	M	Z	B	K	J	O	T	A	L	E	Y	G	P
Digit/Symbol	3	2	#	\$	7	6	1	8	4	@	5	%	&	*	9

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Conditions:

- (a) If the first letter is a vowel and the last letter is consonant, then their codes are to be interchanged.
- (b) If the both first and last letters is consonant, both are to be coded as Z.
- (c) If the both first and last letter is vowel, then their code is to be coded as last vowel's code.
- (d) If the last letter is opposite of first letter according to alphabetical series, then both are to be coded as the code for the last letter's code.

Q111. IKLZBE

- (a) #87%#
- (b) %57%#
- (c) %65\$7%
- (d) #8%7
- (e) None of these

Q112. VKBIEE

- (a) 9#2@%4
- (b) 9#2@%9
- (c) 4#2@%4
- (d) %672%%
- (e) None of these

Q113. JMDETY

- (a) Z#3%4Z
- (b) 18#67%
- (c) \$876%1
- (d) \$87%61
- (e) None of these

Q114. OPYALG

- (a) *9&@58
- (b) 18#67%
- (c) #546%1
- (d) %4@61
- (e) None of these

Q115. BKJOT

- (a) Z#34Z
- (b) 18#67
- (c) Z618Z
- (d) \$8761
- (e) None of these



Directions (116-120): Study the given information and answer the questions:

When a word and number arrangement machine is given an input line of words and numbers, it arranges them following a particular rule. The following is an illustration of input and its rearrangement.

Input: xmas 24 eye 35 moon 29 roop 47 lost 25

Step I: 47 xmas 24 eye 35 moon 29 roop 25 lost

Step II: 29 47 24 eye 35 moon roop 25 lost xmas

Step III: 35 29 47 24 eye moon 25 lost xmas roop

Step IV: 25 35 29 47 24 eye lost xmas roop moon

Step V: 24 25 35 29 47 lost xmas roop moon eye

Step V is the last step of the above arrangement as the intended arrangement is obtained.

As per the rules followed in the given steps find out the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input: prompt 20 walv 47 dog 84 look 38 roofs 56

Q116. In which step the elements 'dog walv prompt' found in the same order?

- (a) Step I
- (b) Step IV
- (c) Step V
- (d) Step II
- (e) None of these

Q117. What is the position of '56' from the left end in the fourth step?

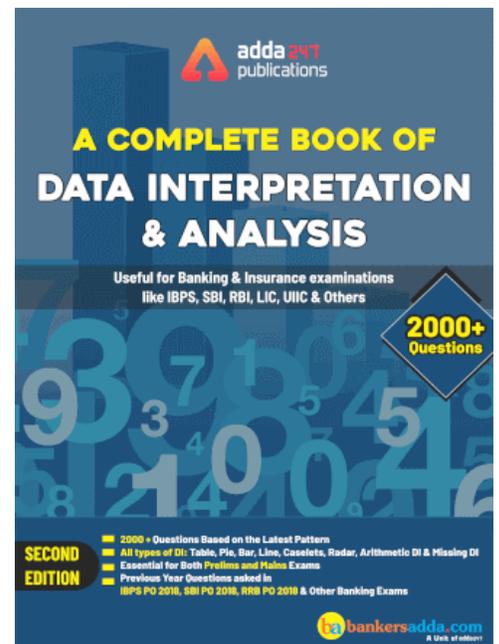
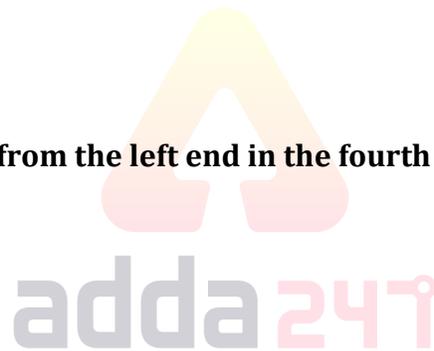
- (a) Fifth
- (b) Fourth
- (c) Sixth
- (d) Seventh
- (e) Third

Q118. In step IV, '84' is related to 'dog' and '20' is related to 'walv'. In the same way 'prompt' is related to?

- (a) 38
- (b) walv
- (c) look
- (d) roofs
- (e) None of these

Q119. Which element is exactly between '47' and '84' in last step of the given arrangement?

- (a) look
- (b) walv
- (c) roofs
- (d) 56
- (e) None of these



Q120. Which of the following is the second step of the arrangement based on the given input?

- (a) look 38 roofs 56 84 20 47 dog walv prompt
- (b) 56 84 look 38 roofs 20 47 dog walv prompt
- (c) 56 84 20 47 dog walv prompt look 38 roofs
- (d) 56 84 20 47 dog look 38 roofs walv prompt
- (e) None of these

Directions (121-122): Study the information given below carefully and answer the questions that follow:

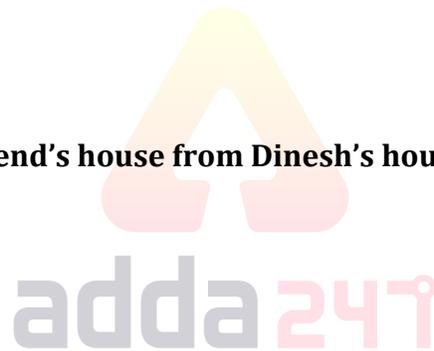
Dinesh who is facing South walked 50 m before turning to his left to walk 30 m. From this point, he turned towards North and walked for 30 m before reaching his friend's house. To return to his house he turned left and walked straight 30 m.

Q121. How far is Dinesh's house from his starting point?

- (a) 20 m
- (b) 10 m
- (c) 15 m
- (d) 25 m
- (e) 18 m

Q122. In which direction is his friend's house from Dinesh's house?

- (a) East
- (b) West
- (c) South
- (d) North
- (e) None of these



Q123. Abhijit's house is to the right of Baljit's house at a distance of 20 m in the row facing North. Sanjay's house is in the North-East direction from Baljit's house at a distance of 25 m. Abhijit's house is in which direction with respect to Sanjay's house?

- (a) North
- (b) East
- (c) West
- (d) South-West
- (e) Data inadequate

Directions (124-125): Study the following information and answer the questions given:

Ravi walked 5m towards north from point A and reached point B. He took a right turn from point B and walked 7m and reached point C. He took another right turn from point C and walked 6m to reach point D. Ravi took a right turn from point D and walked 3m to reach point E. From point E, Ravi took another right turn and walk 6m and reached point F

Q124. Point F is in which direction with respect to point A?

- (a) North
- (b) South
- (c) South-east
- (d) South-west
- (e) North-east

Q125. Point E is in which direction with respect to point C?

- (a) North
- (b) South
- (c) South-east
- (d) South-west
- (e) None of these

Direction (126-130): Study the following information to answer the given questions:

Eight friends are sitting in a row and some of them are facing north and some are facing south. A faces north and sits fourth to the right of the one who sits at one of the extreme end. B sits at one of the extreme end and faces north. Three persons sit between E and F and both faces south direction and doesn't sit at any extreme end. Two persons sit between C and D and none of them sit at extreme end. H sits 2nd to the left of F. G is one of the neighbor of C and faces south. Both D and H face same direction. Not more than two person sitting together faces same direction.

Q126. Who among the following sits at an extreme end?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) None of these

Q127. Who sits second to the left of D?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) E
- (e) None of these

Q128. How many persons sit between G and D?

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) more than 3
- (e) None

Q129. Who sits third to the left of F?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) C
- (d) No one
- (e) None of these

Q130. Four of the following belong to a group find the one that doesn't belong to that group?

- (a) A
- (b) B
- (c) H
- (d) D
- (e) E

Directions (131-133): Each of the following questions consists of a statement followed by two arguments I and II.

Give answer

- (a) if only argument I is strong
- (b) if only argument II is strong
- (c) if either I or II is strong
- (d) if neither I nor II is strong
- (e) if both I and II are strong.



Q131. Statement: Should officers accepting bribe be punished?

Arguments:

- I.** No. Certain circumstances may have compelled them to take bribe.
- II.** Yes. They should do the job they are entrusted with, honestly.

Q132. Statement: Should India become a permanent member of UN's Security Council?

Arguments:

- I.** Yes. India has emerged as a country which loves peace and amity.
- II.** No. Let us first solve problems of our own people like poverty, malnutrition.

Q133. Statement: Should the persons below the age of 18 years be allowed to join armed forces?

Arguments:

- I.** No. Persons below the age of 18 do not attain both physical and mental maturity to shoulder such burden.
- II.** Yes, this can makes our army more powerful.

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BILINGUAL

Directions (134-135): Study the following instructions carefully and then answer the questions that follow.

Q134. Statement: Many people living in the slums of western part of the town are diagnosed to be suffering from malaria.

Courses of Action:

I. The municipal corporation should immediately make.

II. The municipal authority should immediately make necessary arrangements to provide quick medical help to the affected people.

III. The municipal authority should take steps to shift all the people staying in the slums of western part of town to other areas.

(a) Only I follows

(b) Only II follows.

(c) Only I and III follow.

(d) Only I, II and III follow.

(e) None of these

Q135. Statement: Many teachers of the local school have rendered their resignation to the principal to protest the management's decision for not implementing revised pay scales.

Courses of Action:

I. The school management should accept the resignations and appoint new teachers.

II. The school management should persuade the teachers to continue with an assurance of considering the pay hike issue.

III. The school management should approach the govt. for guidelines.

(a) None follows

(b) Only either I or II follows.

(c) Only III follows.

(d) Only I follows.

(e) Only II follows.

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Directions (136-140): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Eight persons are sitting around a square table such that two persons sit on each side of the table. Each of them either have 9 or 10 toffees. B who has 10 toffees sits 4th left to A. None of the persons having 9 toffees sit together. Not more than one person sit between H and E. Not less than three persons have same number of toffees. F faces C and both have same toffees as A. Only one person sit between F and G. G is not neighbor of B. D has odd number of toffees and sits 2nd to the right of A. E is not 3rd right to A. Two persons sit between B and H.

Q136. Who among the following has 9 toffees?

(a) E

(b) F

(c) C

(d) B

(e) none of these

Q137. Who sit 4th left to the one who is immediate right to B?

- (a) E
- (b) F
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) none of these

Q138. How many persons sit between D and E, when counted from right of D?

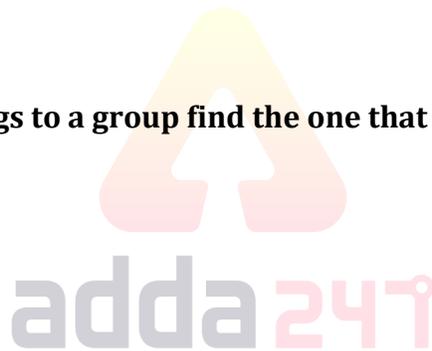
- (a) Two
- (b) One
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these

Q139. Who among the following sit immediate right to A?

- (a) E
- (b) F
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) none of these

Q140. Four of the following belongs to a group find the one that does not belong to that group?

- (a) E
- (b) F
- (c) C
- (d) B
- (e) G



Directions: (141-145): Each question consists of two/three or four statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. Consider the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follow from the given statements using all statements together.

Mark your answer as,

- (a) If only conclusion I follows
- (b) If only conclusion II follows
- (c) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows
- (e) If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow

Q141. Statement: Some begs are boxes

No box is briefcase

All suitcases are begs

Conclusions:

I. No briefcase is suitcase

II. All suitcases are boxes

Q142. Statement: Some begs are boxes

No box is briefcase

All suitcases are begs

Conclusions:

I. Some begs are briefcases

II. No box is suitcase is a possibility

Q143. Statements: No printer is monitor

No monitor is keyboard

All printers are mouse

All keyboards are speakers

Conclusions:

I. No keyboard is printer

II. All monitors are speakers is a possibility

Q144. Statements: No printer is monitor

No monitor is keyboard

All printers are mouse

All keyboards are speakers

Conclusions:

I. Some mouse are not monitors

II. All speakers are mouse is a possibility

Q145. Statements: All huts are homes

Some houses are huts

All cottages are houses

Conclusion:

I. At least some homes are cottages

II. Some huts are cottages



Directions (146-147): In these questions, the relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by two conclusions. Give answer

(a) if only conclusion I is true.

(b) if only conclusion II is true.

(c) if either conclusion I or II is true.

(d) if neither conclusion I nor II is true.

(e) if both conclusions I and II are true.

Q146. Statements: $A \geq B > C, D \leq A < P$

Conclusions:

I. $P > C$

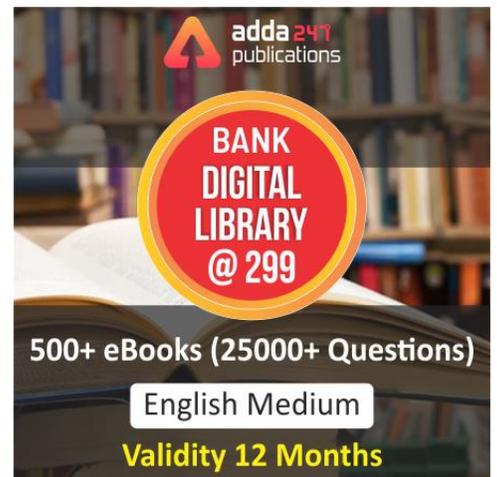
II. $D < P$

Q147. Statements: $A \leq B < C, C \geq M > N$

Conclusions:

I. $M > C$

II. $B < N$



Directions (148-150): In each of the questions below are given three statements followed by three conclusions number I, II and III. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Q148. Statements: All pit are kit. All bit are kit. All kit are sit.

Conclusions:

I. All pit are sit.

II. All bit are sit.

III. Some sit are kit.

(a) only I and II follow

(b) only I and III follow

(c) only II and III follow

(d) All follows

(e) None of these

Q149. Statements: All sits are bit. Some bit are pit. All pit are kit.

Conclusions:

I. Some kit are bit.

II. Some bit are sits.

III. Some kit are sits.

(a) only I and II follow

(b) only I and III follow

(c) only II and III follow

(d) All I, II and III follow

(e) None of these

Q150. Statements: Some bit are sit. All fit are kit. All kit are pit.

Conclusions:

I. Some bit are pit.

II. Some bit are kit.

III. Some pit are sit.

(a) only I and II follow

(b) only I and III follow

(c) only II and III follow

(d) None follow

(e) None of these



Directions (151–155): Study the following information to answer the given questions:

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is an equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1, S, N, Y, A, U and D are seated and all of them are facing South, and in row 2 H, T, F, L, I and G are sitting and all of them are facing North. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. H sits third to right of L. Neither H nor L sits at extreme ends. U faces L. I does not face D. Two persons sit between Y and N. Y is not an immediate neighbor of U. F does not face D. S is not an immediate neighbour of Y. D does not face H and D does not sit at any of the extreme ends. D is not an immediate neighbor of U. T sits at one of the extreme ends. Only two people sit between T and I.

Q151. Who amongst the following sit at extreme ends of the rows?

- (a) T, I
- (b) A, U
- (c) S, Y
- (d) T, G
- (e) None of these

Q152. Who amongst the following faces H?

- (a) Y
- (b) U
- (c) S
- (d) N
- (e) A

Q153. How many persons are seated between U and A?

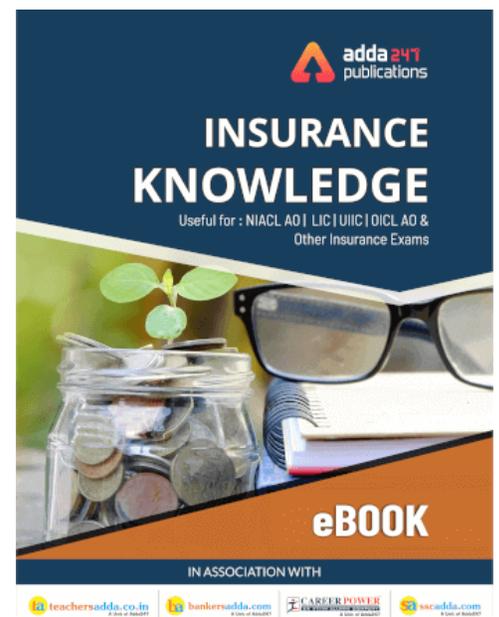
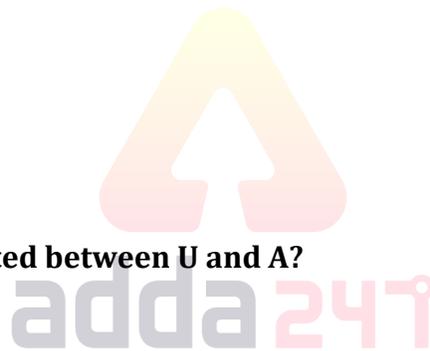
- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None

Q154. S is related to D in the same way as F is related to G. Which of the following is I related to, following the same pattern?

- (a) T
- (b) L
- (c) F
- (d) H
- (e) None of these

Q155. Which of the following is true regarding G?

- (a) G sits second to right of F.
- (b) G is not an immediate neighbour of H.
- (c) G sits third to left of L
- (d) G sits at one of the extreme ends of the line.
- (e) G faces D.



Directions (156-160): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow–

In a certain code language

'chitrakoot train derailed district' is coded as '56 83 71 37',

'Pradesh platform train accident' is coded as '76 75 38 83',

'early derailed platform hours' is coded as '37 86 16 76' and

'early accident of uttar' is coded as '75 58 16 63'.

Q156. What does '86' stand for?

- (a) early
- (b) hours
- (c) derailed
- (d) platform
- (e) Cannot be determined

Q157. What can be the code for 'new accident'?

- (a) 38 76
- (b) 75 56
- (c) 71 38
- (d) 51 75
- (e) Cannot be determined

Q158. Which of the following could be a code for 'it platform early accident'?

- (a) 75 36 86 76
- (b) 75 16 38 76
- (c) 76 71 16 75
- (d) 16 76 57 75
- (e) 38 76 56 16

Q159. What is the code for 'Pradesh'?

- (a) 38
- (b) 76
- (c) 75
- (d) 83
- (e) Cannot be determined

Q160. For how many words, codes can be exactly determined?

- (a) five
- (b) six
- (c) seven
- (d) eight
- (e) None of these

Directions (161-165): Each of the questions below, consist of three statements numbered I, II and III. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read the three statements and Give answer

- (a) If the data in statement I and II together are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement III are not required to answer the question.
(b) If the data in statement I and III together are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II are not required to answer the question.
(c) If the data in statement II and III are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I are not required to answer the question.
(d) If the data in all three statements I, II and III together are necessary to answer the question.
(e) If the data in all the statements, I, II and III even together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q161. On which day in November is definitely Rohit's mother's birthday?

- I.** Rohit correctly remembers that her mother's birthday is before eighteenth November but after twelfth November.
II. Rohit's sister correctly remembers that her mother's birthday is after fifteenth November but before nineteenth November.
III. Rohit's Father correctly remembers that his wife's birthday is after fourteenth November but before Seventeenth November.

Q162. Seven persons A, B, C, D, N, M and O sat around a round table then, what is the position of A with respect to C (Counted from left of C) in a round table seating arrangement if all of them are facing towards the center of the table?

- I.** A sits third to the left of M who is not the immediate neighbour of O. D sits immediate left of B.
II. N sits 2nd to the left of D. O sits on the immediate right of C.
III. M sits 2nd to the left of B, who is an immediate neighbour of A. C sits on the immediate right of O.

Q163. There are seven persons i.e. A, B, C, M, K, T and L in a family. Find who is the mother of K?

- I.** M is the brother K. T is married to B. K is daughter of L. A is married to L.
II. M is the sibling of K. T is the father of A.
III. K is the only sister of M. A is the only child of B and his wife is L.

Q164. In which direction and at what distance is point A is with respect to point M?

- I.** Point B is 2 m north of point N. point A is 2 m north of point B. Point E is 6 m east of point B.
II. Point I is 3m south of M. Point E is 3m west of point of I. Point B is 5m south of point E. Point A is to the west of point B.
III. Point E is 2m north of Point I. Point N is 6m west of point I. Point M is 2m south of point N.

Q165. Six persons A, B, C, D, E and F are sitting in a row and all are facing north direction. What is the position of D from the left end?

- I.** A is sitting third from the right end. B and E are immediate neighbour of A.
II. B is sitting 2nd to the right of E but he is not the immediate neighbor of A. E is sitting one of the end. D is not the immediate neighbour of B.
III. E is sitting on the immediate right of A, who is second to the right of C. C and F are immediate neighbours.

