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Solutions

S1. Ans.(e)

Sol. B study in college V and scores less marks than only two students. D study in a college which is situated in Chennai.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E		
F		

They score marks in an order-----

>> B >>>

C and F does not study in college III and also not in a college which is situated in Delhi. A score more marks than E but less marks than the D. The one who study in III score least marks. College III is situated in Noida. So, only E may study in college III which is situated in Noida and score least marks.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F		

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > > E

The one who study in a college which is situated in Delhi score second lowest marks. So, Only A may study in a college which is situated in Delhi and also score second lowest marks. Both B and F do not study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. So, C study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. College I is situated in Hyderabad. So, F may study in College I which is situated in Hyderabad.

Students	Institute	City
A		Delhi
B	V	
C		Roorkee
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > A > E

D score more marks than the one who study in college I but less marks than the one who study in college IV. A does not study in college IV and VI. So, D may scores less marks than C who study in college IV and more marks than F who study in college I. Rest D may study in College VI and B may study in a college which is situated in Bangalore.

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Students	Institute	City
A	II	Delhi
B	V	Bangalore
C	IV	Roorkee
D	VI	Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

$C > D > B > F > A > E$

S2. Ans.(b)

Sol. B study in college V and scores less marks than only two students. D study in a college which is situated in Chennai.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E		
F		

They score marks in an order-----

$> > B > > >$

C and F does not study in college III and also not in a college which is situated in Delhi. A score more marks than E but less marks than the D. The one who study in III score least marks. College III is situated in Noida. So, only E may study in college III which is situated in Noida and score least marks.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F		

They score marks in an order-----

$> > B > > > E$

The one who study in a college which is situated in Delhi score second lowest marks. So, Only A may study in a college which is situated in Delhi and also score second lowest marks. Both B and F do not study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. So, C study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. College I is situated in Hyderabad. So, F may study in College I which is situated in Hyderabad.

Students	Institute	City
A		Delhi
B	V	
C		Roorkee
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > A > E

D score more marks than the one who study in college I but less marks than the one who study in college IV. A does not study in college IV and VI. So, D may scores less marks than C who study in college IV and more marks than F who study in college I. Rest D may study in College VI and B may study in a college which is situated in Bangalore.

Students	Institute	City
A	II	Delhi
B	V	Bangalore
C	IV	Roorkee
D	VI	Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

C > D > B > F > A > E

S3. Ans.(c)

Sol. B study in college V and scores less marks than only two students. D study in a college which is situated in Chennai.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E		
F		

They score marks in an order-----

>> B >>>

C and F does not study in college III and also not in a college which is situated in Delhi. A score more marks than E but less marks than the D. The one who study in III score least marks. College III is situated in Noida. So, only E may study in college III which is situated in Noida and score least marks.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F		

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > > E

The one who study in a college which is situated in Delhi score second lowest marks. So, Only A may study in a college which is situated in Delhi and also score second lowest marks. Both B and F do not study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. So, C study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. College I is situated in Hyderabad. So, F may study in College I which is situated in Hyderabad.

Students	Institute	City
A		Delhi
B	V	
C		Roorkee
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > A > E

D score more marks than the one who study in college I but less marks than the one who study in college IV. A does not study in college IV and VI. So, D may scores less marks than C who study in college IV and more marks than F who study in college I. Rest D may study in College VI and B may study in a college which is situated in Bangalore.

Students	Institute	City
A	II	Delhi
B	V	Bangalore
C	IV	Roorkee
D	VI	Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

C > D > B > F > A > E

S4. Ans.(c)

Sol. B study in college V and scores less marks than only two students. D study in a college which is situated in Chennai.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E		
F		

They score marks in an order-----

>> B >>>

C and F does not study in college III and also not in a college which is situated in Delhi. A score more marks than E but less marks than the D. The one who study in III score least marks. College III is situated in Noida. So, only E may study in college III which is situated in Noida and score least marks.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F		

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > > E

The one who study in a college which is situated in Delhi score second lowest marks. So, Only A may study in a college which is situated in Delhi and also score second lowest marks. Both B and F do not study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. So, C study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. College I is situated in Hyderabad. So, F may study in College I which is situated in Hyderabad.

Students	Institute	City
A		Delhi
B	V	
C		Roorkee
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > A > E

D score more marks than the one who study in college I but less marks than the one who study in college IV. A does not study in college IV and VI. So, D may scores less marks than C who study in college IV and more marks than F who study in college I. Rest D may study in College VI and B may study in a college which is situated in Bangalore.

Students	Institute	City
A	II	Delhi
B	V	Bangalore
C	IV	Roorkee
D	VI	Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad



They score marks in an order-----

C > D > B > F > A > E

S5. Ans.(a)

Sol. B study in college V and scores less marks than only two students. D study in a college which is situated in Chennai.

Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E		
F		

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > >

C and F does not study in college III and also not in a college which is situated in Delhi. A score more marks than E but less marks than the D. The one who study in III score least marks. College III is situated in Noida. So, only E may study in college III which is situated in Noida and score least marks.


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Students	Institute	City
A		
B	V	
C		
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F		

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > > E

The one who study in a college which is situated in Delhi score second lowest marks. So, Only A may study in a college which is situated in Delhi and also score second lowest marks. Both B and F do not study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. So, C study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. College I is situated in Hyderabad. So, F may study in College I which is situated in Hyderabad.

Students	Institute	City
A		Delhi
B	V	
C		Roorkee
D		Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

> > B > > A > E

D score more marks than the one who study in college I but less marks than the one who study in college IV. A does not study in college IV and VI. So, D may scores less marks than C who study in college IV and more marks than F who study in college I. Rest D may study in College VI and B may study in a college which is situated in Bangalore.

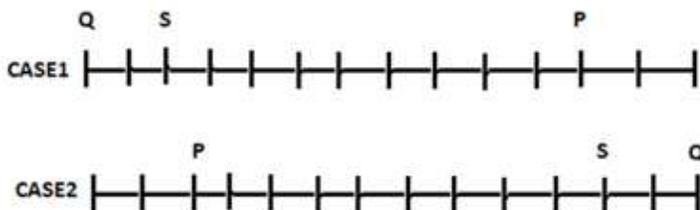
Students	Institute	City
A	II	Delhi
B	V	Bangalore
C	IV	Roorkee
D	VI	Chennai
E	III	Noida
F	I	Hyderabad

They score marks in an order-----

C > D > B > F > A > E

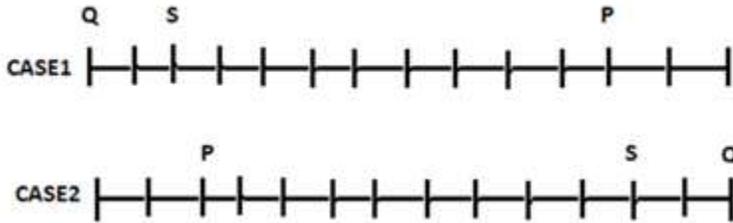
S6. Ans.(c)

Sol. Given "Q stand at one of the end of the row. Eight persons are standing between S and P. Only 1 person stands between Q and S.P is 3rd from one of the end.", from this we conclude that there are total 14 members in the row, and there will be two possibilities.

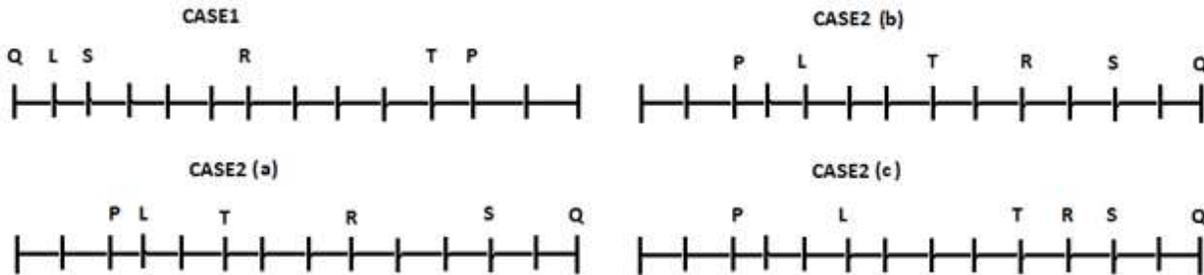


S8. Ans.(b)

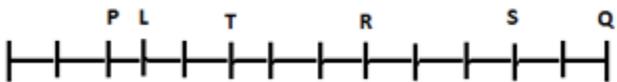
Sol. Given "Q stand at one of the end of the row. Eight persons are standing between S and P. Only 1 person stands between Q and S.P is 3rd from one of the end.", from this we conclude that there are total 14 members in the row, and there will be two possibilities.



From, "As many persons are standing between R and T as between S and R. L is 5th to the left of R", we get further 3 possibilities in case 2.



Given "More than 6 persons are standing between Q and T. Not more than 5 persons are standing between P and L.", from this case 1, case2(b), case2(c) gets eliminated. So the final arrangement is:



S9. Ans.(c)

Sol.

- I. $A > K$ (False)
- II. $K \geq A$ (False)

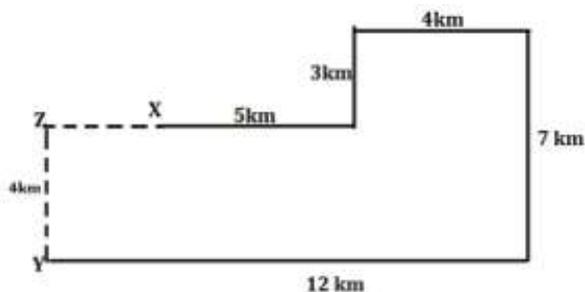
S10. Ans.(a)

Sol.

- I. $O < I$ (True)
- II. $P < L$ (False)

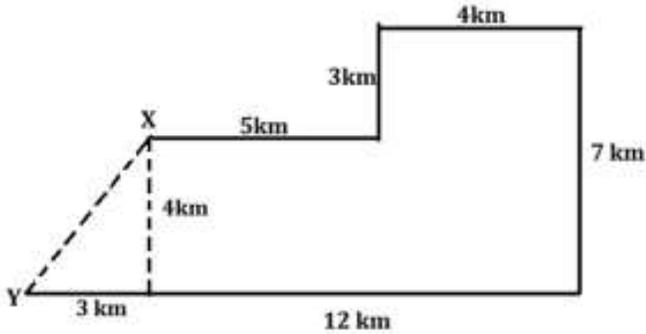
S11. Ans.(d)

Sol.



S12. Ans.(c)

Sol.



$$XY = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = 5 \text{ km}$$

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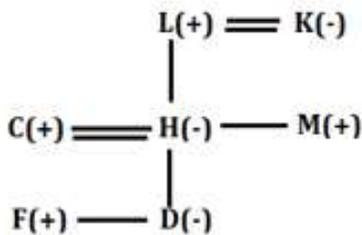
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S13. Ans.(d)

Sol. The code of PAIN will be 6*2&.

S14. Ans.(a)

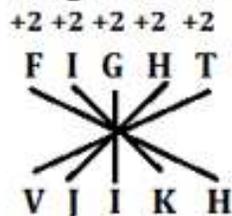
Sol.



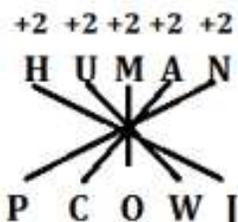
S15. Ans.(d)

Sol.

The pattern followed in the given coding is---



So, the code of HUMAN will be---



S16. Ans.(d)

Sol. D goes on an even date of a month. Three person goes in between D and B. D goes in a month which has 30 days. From this there will be two possible cases-

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	D	
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

Case-2: When D goes on 4th November.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	B	
October (31)		
November (30)	D	

F goes immediately before C in same month. Only one person goes in between C and A. C does not go immediate before B. A goes before B. So, from this case-2 will be eliminated as no place left for A is case-2. Now, with case-1 Both F and C goes in the month of August and A goes on 27th September.

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

A goes immediately before H. So, H goes on 4th October. E does not go in a month which has 30 days. So, only one position left for E is that E goes on 27th October. And G goes on 27th November. So, the final arrangement is----

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)	H	E
November (30)	B	G

S17. Ans.(b)

Sol. D goes on an even date of a month. Three person goes in between D and B. D goes in a month which has 30 days. From this there will be two possible cases-

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	D	
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

Case-2: When D goes on 4th November.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	B	
October (31)		
November (30)	D	

F goes immediately before C in same month. Only one person goes in between C and A. C does not go immediate before B. A goes before B. So, from this case-2 will be eliminated as no place left for A is case-2. Now, with case-1 Both F and C goes in the month of August and A goes on 27th September.

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

A goes immediately before H. So, H goes on 4th October. E does not go in a month which has 30 days. So, only one position left for E is that E goes on 27th October. And G goes on 27th November. So, the final arrangement is----

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)	H	E
November (30)	B	G

S18. Ans.(b)

Sol. D goes on an even date of a month. Three person goes in between D and B. D goes in a month which has 30 days. From this there will be two possible cases-

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	D	
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

Case-2: When D goes on 4th November.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	B	
October (31)		
November (30)	D	

F goes immediately before C in same month. Only one person goes in between C and A. C does not go immediate before B. A goes before B. So, from this case-2 will be eliminated as no place left for A is case-2. Now, with case-1 Both F and C goes in the month of August and A goes on 27th September.

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

A goes immediately before H. So, H goes on 4th October. E does not go in a month which has 30 days. So, only one position left for E is that E goes on 27th October. And G goes on 27th November. So, the final arrangement is----

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)	H	E
November (30)	B	G

S19. Ans.(e)

Sol. D goes on an even date of a month. Three person goes in between D and B. D goes in a month which has 30 days. From this there will be two possible cases-

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	D	
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

Case-2: When D goes on 4th November.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	B	
October (31)		
November (30)	D	

F goes immediately before C in same month. Only one person goes in between C and A. C does not go immediate before B. A goes before B. So, from this case-2 will be eliminated as no place left for A is case-2. Now, with case-1 Both F and C goes in the month of August and A goes on 27th September.

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

A goes immediately before H. So, H goes on 4th October. E does not go in a month which has 30 days. So, only one position left for E is that E goes on 27th October. And G goes on 27th November. So, the final arrangement is----

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)	H	E
November (30)	B	G

S20. Ans.(b)

Sol. D goes on an even date of a month. Three person goes in between D and B. D goes in a month which has 30 days. From this there will be two possible cases-

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	D	
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

Case-2: When D goes on 4th November.

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)		
September (30)	B	
October (31)		
November (30)	D	

F goes immediately before C in same month. Only one person goes in between C and A. C does not go immediate before B. A goes before B. So, from this case-2 will be eliminated as no place left for A is case-2. Now, with case-1 Both F and C goes in the month of August and A goes on 27th September.

Case-1: When D goes on 4th September.

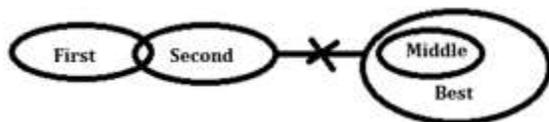
Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)		
November (30)	B	

A goes immediately before H. So, H goes on 4th October. E does not go in a month which has 30 days. So, only one position left for E is that E goes on 27th October. And G goes on 27th November. So, the final arrangement is----

Months(Days)/Dates	4th	27th
August (31)	F	C
September (30)	D	A
October (31)	H	E
November (30)	B	G

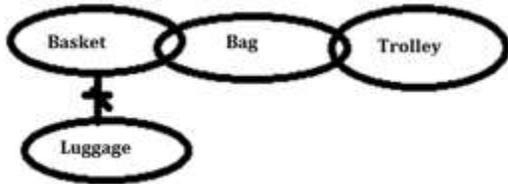
S21. Ans.(a)

Sol.



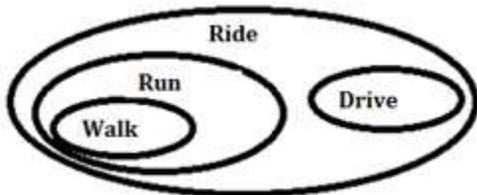
S22. Ans.(b)

Sol.



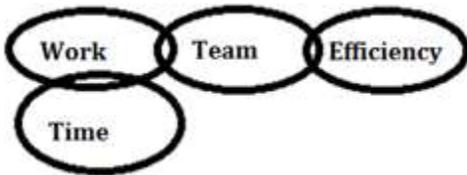
S23. Ans.(b)

Sol.



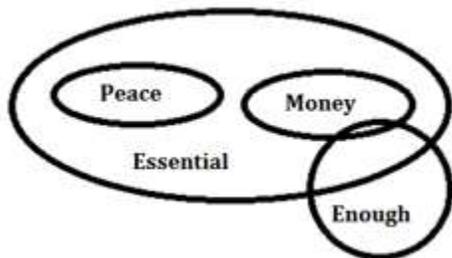
S24. Ans.(a)

Sol.



S25. Ans.(c)

Sol.



S26. Ans (c)

Sol. "C lives on topmost floor. As many persons live between C and H as between G and H. B and I live on 2nd floor", D lives on 3rd floor which is singly occupied. we get 2 cases:

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G
4	
3	D
2	B, I
1	

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Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	
5	
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G

Only one floor gap is in between D and E. E lives above D, who lives on a singly occupied floor. Now F does not lives on an odd numbered floor and not on a doubly occupied floor” therefore only one position left as F lives on 4th floor in case-1 and on 6th floor in case-2.

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	F
5	E
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G



From More than 1 floor is between A and C.”, case2 gets cancelled, as the odd doubly occupied floor is above even doubly occupied floor, means either 5th or 7th floor is doubly occupied, but topmost floor is not doubly occupied, so rest 5th floor is doubly occupied, which means A lives with E on 5th floor in case2, but more than 1 floor gap is there in between C and A which is not possible in case-2 so now with case-1, A lives on Ground floor. So the final arrangement is:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	A

S27. Ans.(b)

Sol. "C lives on topmost floor. As many persons live between C and H as between G and H. B and I live on 2nd floor", D lives on 3rd floor which is singly occupied. we get 2 cases:

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G
4	
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	
5	
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G

Only one floor gap is in between D and E. E lives above D, who lives on a singly occupied floor. Now F does not lives on an odd numbered floor and not on a doubly occupied floor" therefore only one position left as F lives on 4th floor in case-1 and on 6th floor in case-2.

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	F
5	E
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G

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VALIDITY - 3 MONTHS

From More than 1 floor is between A and C.”, case2 gets cancelled, as the odd doubly occupied floor is above even doubly occupied floor, means either 5th or 7th floor is doubly occupied, but topmost floor is not doubly occupied, so rest 5th floor is doubly occupied, which means A lives with E on 5th floor in case2, but more than 1 floor gap is there in between C and A which is not possible in case-2 so now with case-1, A lives on Ground floor. So the final arrangement is:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	A

S28. Ans.(d)

Sol. “C lives on topmost floor. As many persons live between C and H as between G and H. B and I live on 2nd floor”, D lives on 3rd floor which is singly occupied. we get 2 cases:

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G
4	
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	
5	
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G



Only one floor gap is in between D and E. E lives above D, who lives on a singly occupied floor. Now F does not lives on an odd numbered floor and not on a doubly occupied floor” therefore only one position left as F lives on 4th floor in case-1 and on 6th floor in case-2.

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	F
5	E
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G

From More than 1 floor is between A and C.”, case2 gets cancelled, as the odd doubly occupied floor is above even doubly occupied floor, means either 5th or 7th floor is doubly occupied, but topmost floor is not doubly occupied, so rest 5th floor is doubly occupied, which means A lives with E on 5th floor in case2, but more than 1 floor gap is there in between C and A which is not possible in case-2 so now with case-1, A lives on Ground floor. So the final arrangement is:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	A

S29. Ans.(c)

Sol. “C lives on topmost floor. As many persons live between C and H as between G and H. B and I live on 2nd floor”, D lives on 3rd floor which is singly occupied. we get 2 cases:

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G
4	
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	
5	
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G

Only one floor gap is in between D and E. E lives above D, who lives on a singly occupied floor. Now F does not lives on an odd numbered floor and not on a doubly occupied floor” therefore only one position left as F lives on 4th floor in case-1 and on 6th floor in case-2.

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	F
5	E
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G



From More than 1 floor is between A and C.”, case2 gets cancelled, as the odd doubly occupied floor is above even doubly occupied floor, means either 5th or 7th floor is doubly occupied, but topmost floor is not doubly occupied, so rest 5th floor is doubly occupied, which means A lives with E on 5th floor in case2, but more than 1 floor gap is there in between C and A which is not possible in case-2 so now with case-1, A lives on Ground floor. So the final arrangement is:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	A

S30. Ans.(e)

Sol. "C lives on topmost floor. As many persons live between C and H as between G and H. B and I live on 2nd floor", D lives on 3rd floor which is singly occupied. we get 2 cases:

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G
4	
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	
5	
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G

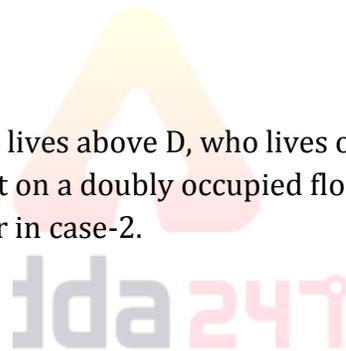
Only one floor gap is in between D and E. E lives above D, who lives on a singly occupied floor. Now F does not lives on an odd numbered floor and not on a doubly occupied floor" therefore only one position left as F lives on 4th floor in case-1 and on 6th floor in case-2.

Case-1:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	

Case-2:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	F
5	E
4	H
3	D
2	B, I
1	G





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From More than 1 floor is between A and C.”, case2 gets cancelled, as the odd doubly occupied floor is above even doubly occupied floor, means either 5th or 7th floor is doubly occupied, but topmost floor is not doubly occupied, so rest 5th floor is doubly occupied, which means A lives with E on 5th floor in case2, but more than 1 floor gap is there in between C and A which is not possible in case-2 so now with case-1, A lives on Ground floor. So the final arrangement is:

Floor	Girls
7	C
6	H
5	G, E
4	F
3	D
2	B, I
1	A

S31. Ans.(b)

Sol. The letters are Q, U, I, T, O and the word formed is---- QUOIT

S32. Ans.(c)

Sol.

C O M P O U N D



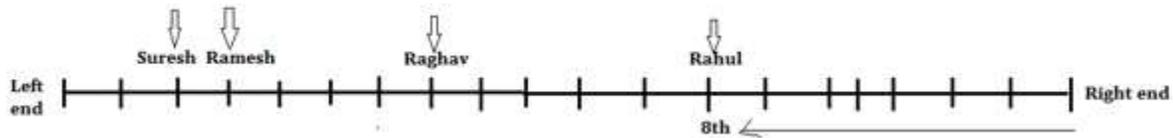
S33. Ans.(c)

Sol.



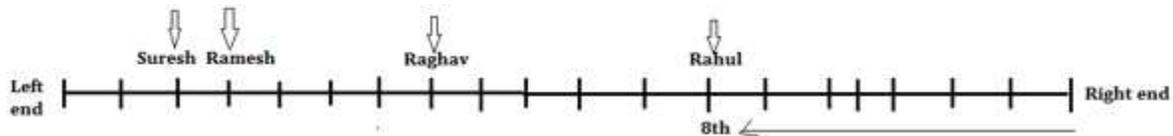
S34. Ans.(c)

Sol.



S35. Ans.(d)

Sol.



S36. Ans.(c)**Sol.** Total students → 450

$$\text{Total boys} \rightarrow \frac{7}{15} \times 450 = 210$$

$$\text{Total girls} \rightarrow \frac{8}{15} \times 450 = 240$$

In basketball

$$\text{Boys} \rightarrow \frac{40 \times 210}{100} = 84$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{50 \times 240}{100} = 120$$

In Cricket

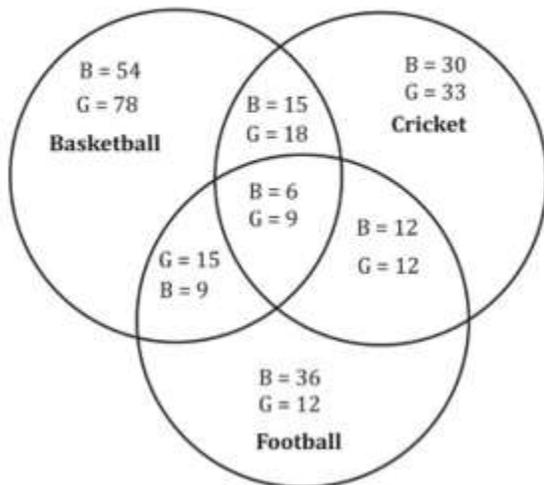
$$\text{boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 240}{100} = 72$$

In football

$$\text{boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{20 \times 240}{100} = 48$$



Now, Student does not play any games

$$= 450 - (204 + 87 + 48) = 111$$

$$\text{Required Percentage} = \frac{111}{450} \times 100 = 24\frac{2}{3}\%$$

S37. Ans.(c)**Sol.** Total students → 450

$$\text{Total boys} \rightarrow \frac{7}{15} \times 450 = 210$$

$$\text{Total girls} \rightarrow \frac{8}{15} \times 450 = 240$$

In basketball

$$\text{Boys} \rightarrow \frac{40 \times 210}{100} = 84$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{50 \times 240}{100} = 120$$

In Cricket

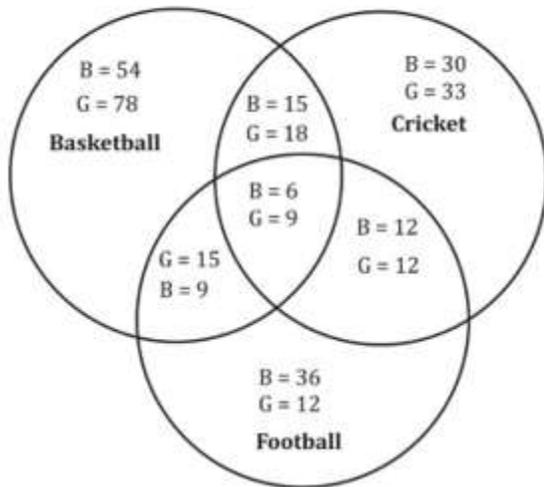
$$\text{boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 240}{100} = 72$$

In football

$$\text{boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{20 \times 240}{100} = 48$$



Now, Student does not play any games
 $= 450 - (204 + 87 + 48) = 111$

$$\text{Ratio} = \frac{54}{78} = \frac{9}{13}$$

S38. Ans.(d)

Sol. Total students $\rightarrow 450$

$$\text{Total boys} \rightarrow \frac{7}{15} \times 450 = 210$$

$$\text{Total girls} \rightarrow \frac{8}{15} \times 450 = 240$$

In basketball

$$\text{Boys} \rightarrow \frac{40 \times 210}{100} = 84$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{50 \times 240}{100} = 120$$

In Cricket

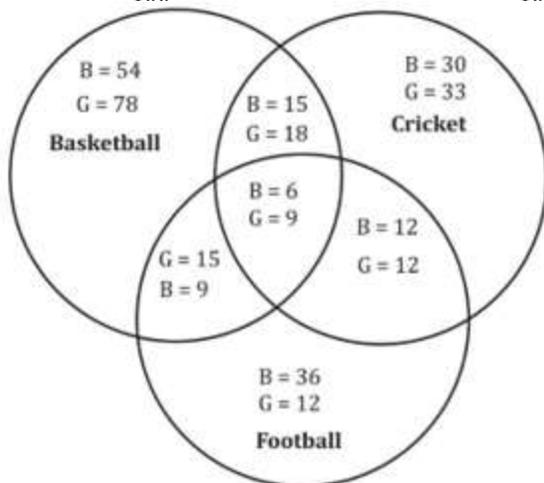
$$\text{boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 240}{100} = 72$$

In football

$$\text{Boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63,$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{20 \times 240}{100} = 48$$



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Now,

Student does not play any games

$$= 450 - (204 + 87 + 48) = 111$$

Number of girls who play football

$$= 15 + 9 + 12 + 12 = 48$$

$$\text{Required \%} = \frac{33}{48} \times 100 = 68.75\%$$

S39. Ans.(a)

Sol. Total students $\rightarrow 450$

$$\text{Total boys} \rightarrow \frac{7}{15} \times 450 = 210$$

$$\text{Total girls} \rightarrow \frac{8}{15} \times 450 = 240$$

In basketball

$$\text{Boys} \rightarrow \frac{40 \times 210}{100} = 84$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{50 \times 240}{100} = 120$$

In Cricket

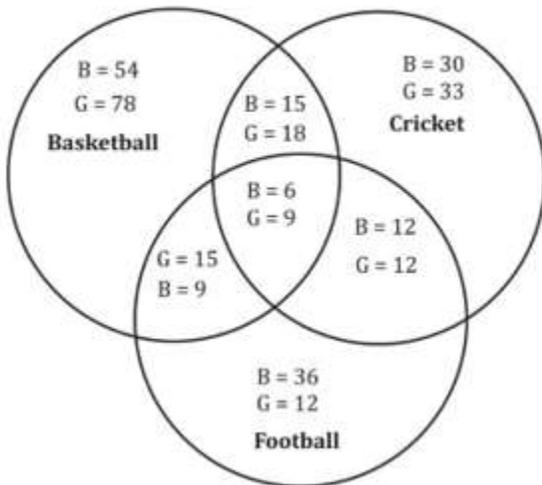
$$\text{boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 240}{100} = 72$$

In football

$$\text{boys} \rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$$

$$\text{Girls} \rightarrow \frac{20 \times 240}{100} = 48$$



Now,

Student does not play any games

$$= 450 - (204 + 87 + 48) = 111$$

Number of boys who does not play any games

$$= 210 - (54 + 15 + 6 + 9 + 30 + 12 + 36) = 48$$

Number of girls who does not play any games

$$= 240 - (78 + 18 + 9 + 15 + 33 + 12 + 12) = 63$$

$$\text{Difference} = 63 - 48 = 15$$

S40. Ans.(e)**Sol.**Total students $\rightarrow 450$

Total boys $\rightarrow \frac{7}{15} \times 450 = 210$

Total girls $\rightarrow \frac{8}{15} \times 450 = 240$

In basketball

Boys $\rightarrow \frac{40 \times 210}{100} = 84$

Girls $\rightarrow \frac{50 \times 240}{100} = 120$

In Cricket

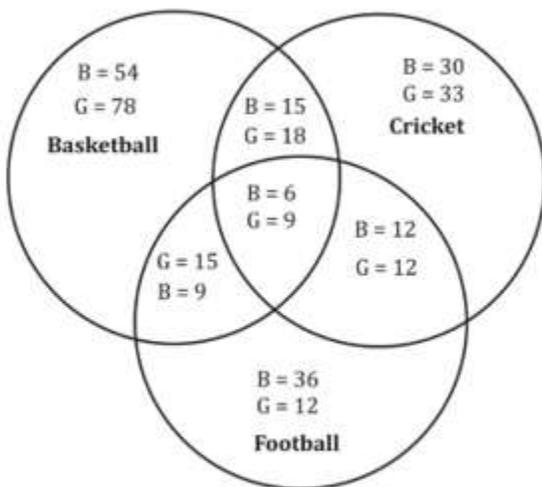
Boys $\rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$

Girls $\rightarrow \frac{30 \times 240}{100} = 72$

In football

Boys $\rightarrow \frac{30 \times 210}{100} = 63$

Girls $\rightarrow \frac{20 \times 240}{100} = 48$



Now,

Student does not play any games

$= 450 - (204 + 87 + 48)$

$= 111$

Ratio $= \frac{120}{63} = \frac{40}{21}$

$= 40:21$

S41. Ans.(a)**Sol.**Let male participant in February = $100x$ So male participant in January = $120x$

Female participant in January $= \frac{120x}{60} \times 40 = 80x$

Female participant in February $= \frac{100x}{30} \times 70 = \frac{700}{3}x$

Required % $= \frac{700x}{3 \times 80x} \times 100 = 291\frac{2}{3}\%$

S42. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let, male child and female child participant in march is $2x$ and x respectively

And,

Adult male and adult female is $4y$ and $3y$ respectively

$$\text{now, } (2x + 4y) \frac{100}{60} = \frac{(x + 3y)}{40} \times 100$$

$$\text{Solving } \Rightarrow x = y$$

percentage of adult male participant

$$= \frac{4}{(2 + 4 + 1 + 3)} \times 100 = 40\%$$

S43. Ans.(e)

Sol.

$$\text{Male participant} = 280$$

$$\text{Total participant} = \frac{280}{40} \times 100 = 700$$

$$\text{Child participant} = 700 \times \frac{4}{7} = 400$$

S44. Ans.(b)

Sol.

$$\text{Let, total participant in March} = 100x$$

$$\text{Participant in April} = \frac{100x \times 120}{100} = 120x$$

$$\text{Female participant in March} = 40x$$

$$\text{Female participant in April} = 120x$$

$$\text{Required \%} = \frac{(120x - 40x)}{40x} \times 100$$

$$= 200\%$$



S45. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Required Average

$$= \frac{1}{5} \left\{ \frac{60 \times 500}{100} + \frac{30 \times 500}{100} + \frac{60 \times 500}{100} + \frac{0 \times 500}{100} + \frac{40 \times 500}{100} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{5} \times \{300 + 150 + 300 + 0 + 200\}$$

$$= 190$$

S46. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Let efficiency of A be $200x$

$$\text{Efficiency of B} = 200x \times \frac{50}{100} = 100x$$

$$\text{Efficiency of C} = 100x \times \frac{125}{100} = 125x$$

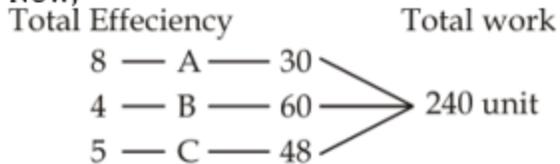
Ratio of their efficiency =

$$A : B : C = 200x:100x:125x = 8 : 4 : 5$$

$$A \text{ alone can complete work in} = 60 \times \frac{4}{8} = 30 \text{ days}$$

$$C \text{ alone can complete work in} = 60 \times \frac{4}{5} = 48 \text{ days}$$

Now,



On last day, C alone completes work = 5 unit

$$\text{Work done by A and C together in 5 days} = (8 + 5) \times 5 = 65 \text{ unit}$$

Remaining work was completed by A, B and C in

$$= \frac{240 - 65 - 5}{8 + 4 + 5} = \frac{170}{17} = 10 \text{ days}$$

$$\text{Number of days for which A worked} = 10 + 5 = 15 \text{ days}$$

S47. Ans.(e)

Sol.

Let C.P. of cycle be 100 unit

$$\text{Mark up price} = 100 \times \frac{120}{100} = 120 \text{ unit}$$

$$\text{S.P. after 15\% discount} = 120 \times \frac{85}{100} = 102 \text{ unit}$$

$$\text{S.P. after 10\% discount} = 120 \times \frac{90}{100} = 108 \text{ unit}$$

ATQ,

$$(108 - 102) \text{ unit} \rightarrow 1800$$

$$1 \text{ unit} = \text{Rs. } 300$$

$$\therefore \text{C.P. of cycle} = 300 \times 100 = \text{Rs. } 30,000$$

$$\text{Mark up price} = 120 \times 300 = \text{Rs. } 36,000$$

S.P. after 25% discount

$$= 36000 \times \frac{75}{100} = \text{Rs. } 27,000$$

$$\therefore \text{Required loss} = \text{S.P.} - \text{C.P.} = \text{Rs. } 3000$$



S48. Ans.(a)

Sol.

Interest received by Arun in scheme I,

$$S.I. = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100} \quad (\text{where, P- principal, R- Rate and T- time})$$

$$S.I. = \frac{x \times 12 \times 3}{100} = \frac{36x}{100}$$

$$\text{C.I. received by Kush after 2 years} = P \left[\left(1 + \frac{r}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$

$$= (x + 4000) \left[\left(1 + \frac{20}{100} \right)^2 - 1 \right]$$

$$= (x + 4000) \times \frac{11}{25}$$

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ATQ,

$$\frac{36x}{100} + \frac{11}{25}(x + 4000) = 3360$$

$$36x + 44(x + 4000) = 3360 \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2000$$

Sum invested by Kush = $x + 4000 = 2000 + 4000 = \text{Rs.}6000$ **S49. Ans.(c)****Sol.**Let total original mixture of milk and water be $100x$

$$\therefore \text{Amount of water in original mixture} = \frac{3}{5} \times 100x = 60x$$

$$\text{Amount of milk in original mixture} = 100x - 60x = 40x$$

Amount of milk left in mixture after selling 37.5% of mixture

$$= 40x - 40x \times \frac{37.5}{100}$$

$$= 40x - 15x = 25x$$

Amount of water left in mixture after selling 37.5% of mixture

$$= 60x - 60x \times \frac{37.5}{100} = 60x - \frac{45x}{2} = \frac{75x}{2}$$

ATQ,

$$\Rightarrow \frac{25x}{\frac{75x}{2} + 62.5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow 125x = 75x + 125 \Rightarrow 50x = 125$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{125}{50} \Rightarrow x = 2.5$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Initial quantity of mixture} = 100x = 100 \times 2.5 = 250 \ell$$

S50. Ans.(e)**Sol.** Let speed of boat in still water = y kmphSpeed of boat in Upstream = $(y - 3)$ kmphSpeed of boat in downstream = $(y + 3)$ kmph

ATQ,

$$y = \frac{(100 + 50)}{100} \times (y - 3)$$

$$y = \frac{150}{100}(y - 3)$$

$$2y = 3y - 9$$

$$y = 9 \text{ kmph}$$

Also,

$$\frac{135}{(9 + 3)} + \frac{135}{(9 - 3) + x} = 15 \quad \left[\text{using time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{speed}} \right]$$

$$135 \left[\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{6 + x} \right] = 15$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{6 + x + 12}{12(6 + x)} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow (18 + x) \times 9 = 12(6 + x) \Rightarrow x = 30 \text{ kmph}$$

S51. Ans.(c)**Sol.**Let Veer's present age = x \Rightarrow Atul's present age = $x - 10$ From A \rightarrow Abhi's present age = $x - 15$

ATQ,

$$(x - 5) = \frac{120}{100} (x - 10)$$

$$5x - 25 = 6x - 60$$

$$x = 35$$

So, Veer's present age = 35 years

From B \rightarrow

$$\frac{x}{x-10} = \frac{7}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x = 7x - 70$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 35$$

So, Veer's present age = 35 years.

Either statement A or statement B by itself is sufficient to answer the question.

**S52. Ans.(a)****Sol.**Let speed of boat in still water = a km/hr.And speed of stream = b km/hr.

From A)

$$a = \frac{150}{100} (a - b)$$

$$\Rightarrow 100a = 150a - 150b$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 3b$$

From B)

$$2 = \frac{32}{a-b} - \frac{32}{a+b}$$

$$\Rightarrow (a^2 - b^2) = 32b$$

From (A) and (B) together

$$9b^2 - b^2 = 32b$$

$$\Rightarrow 8b^2 = 32b$$

$$\Rightarrow 8b (b - 4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 0, 4$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 12$$

Speed of boat in downstream = $a + b$

$$= 12 + 4$$

$$= 16 \text{ km/hr}$$

Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.

S53. Ans.(c)**Sol.**

From (A)

$$8000 + \frac{8000 \times R \times 4}{100} = 10,000 \left[1 + \frac{R}{100} \right]^2$$

$$8000 + 320R = 10,000 \left[1 + \frac{R^2}{100^2} + \frac{2R}{100} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow 8000 + 320R = 10,000 + R^2 + 200R$$

$$\Rightarrow R^2 - 120R + 2000 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R^2 - 100R - 20R + 2000 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow R(R - 100) - 20(R - 100) = 0$$

$$(R - 20)(R - 100) = 0$$

$$R = 20\%, 100\%$$

From (B)

Let Principal = 25x

And interest = 11x

$$25x \left[1 + \frac{R}{100} \right]^2 = 36x$$

$$\Rightarrow R = 20\%$$

Either statement A or statement B by itself is sufficient to answer the question.

**S54. Ans.(c)****Sol.**

From (A)

T.S.A. of cylinder = 924

$$2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h = 924 \quad [r \text{ is radius of cylinder and } h \text{ is height}]$$

$$h = 14$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 \times \frac{22}{7} [r^2 + 14r] = 924$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 + 14r - 147 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 + 21r - 7r - 147 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow r(r + 21) - 7(r + 21) = 0$$

$$(r - 7)(r + 21) = 0$$

$$r = 7, -21$$

From (B)

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h}{2\pi r h}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi r h = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\Rightarrow h = 2r$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 7 \text{ cm}$$

Either statement A or statement B by itself is sufficient to answer the question.

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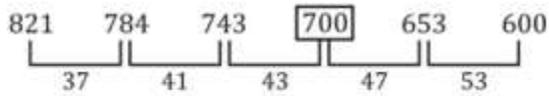
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S55. Ans.(b)

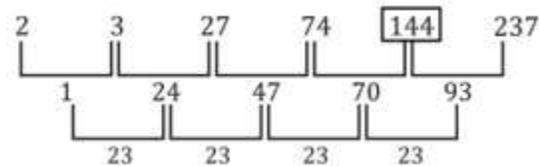
Sol.



37, 41, 43, 47, 53 are prime numbers.

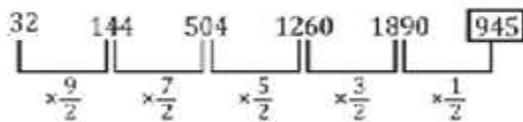
S56. Ans.(c)

Sol.



S57. Ans.(a)

Sol.



S58. Ans.(e)

Sol.

3 4 7 11 18 29

$$3 + 4 = 7$$

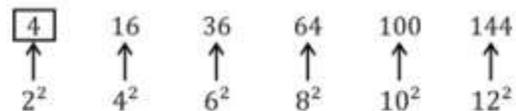
$$4 + 7 = 11$$

$$7 + 11 = 18$$

$$11 + 18 = 29$$

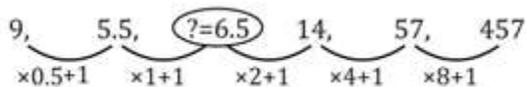
S59. Ans.(d)

Sol.



S60. Ans.(e)

Sol.



S61. Ans.(b)**Sol.**Total numbers of ways $\rightarrow 7!$ Favorable numbers of ways $\rightarrow 5! \times 3!$

$$\text{Probability} \rightarrow \frac{5! \times 3!}{7!} = \frac{1}{7}$$

S62. Ans.(d)**Sol.**

Let radius of sphere and cylinder is 'r'.

$$\text{So, volume of sphere} = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3$$

Volume of cylinder = Volume of sphere

$$\frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \pi r^2 h$$

$$h = \frac{4}{3} r$$

$$\text{TSA of sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$

$$\text{TSA of cylinder} = 2\pi r (r + h)$$

$$= 2\pi r \left(r + \frac{4}{3} r \right)$$

$$= \frac{14}{3} \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Required ratio} = \frac{4\pi r^2}{\frac{14}{3}\pi r^2} = \frac{6}{7}$$

$$= 6 : 7$$

**S63. Ans.(c)****Sol.**

Let total distance = d

And speed of faster train = 5x

And time taken by faster train = t

So,

$$\text{Speed of slower train} = \frac{5x \times 60}{100} = 3x$$

ATQ,

$$\text{Faster train} = 5x \times t = d \quad \dots(i)$$

$$\text{Slower train} = 3x \times (t + 4) = d \quad \dots(ii)$$

From (i) & (ii)

$$5x \times t = 3x (t + 4)$$

$$5t = 3t + 12$$

$$2t = 12$$

$$t = 6$$

$$\text{Time taken by slower train} = 6 + 4 = 10$$

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S64. Ans.(e)**Sol.** Let present age of Arun = x

5 years ago, Age of arun = x - 5

5 years ago, age of Ankur = 3(x - 5)

Arun's age 5 year hence = x + 5

So,

$$\text{Ajay's age 5 year ago} = \frac{(x+5)}{3} \times 5$$

$$= \frac{5x + 25}{3}$$

Difference between Ankur and Ajay's age = 10

$$\Rightarrow 3(x - 5) - \frac{5x+25}{3} = 10$$

$$= 9x - 45 - 5x - 25 = 30$$

$$4x = 100$$

$$x = 25$$

S65. Ans.(a)**Sol.** When shopkeeper increase discount

10% he earns 35 Rs less

So,

$$\text{Mark price} = \frac{35}{10} \times 100 = 350 \text{ Rs}$$

$$\text{Selling price} = \frac{350 \times 80}{100} = 280 \text{ Rs}$$

$$\text{Cost price} = \frac{280}{350} \times 100 = 80 \text{ Rs}$$

$$\text{Total pages} = 80 \times 70 = 5600$$

**S66. Ans.(b)****Sol.**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Required ratio} &= \frac{\frac{(20+15)}{100} \times 7500 - \frac{(40+30)}{100} \times 3000}{\frac{(15+10)}{100} \times 7500 - \frac{(15+5)}{100} \times 3000} \\ &= \frac{2625 - 2100}{1875 - 600} = \frac{525}{1275} = \frac{21}{51} = \frac{7}{17} \end{aligned}$$

S67. Ans.(a)

$$\text{Sol. Girls student in Civil} = \frac{5}{100} \times 3000 = 150$$

$$\text{Total student in Civil} = \frac{10}{100} \times 7500$$

$$= 750$$

$$\text{Boys student in Civil} = 750 - 150$$

$$= 600$$

$$\text{Required \%} = \frac{600-150}{150} \times 100$$

$$= 300\%$$

S68. Ans.(b)

Sol. Total students studying in computer, Electrical and civil department together

$$= \frac{(20 + 10 + 15)}{100} \times 7500$$

$$= 3375$$

Girls student studying in computer, electrical and civil department together

$$= \frac{(40+5+15)}{100} \times 3000$$

$$= 1800$$

So, average of boys student studying in computer, electrical and civil department

$$= \frac{3375 - 1800}{3} = 525$$

S69. Ans.(d)

Sol.

Boys studying in mechanical department

$$= \frac{40}{100} \times 7500 - 3000 \times \frac{10}{100} = 2700$$

Boys studying in Civil department

$$= \frac{10}{100} \times 7500 - 3000 \times \frac{5}{100} = 600$$

$$\text{Required difference} = 2700 - 600 = 2100$$



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S70. Ans.(c)

Sol.

Required percent

$$= \frac{\left[\left(\frac{20+15}{100} \right) \times 7500 - \left(\frac{70}{100} \right) \times 3000 \right]}{\left(\frac{20+15}{100} \right) \times 7500} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{2625 - 2100}{2625} \times 100$$

$$= 20\%$$

S71. Ans.(e)

Sol. We can infer from the passage that Arms trade Treaty is ratified to regulate the international trade in conventional arms, ensuring national and regional security and serving as an anti-terrorism toolbox. Hence all the given sentences are correct.

S72. Ans.(b)

Sol. Referring the first paragraph of the passage, we can infer that sentence (b) cannot be inferred from the passage. "The past years didn't result in much progress; efforts to tighten arms transfer controls in the region seem to be at a stalemate."

S73. Ans.(d)

Sol. Refer the last few lines of the second paragraph “The treaty scope requires states to introduce legislation and establish comprehensive control systems to perform case-by-case risk assessments. To do so, states must have competent national licensing authorities that check relevant control lists of military items.”

S74. Ans.(d)

Sol. In reference to the third paragraph, we can infer that option (a) and (c) are correct. As it has mentioned that the ATT blueprint legislation published by Pacific Island Forum Secretariat, with the help of the government of New Zealand, had supported the Pacific states in their ambitions to ratify and implement the treaty framework. Hence option (d) is the correct choice.

S75. Ans.(d)

Sol. ‘The Arms Trade Treaty in the Asia- Pacific’ is the appropriate title.

S76. Ans.(d)

Sol. Refer the last paragraph of the passage “South Korea has viewed STC as an important security instrument, mainly preventing North Korea from acquiring products that may add to its conventional and unconventional weapons arsenal. After the Tokyo subway sarin gas attack in 1995, Japanese authorities started to give the overall topic of STC ever more emphasis and also began to promote the goal of establishing a tight regional network of sensitive items controls amongst their neighbors.” Hence option (d) is the correct choice.

S77. Ans.(b)

Sol. Stalemate means a situation in which further action or progress by opposing or competing parties seems impossible. Hence it has similar meaning as ‘impasse’.

S78. Ans.(a)

Sol. Connoted means imply or suggest (an idea or feeling) in addition to the literal or primary meaning. Hence it has same meaning as ‘implied’.

S79. Ans.(e)

Sol. Illicit means forbidden by law, rules, or custom. Hence it has opposite meaning as ‘authorised’.

S80. Ans.(b)

Sol. Acquiring means buy or obtain (an asset or object) for oneself. Hence it has opposite meaning as ‘forfeit’.

S81. Ans.(b)

Sol. The correct way to solve such question is filling the blank with your own word which is according to you is satisfying the grammatical and contextual requirements and then, choosing the option which has a meaning closer to your own word.

The hint for the correct word is present in the preceding sentence ‘*Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour ____*’. ‘An hour **has passed**’ is a sensible statement. Among the given options, the word ‘elapsed’ is the most appropriate word which fills the blank.

Hence, the option (b) is the correct answer.

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S82. Ans.(c)

Sol. The context of the paragraph suggests that persons being referred by 'we' were waiting for a long time but no one turned up and then a stationmaster came for **something**. That **something** could be determined from the fifth sentence of the first paragraph '*He asked us why we tarried*'. The stationmaster was asking questions to 'we'. Among the given options, the word '**enquire**' is the most appropriate word which could fill the blank.

Hence, option (c) is the correct answer.

S83. Ans.(a)

Sol. The hint for the blank can be found from the tailing clause of the sentence '*that we did not know how to reach Koregaon*'. It can be inferred that 'We', in the paragraph, were *going to* Koregaon. Among the given options, the word '**bound**' has a meaning closer to the phrase 'going to'. Hence, the option (a) is the correct answer.

S84. Ans.(e)

Sol. The children were waiting for either their father or their father's servant to come to the station and pick them up but upon long wait, neither had come. So, the children were in the sorry state. Among the given options, the word '**plight**' is the most appropriate word which could fill the blank. Hence, the option (e) is the correct answer.

S85. Ans.(d)

Sol. From the context of the sentences appeared preceding the blank, it can be deduced that the stationmaster was someone who discriminated based on caste. He was good in his behavior to them when he had the perception that the children were Brahmin. So, he must be **shocked** upon knowing that the children belonged to a caste which were unfortunately treated as untouchables. Among the given options, the word '**stunned**' is the most appropriate word. Hence, the option (d) is the correct answer.

S86. Ans.(b)

Sol. The good behavior of the stationmaster who seemed to be discriminating based on caste, upon knowing that the children belonged to a community which were unfortunately treated as untouchable must be **challenged** by a strange feeling of **repulsion/annoyance/irritation/hatred**. Among the given options, the word '**overpowered**' is the most appropriate word. Hence, the option (b) is the correct answer.

S87. Ans.(e)

Sol. The good behavior of the stationmaster who seemed to be discriminating based on caste, upon knowing that the children belonged to a community which were unfortunately treated as untouchable must be **challenged** by a strange feeling of **repulsion/annoyance/irritation/hatred**. Among the given options, the word '**repulsion**' is the most appropriate word. Hence, the option (e) is the correct answer.

S88. Ans.(d)

Sol. The sudden change in the behaviour of the stationmaster upon knowing about the community to which the children belonged must have **surprised** the children. Among the given options, the word '**bewildered**' is the most appropriate word. Hence, the option (d) is the correct answer.

S89. Ans.(b)

Sol. In the highlighted phrase, instead of 'that', '**as**' would be used because the sentence is based on 'so---as'.

Hence, the option (b) is the correct answer.

S90. Ans.(d)

Sol. Instead of '*appreciate*' in the highlighted part, '**appreciated**' would be used. In passive voice, '**to be [is/are/am/was/were/be//being/been]** + V3' form is always used.

Hence, the option (d) is the correct answer.

S91. Ans.(d)

Sol. All the above expressions can be used to replace the existing phrase to make the sentence grammatically correct and logically meaningful. It is to be noted that the expression "**playing a major role**" misses a helping verb to complement the sentence grammatically. If we consider the grammatical aspect of the sentence, all the three expressions given as alternatives follow the correct grammar syntax that make the sentence contextually meaningful as well. Hence option (d) is the correct choice.

S92. Ans.(b)

Sol. Read the sentence carefully, it can be well verified that the given sentence is grammatically incorrect as there is an error in the highlighted part of the sentence which needs to be replaced by a correct and meaningful expression. Among the three options, the first and the second expressions provide a contextual meaning to the sentence. They both make sure that the sentence follows the correct grammar structure and the intended meaning of the sentence remains intact. However, the third expression is not befitting to the sentence as the plural verb "**have**" cannot be used for the singular subject [**India**] in this case. Hence option (b) is the correct choice.

S93. Ans.(e)

Sol. The expression "**Man is the highest point of evolutionary**" is the correct expression and it also adds a meaningful sense to the sentence. It is to be noted that the word "**evolutionary**" which means "**relating to the gradual development of something**" is used as an **adjective** for the noun '**ascent**'. The expressions given as options do not fit into the sentence as they are both grammatically incorrect and contextually meaningless. Hence option (e) is the correct choice.

S94. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct phrase to make the sentence grammatically correct is "**appears to have ended with the swearing-in**". It is to be noted that the subject is in singular form [**The unprecedented political crisis**], so the verb that follows the subject should also be in the similar form. Among the three options, only the first expression provides the correct structure that fits perfectly into the sentence. The other two cannot be used as they are not fitting to the correct grammar syntax. Hence option (a) is the correct choice.

S95. Ans.(c)

Sol. The use of the article "**a**" in the highlighted portion makes the sentence incomplete as the expression suggests no proper meaning. Among the given options, both the expressions (II) and (III) can be used to replace the existing phrase to make the sentence grammatically viable. Hence option (c) is the correct choice.

S96. Ans.(d)

Sol. Only first and the third expression can be used to replace the phrase given in bold so as to make the sentence grammatically correct and comprehensible. If the sentence is in future tense the main clause of the sentence which is “all these evil things will happen to you” should consist the verb “will”. However, the subordinate clause of the sentence which is “If you will disobey the Lord” containing the grammatical error as when two events of future are described in a single sentence only the main clause shall be in future tense, while the subordinate clause shall be in simple present tense. Hence, option (d) is the correct choice.

S97. Ans.(a)

Sol. The correct phrase to make the sentence grammatically correct is “not to be entrusted with”. It should be noted that in the given sentence before “not entrusted” “should” has been mentioned. If a sentence is in active voice, the first form of verb (V1) is used after “should”. However, if a sentence is in the passive voice, after “should” be+V3 (third form of verb) is used to make the sentence grammatically correct. Here, the sentence is in the passive voice therefore the appropriate grammatical syntax required is “be+V3” form. Thus, the correct answer choice is option (a).

S98. Ans.(d)

Sol. All three expressions can be used to substitute the phrase given in bold. It is to be noted that the phrase given in bold comprise of an error of subject verb agreement. As the subject “transportation fees” is in plural form the verb associated to it should also be plural i.e., instead of “was”, “were” should be used. In addition to “were increased by” other two expressions also make the sentence grammatically correct. Hence, option (d) is the correct choice.

S99. Ans.(b)

Sol. Read the sentence carefully, it can be well verified that the given sentence is grammatically incorrect as there is an error in the highlighted part of the sentence which needs to be replaced by a correct and meaningful expression. Among the given three expressions only second expression provides the correct contextual and grammatical meaning to the sentence. “is I don’t understand is” should be replaced with “I don’t understand is” because the verb for “what” here is “understand” and the “is” present after “understand” is auxiliary verb. Therefore, the “is” present after “what” is superfluous and thus creating an error in the syntax of the sentence. Hence, option (b) is the correct choice.

S100. Ans.(e)

Sol. The given phrase in bold is already correct and doesn’t require any further corrections. The phrase perfectly fits into the grammatical syntax of the sentence. However, all the given expressions fail to make the sentence correct. Therefore, option (e) is the most suitable choice.

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