

BOOKS



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Directions (1-5): Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions below.

There are six students A, B, C, D, E, F and they study in different colleges viz. I, II, III, IV, V, VI. Each of these colleges are situated in different cities Bangalore, Noida, Roorkee, Chennai, Hyderabad, Delhi. Also, each of them scores different marks. B study in college V and scores less marks than only two students. College III is situated in Noida. D study in a college which is situated in Chennai. C and F do not study in college III and also not in a college which is situated in Delhi. The one who study in a college which is situated in Delhi score second lowest marks. A score more marks than E but less marks than D. Both B and F do not study in a college which is situated in Roorkee. A does not study in college IV and VI. College I is situated in Hyderabad. D score more marks than the one who study in college I but less marks than the one who study in college IV. The one who study in college III score least marks.

Q1. Who among the following score third lowest marks?

- (a) C
- (b) A
- (c) E
- (d) B
- (e) None of these

Q2. Which of the following college is situated in Roorkee?

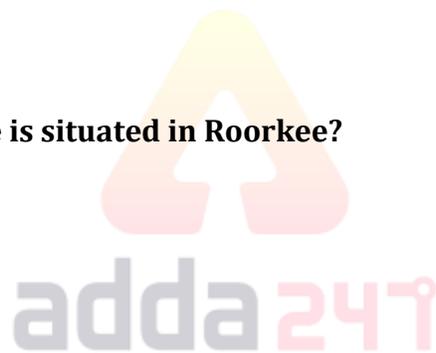
- (a) V
- (b) IV
- (c) II
- (d) VI
- (e) None of these

Q3. The one who score second lowest marks study in which college?

- (a) I
- (b) IV
- (c) II
- (d) VI
- (e) None of these

Q4. How many persons score, less marks than the one who study in a college which is situated in Bangalore?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these



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Q5. F studied in which college?

- (a) I
- (b) IV
- (c) II
- (d) VI
- (e) None of these

Directions (6-8): Study the following information to answer the given questions:

A certain number of persons are standing in a row facing north. Q stands at one of the end of the row. As many persons are standing between Rand T as between S and R. Eight persons are standing between S and P. Only 1 person stands between Q and S.P is 3rd from one of the end. L is 5th to the left of R. More than 6 persons are standing between Q and T. Not more than 5 persons are standing between P and L.

Q6. How many persons are standing to the right of L?

- (a) 12
- (b) 9
- (c) 10
- (d) 11
- (e) none of these

Q7. If X is 4th right to T, then how many persons are standing between P and X?

- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 6
- (d) 5
- (e) none of these

Q8. How many total number of persons are standing in the row?

- (a) 15
- (b) 14
- (c) 13
- (d) 12
- (e) none of these

Directions (9-10): In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions.

Mark answer as

Q9. Statements: $S > I \geq Z > U \geq K$; $Z > A$; $B = U$

Conclusions:

- I. $A > K$
- II. $K \geq A$
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Q10.

Statements:

$P > E \geq N < S < I; S > O; E > L$

Conclusions:

I. $O < I$

II. $P < L$

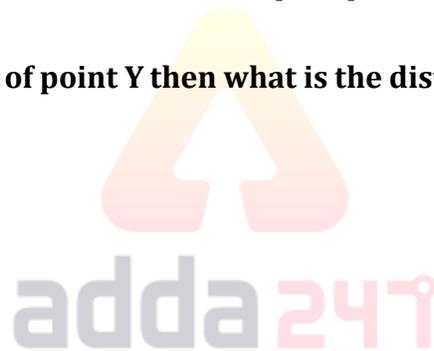
- (a) If only conclusion I follows.
- (b) If only conclusion II follows.
- (c) If either conclusion I or II follows.
- (d) If neither conclusion I nor II follows.
- (e) If both conclusions I and II follow.

Directions (11-12): Study the following information to answer the given questions:

A person starts walking from point X towards east direction. After walking 5km he turns to the left and walks 3km. From there he turns to the right and walks 4km. Thereafter he turns to the right and walks 7km. Then he turns to the right and walks 12 km and stops at point Y.

Q11. If point Z is 4km to the north of point Y then what is the distance between point Z and point X?

- (a) 6km
- (b) 4km
- (c) 5km
- (d) 3km
- (e) None of these



Q12. How far (shortest distance) and in which direction is point X with respect to point Y?

- (a) 3km, south-east
- (b) $3\sqrt{2}$, north-east
- (c) 5km, north-east
- (d) $4\sqrt{2}$, south-west
- (e) None of these

Q13. If in certain coding language LINK is coded as @2&4 and PLAY is coded as 6@*5 then what will be the code for PAIN?

- (a) 5*23
- (b) 6*\$&
- (c) 4*5&
- (d) 6*2&
- (e) None of these

Q14. L is the father of M who is the brother in law of C. C is husband of H. F is the only brother of D who is the daughter of H. K is the mother of M and has only one daughter and one son. Then how is D related to L?

- (a) Maternal Granddaughter
- (b) Maternal Grandson
- (c) Father
- (d) Brother
- (e) None of these

Q15. In a certain coding language, DRINK is coded as MPKTF and FIGHT is coded as VJIKH then what will be code of HUMAN following the same coding language?

- (a) QCPWJ
- (b) PDOVJ
- (c) RCOWH
- (d) PCOWJ
- (e) None of these

Directions (16-20): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below-

Eight persons A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H are going to visit WOW on two different dates 4 and 27 of four different months viz. August, September, October and November. Only one person goes to WOW on one date of one month. D goes on an even date of a month. Three person goes in between D and B. A goes immediately before H. F goes immediately before C in same month. D goes in a month which has 30 days. Only one person goes in between C and A. A goes before B. C does not go immediate before B. E does not go in a month which has 30 days.

Q16. Who among the following goes immediately after B?

- (a) C
- (b) H
- (c) E
- (d) G
- (e) None of these

Q17. How many persons go in between F and H?

- (a) Four
- (b) Three
- (c) Two
- (d) One
- (e) None of these

Q18. Who among the following go on 27th September?

- (a) C
- (b) A
- (c) E
- (d) G
- (e) None of these

Q19. Four of the following are alike in a certain way so form a group then which of the following does not belong to that group?

- (a) D
- (b) F
- (c) H
- (d) B
- (e) C

Q20. Who among the following go on 4th October?

- (a) F
- (b) H
- (c) E
- (d) G
- (e) None of these

Directions (21-25): In each of the questions below are given some statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer

Q21. Statements:

Some First are Second.
No Best are Second.
All Middle are Best.

Conclusions:

I. No First are Best.

II. Some First are not Best.

- (a) If only conclusion II follows.
- (b) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.
- (c) If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.
- (d) If only conclusion I follows.
- (e) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Q22. Statements:

Some Baskets are Bags.
Some Trolleys are Bags.
No Luggage are Baskets.

Conclusions:

I. Some Bags are Luggage.

II. No Trolleys are Luggage.

- (a) If only conclusion II follows.
- (b) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.
- (c) If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.
- (d) If only conclusion I follows.
- (e) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.



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Q23. Statements:

All Drives are Ride.
All Walks are run.
All Run are Ride.

Conclusions:

I. Some Walks are Drives.

II. Some run are Drives.

- (a) If only conclusion II follows.
(b) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.
(c) If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.
(d) If only conclusion I follows.
(e) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Q24. Statements:

Some Works are Teams.
Some Teams are Efficiency.
Some Time are Works.

Conclusions:

I. Some Time are Efficiency.

II. Some Time are Teams is a possibility.

- (a) If only conclusion II follows.
(b) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.
(c) If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.
(d) If only conclusion I follows.
(e) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Q25. Statements:

Some Moneys are Enough.
All Peace are Essential.
All Moneys are Essential.

Conclusions:

I. All Enough are Peace is a possibility.

II. Some Enough are Essential.

- (a) If only conclusion II follows.
(b) If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.
(c) If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.
(d) If only conclusion I follows.
(e) If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Directions (26-30): Study the following information carefully and answer the question given below-

There are 9 girls namely A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I living in a seven-floored girls hostel such that bottommost is 1st floor then 2nd floor and so on till topmost is 7th floor. Only two floors are doubly occupied, rest are singly occupied. Also the odd numbered doubly occupied floor is above the even numbered doubly occupied floor. Neither topmost or lowermost floor is doubly occupied.

F does not live on an odd numbered floor and not on a doubly occupied floor. C lives on topmost floor. As many persons live between C and H as between G and H. Only one floor gap is between D and E. E lives above D, who lives on a singly occupied floor. Both B and I live on 2nd floor. D lives on 3rd floor. More than 1 floor gap is in between A and C.

Q26. Which among the following represents double occupancy floor?

- (a) 6th floor
- (b) 3rd floor
- (c) 5th floor
- (d) 7th floor
- (e) None of these

Q27. How many floors gap are there in between the floor occupied by C and F ?

- (a) One
- (b) Two
- (c) Three
- (d) None
- (e) More than three

Q28. Who among the following lives on 1st floor?

- (a) E
- (b) G
- (c) H
- (d) A
- (e) None of these

Q29. Four of the five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group, which among the following does not belong to the group?

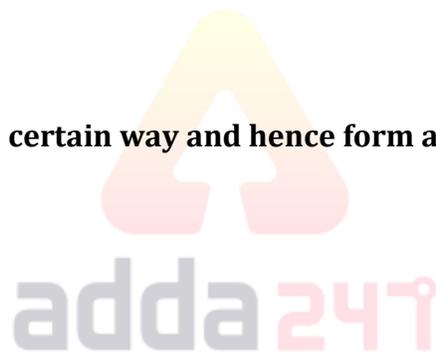
- (a) E
- (b) I
- (c) H
- (d) B
- (e) G

Q30. If C and F exchange their positions then how many persons live below C?

- (a) two
- (b) one
- (c) none
- (d) three
- (e) more than three

Q31. How many words can be formed from 4th,5th,6th,7th and 8th letter of the word "MOSQUITOES" by using all such that no letter is being repeated in the word?

- (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three





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Q32. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word COMPOUND, each of which have as many letters between them in the word as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?

- (a) None
- (b) One
- (c) Two
- (d) Three
- (e) More than three

Directions (33-35): Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions below.

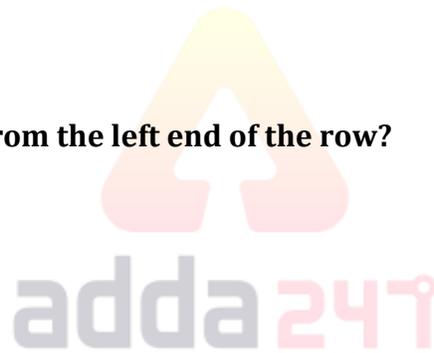
20 friends are sitting in a row. Rahul is 8th from the right end. Suresh is fifth to the left of Raghav. Only 4 persons are sitting between Rahul and Raghav. Ramesh is to the immediate right of Suresh.

Q33. How many persons are sitting between Suresh and Rahul?

- (a) Eleven
- (b) Five
- (c) Nine
- (d) Four
- (e) None of these

Q34. What is position of Raghav from the left end of the row?

- (a) 4th from the left
- (b) 7th from the left
- (c) 8th from the left
- (d) 6th from the left
- (e) None of these



Q35. If Rohit sits exactly between Ramesh and Raghav then what is the position of Rohit from the right end?

- (a) 14th from the right
- (b) 17th from the right
- (c) 18th from the right
- (d) 15th from the right
- (e) None of these

Directions (36-40): Read the information carefully and answer the following questions.

In a school total 450 students are present. Ratio of girls to boys in the school is 8:7. 50% of girls and 40% of boys play basketball. 30% of boys and 30% of girls play cricket. 20% of girls and 30% of boys play football. 21 boys and 27 girls play both cricket and basketball. 18 boys and 21 girls play both cricket and football. 15 boys and 24 girls play both basketball and football. 6 boys and 9 girls play all three games.

Note:- Only three games are played in the school and some students does not play any game.

Q36. What is the percentage of the students that does not play any games?

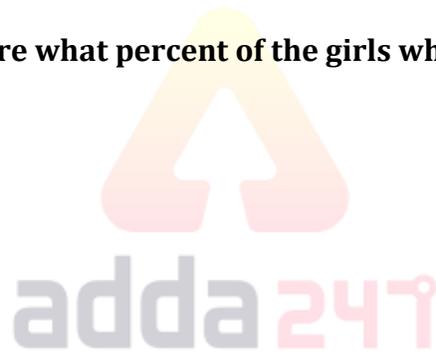
- (a) $14\frac{2}{3}\%$
- (b) $26\frac{8}{9}\%$
- (c) $24\frac{2}{3}\%$
- (d) $26\frac{2}{3}\%$
- (e) $24\frac{2}{5}\%$

Q37. What is the ratio of boys to girls who only play basketball?

- (a) 13:9
- (b) 13:11
- (c) 9:13
- (d) 9:8
- (e) 12:11

Q38. Girls who play only cricket are what percent of the girls who play football?

- (a) 72%
- (b) 62.25%
- (c) 66.50%
- (d) 68.75%
- (e) none of these



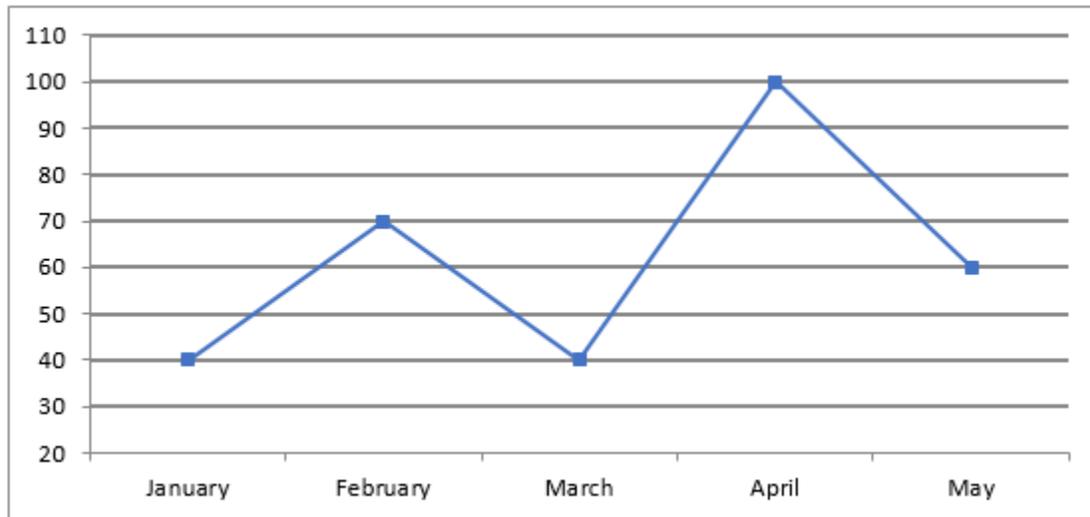
Q39. Number of boys who does not play any games are how much less than that of girls?

- (a) 15
- (b) 14
- (c) 29
- (d) 20
- (e) 12

Q40. What is the ratio of girls who play basketball to boys who play cricket?

- (a) 21:40
- (b) 20:21
- (c) 40:19
- (d) 40:23
- (e) 40: 21

Directions (41-45): Line graph shows the percentage of females participating in the Yoga event out of total participant in five different months.



Total participant = Male Participant + female participant

Q41. Male participant in January is 20% more than that in February. Female participant in February is what percent of that in January.

- (a) $291\frac{2}{3}\%$
- (b) $191\frac{2}{3}\%$
- (c) 290%
- (d) 190%
- (e) $295\frac{2}{3}\%$



Q42. Male and female child participant in March is in ratio 2 : 1. If adult male to adult female ratio is 4 : 3 then find the percentage of adult male participant in same month.

- (a) 30%
- (b) 50%
- (c) 35%
- (d) 40%
- (e) 44%

Q43. Ratio of adult and child participant in May is 3 : 4 and male participant in May is 280. Find the number of child participants in May.

- (a) 300
- (b) 350
- (c) 280
- (d) 250
- (e) 400

Q44. No. of participant increase in April by 20% from previous month. Find the percentage increase in female participant.

- (a) 300%
- (b) 200%
- (c) 100%
- (d) 250%
- (e) 400%

Q45. If number of participant in every month is 500 .Then find average number of male participant in all five months.

- (a) 250
- (b) 300
- (c) 190
- (d) 200
- (e) 180

Q46. 'B' is 50% less efficient than 'A' and 'C' is 25% more efficient than 'B'. 'B' alone can complete the work in 60 days. If 'A', 'B', 'C' together started the work, 'A' left 1 day before and 'B' left 6 days before completion of work, then find number of days for which 'A' worked?

- (a) 12 days
- (b) 16 days
- (c) 24 days
- (d) 15 days
- (e) 9 days

Q47. Veer mark up the price of cycle by 20% and if he decreases his discount percent from 15% to 10% than the profit of Veer is increased by Rs. 1800 then find how much profit/loss Veer would have if he gives a discount of 25% on the marked price ?

- (a) Rs. 3200
- (b) Rs. 2500
- (c) Rs. 2700
- (d) Rs. 4000
- (e) Rs. 3000

Q48. Arun invested Rs x in scheme I for three years at the rate of 12% p.a. at simple interest while Kush invested Rs (x + 4000) in scheme II for 2 years on C.I. at 20% p.a. rate. Find sum invested by Kush (in Rs.) if total interest earned by them is Rs. 3360.

- (a) 6000
- (b) 4500
- (c) 2000
- (d) 3500
- (e) 5200

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Q49. A milkman made a mixture by mixing milk and water in the ratio 2 : 3 and sold 37.5% of the mixture. If he added 62.5 ℓ water in the remaining mixture, ratio of milk to water becomes 2 : 5, then Find the initial quantity of mixture?

- (a) 325ℓ
- (b) 400ℓ
- (c) 250ℓ
- (d) 150ℓ
- (e) 450ℓ

Q50. Speed of current is 3 km/hr and speed of boat in still water is 50% more than speed of boat in upstream. A boat travels 135 km in downstream and on returning, an additional engine is added which increases the speed of boat by 'x' kmph. If boat completes whole journey in 15 hrs, then find the value of 'x'?

- (a) 25 kmph
- (b) 12 kmph
- (c) 15 kmph
- (d) 24 kmph
- (e) 30 kmph

Directions (51-54): The following questions are accompanied by two statements A and B. You have to determine which statement(s) is/are sufficient/necessary to answer the questions.

Q51. Find Veer's present age if Atul is ten year younger than Veer.

(A) Five year hence, Atul's age is 20% more than Abhi's age while Abhi is 15 years younger than Veer.

(B) Ratio between Veer's present age to Atul present age is 7 : 5

- (a) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (b) Statement B alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement A alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) Either statement A or statement B by itself is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) Statement A alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement B alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.
- (e) Statements A and B taken together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q52. Find the speed of boat in downstream?

(A) Speed of boat in still water is 50% more than speed of boat in upstream.

(B) Difference between time taken by boat to cover 32 km in upstream to that of in downstream is 2 hours.

- (a) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (b) Statement B alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement A alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) Either statement A or statement B by itself is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) Statement A alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement B alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.
- (e) Statements A and B taken together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q53. Find the value of 'R'.

(A) Satish invested Rs. 10,000 at R% p.a. at C.I. for 2 years and Rs. 8,000 at R% p.a. at S.I. for 4 years. He got same amount from both scheme.

(B) Ratio between principal invested at R% p.a. at CI to interest earned after 2 years is 25 : 11.

(a) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.

(b) Statement B alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement A alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

(c) Either statement A or statement B by itself is sufficient to answer the question.

(d) Statement A alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement B alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.

(e) Statements A and B taken together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Q54. Find the volume of given cylinder if height of cylinder is 14 cm ?

(A) Total surface area of cylinder is 924 cm^2 .

(B) Total surface area of cylinder is 50% more than of curved surface area of cylinder.

(a) Both the statements taken together are necessary to answer the questions, but neither of the statements alone is sufficient to answer the question.

(b) Statement B alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement A alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

(c) Either statement A or statement B by itself is sufficient to answer the question.

(d) Statement A alone is sufficient to answer the question, but statement B alone is not sufficient to answer the questions.

(e) Statements A and B taken together are not sufficient to answer the question.

Directions (55-60): What will come in place of the question mark (?) in each of the following series?

Q55. 821, 784, 743, ?, 653, 600

(a) 698

(b) 700

(c) 721

(d) 671

(e) 702

Q56. 2, 3, 27, 74, ?, 237

(a) 148

(b) 121

(c) 144

(d) 134

(e) 178

Q57. 32, 144, 504, 1260, 1890, ?

- (a) 945
- (b) 2145
- (c) 2560
- (d) 815
- (e) 915

Q58. 3, 4, 7, 11, 18, ?

- (a) 32
- (b) 25
- (c) 36
- (d) 27
- (e) 29

Q59. ?, 16, 36, 64, 100, 144

- (a) 8
- (b) 12
- (c) 2
- (d) 4
- (e) 6

Q60. 9, 5.5, ?, 14, 57, 457

- (a) 7.25
- (b) 7.5
- (c) 8.25
- (d) 9.25
- (e) 6.5



Q61. What is the probability of forming word from the letters of word "IMPEACH" such that all vowels come together?

- (a) $\frac{8}{35}$
- (b) $\frac{1}{7}$
- (c) $\frac{3}{35}$
- (d) $\frac{17}{35}$
- (e) None of these

Q62. A sphere is melted and molded into solid cylinder. If radius of both solids is equal, then find the ratio of total surface area of sphere to the total surface area of cylinder

- (a) 2 : 3
- (b) 4 : 3
- (c) 3 : 7
- (d) 6 : 7
- (e) 7 : 6

Q63. To cover a certain distance, slower train took 4 hours more than the faster train. If speed of slower train is 40% less than faster train then find the time taken by slower train to cover the same distance.

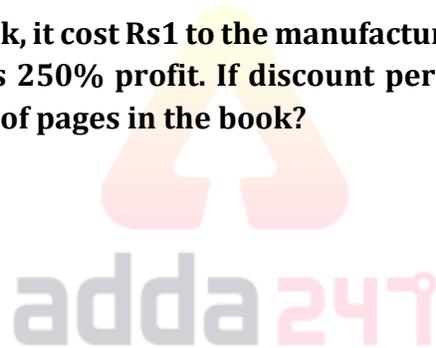
- (a) 6 hours
- (b) 8 hours
- (c) 10 hours
- (d) 12 hours
- (e) 5 hours

Q64. 5 years ago, age of Ankur is 3 times of the age of Arun at that time. Ratio of age of Arun, 5 year hence, and age of Ajay, 5 year ago, is 3 : 5. If difference between age of Ajay and Ankur is 10 years(Ajay is younger than Ankur), then find the present age of Arun.

- (a) 20 years
- (b) 15 years
- (c) 18 years
- (d) 10 years
- (e) 25 years

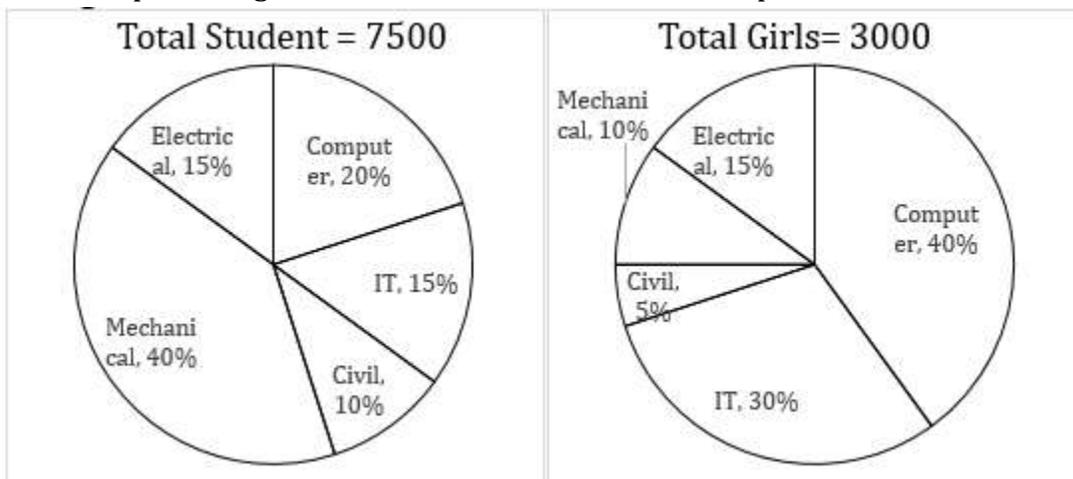
Q65. On printing 70 pages of a book, it cost Rs1 to the manufacturer. If a book is on sale at a discount of 20% then, manufacturer earns 250% profit. If discount percent is increased by 10% then, he earns Rs35 less. Find the number of pages in the book?

- (a) 5600
- (b) 4200
- (c) 6300
- (d) 10500
- (e) 7000



Directions (66-70): Given below are the 2 pie-chart. Pie chart I shows the percentage distribution of all students in different department of a college

Pie Chart 2 shows the percentage distribution of Girls in different department of the same college.



Q66. Find the ratio of male students in computer and IT department together to male students in civil and electrical department together.

- (a) 7 : 3
- (b) 7 : 17
- (c) 7 : 23
- (d) 29 : 11
- (e) 3 : 17

Q67. Boys studying in Civil are how much percent more/less than Girls studying in same department.

- (a) 300%
- (b) 225%
- (c) 140%
- (d) 180%
- (e) 125%

Q68. Find the average of boys studying in computer, Electrical and Civil department together?

- (a) 385
- (b) 525
- (c) 448
- (d) 568
- (e) 552

Q69. Find the difference of boys studying in mechanical department and boys studying in Civil department?

- (a) 2370
- (b) 1550
- (c) 2760
- (d) 2100
- (e) 2700

Q70. Boys studying in computer and IT department together are what percent of total students in these department?

- (a) 17%
- (b) $28\frac{1}{3}\%$
- (c) 20%
- (d) 46%
- (e) 25%

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Directions (71- 80): Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below them. Certain words/phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The Arms Trade Treaty (ATT) is the first multilateral treaty to regulate the international trade in conventional arms. In this respect, it is a landmark treaty for the international community, focusing on an issue that is of highest importance for many Asia-Pacific countries – trying to find and establish mechanisms to control unregulated flows of arms. Since its entry into force on December 24, 2014, 130 states have signed the treaty and so far 92 became State Parties. However, when looking at the regional divide of ratifications and accessions on a world-wide scale, the Asia-Pacific shows by far the lowest numbers in global comparison. The past years didn't result in much progress; efforts to tighten arms transfer controls in the region seem to be at a **stalemate**. What is the reason for this inactivity, given so many countries in the region face significant small arms proliferation problems which pose threats to both national and regional security? Which incentives could help to pave the way for this new security and counter-terrorism tool to take full effect?

The ATT is to be seen in the greater scope of what is commonly known as export control, or, more positively **connoted**, Strategic Trade Control (STC). The main security-enhancing effect of the treaty is to be found in the requirement to introduce comprehensive control systems to make sure that exports, imports, transits, and transshipments of conventional weapons will not be diverted and end up in the hands of **illicit** actors. Thus, the ATT can serve as another instrument inside the global anti-terrorism toolbox. The treaty scope requires states to introduce legislation and establish comprehensive control systems to perform case-by-case risk assessments. To do so, states must have competent national licensing authorities that check relevant control lists of military items. Questions of the end-use and the end-user of weapons shipments are thus essential for such authorities to consider when reviewing applications for arms transfer licenses. Possible cases when a license must be denied include those where arms might end up in situations where crimes against humanity occur.

Comparing the Asia-Pacific to other developing regions, such as Latin America, the Caribbean, and Africa, it becomes obvious that acceptance and popularity of the ATT has progressed rather slowly. Up to date the number of ATT ratifications within the Asia-Pacific remains at an absolute low of only six out of 53 countries. In Oceania, these supporters are Australia, New Zealand, Tuvalu, and Samoa. It is within the Pacific Islands where one can see probably the most forward movement in putting the ATT in practice on a regional basis. This is mainly due to the work of the Pacific Island Forum Secretariat, with the help of the government of New Zealand. The Secretariat published an ATT blueprint legislation in an effort to support the Pacific states in their ambitions to ratify and implement the treaty framework. Amongst its 18 member countries, ratifications by Tuvalu, Samoa, and signatures to the treaty by Kiribati, Nauru, and Palau prove these regional efforts to be at least partly successful. Australia and New Zealand as strong ATT supporters also played a major role in these efforts to make ATT gain momentum in the region.

In eastern Asia, Japan and South Korea are the sole active supporters of the treaty. For many years, South Korea has viewed STC as an important security instrument, mainly preventing North Korea from **acquiring** products that may add to its conventional and unconventional weapons arsenal. After the Tokyo subway sarin gas attack in 1995, Japanese authorities started to give the overall topic of STC ever more emphasis and also began to promote the goal of establishing a tight regional network of sensitive items controls amongst their neighbors. For both countries, ratifying and implementing the ATT was an easy and logical next step that fit in their overall security strategy.

Q71. According to the passage, How Arms Trade Treaty can be referred as Strategic Trade Control?

- (a) The Arms Trade Treaty ensures the tightening of the exports, imports, transits and transshipments of conventional weapons controls.
- (b) The Arms Trade treaty ensures the national and regional security.
- (c) The Arms Trade Treaty is introduced to ensure that the haulage of the weapons will not fulfill some illegal purpose.
- (d) Both (a) and (c)
- (e) All are correct.

Q72. Which of the following cannot be inferred from the passage?

- (a) There are many countries which face small arms proliferation problems posing threat to national and regional security.
- (b) The purpose and success of the treaty made many other countries to join this agreement.
- (c) Arms Trade Treaty is a multilateral treaty in which there are 92 State Parties.
- (d) The Arms Trade Treaty is signed among the countries to control unregulated flows of arms and hence ensuring national security.
- (e) All the sentences are correct

Q73. According to the passage, how can the purpose of the arms trade treaty be fulfilled?

- (I) By issuing limited number of arms for avoiding illegal use.
 - (II) By keeping check on the control lists of military items that were transported.
 - (III) The purpose can be fulfilled by evaluating the risks.
- (a) Only (I) is correct
 - (b) Only (II) is correct
 - (c) Both (I) and (III) are correct
 - (d) Both (II) and (III) are correct
 - (e) All are correct

Q74. According to the passage, what had made the Arms Trade Treaty ratification progress?

- (a) The legislation published by the developed country in order to make the treaty implemented and ratified by the pacific states.
- (b) The advantages of the treaty towards national security attracted many other countries for the treaty ratification.
- (c) The supporters of the treaty like Australia and New Zealand had played a major role in making the treaty ratified by other member nations.
- (d) Both (a) and (c)
- (e) All of the above

Q75. Which of the following is the appropriate title of the passage?

- (a) Arms proliferation problems
- (b) Peace among nations
- (c) National and regional security
- (d) The Arms Trade Treaty in the Asia- Pacific
- (e) Regulating the conventional arms

Q76. According to the passage, what is/ are the perspective(s) of the east Asian countries regarding the treaty?

- (I) Despite increased counter terrorism attacks, east Asian countries has not taken any further step towards signing the treaty.
 - (II) East Asian countries like Japan being the active supporter check relevant control lists of military items among its neighbours.
 - (III) South Korea support the treaty as it prevents other countries from acquiring products.
- (a) Only (I) is correct
 - (b) Only (II) is correct
 - (c) Both (I) and (III) are correct
 - (d) Both (II) and (III) are correct
 - (e) All ae correct

Directions (77-78): Choose the word which is MOST SIMILAR in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Q77. Stalemate

- (a) evitable
- (b) impasse
- (c) regulation
- (d) edict
- (e) precept

Q78. Connoted

- (a) implied
- (b) interdicted
- (c) confiscate
- (d) procure
- (e) seize



Directions (79- 80): Choose the word which is MOST OPPOSITE in meaning to the word printed in bold as used in the passage.

Q79. Illicit

- (a) rupture
- (b) munificent
- (c) arrogate
- (d) collocate
- (e) authorised

Q80. Acquiring

- (a) cessation
- (b) forfeit
- (c) divulge
- (d) conceal
- (e) acquaint

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Directions (81-88): Given below is a paragraph that has blank spaces. Corresponding to each blank, five options are given, out of which only one is appropriate. Choose the option that fits most suitably in the given blank making sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

Q81. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour ___(81)___, and the stationmaster came to ___(82)___. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were ___(83)___ for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the ___(84)___ in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was ___(85)___. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was ___(86)___ by a strange feeling of ___(87)___. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite ___(88)___, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) came
- (b) elapsed
- (c) went
- (d) gone
- (e) taken

Q82. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour ___(81)___, and the stationmaster came to ___(82)___. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were ___(83)___ for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the ___(84)___ in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was ___(85)___. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was ___(86)___ by a strange feeling of ___(87)___. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite ___(88)___, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) run
- (b) eat
- (c) enquire
- (d) shout
- (e) beat

Q83. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour **(81)**, and the stationmaster came to **(82)**. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were **(83)** for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the **(84)** in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was **(85)**. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was **(86)** by a strange feeling of **(87)**. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite **(88)**, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) bound
- (b) killed
- (c) slapped
- (d) slept
- (e) cried

Q84. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour **(81)**, and the stationmaster came to **(82)**. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were **(83)** for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the **(84)** in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was **(85)**. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was **(86)** by a strange feeling of **(87)**. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite **(88)**, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) car
- (b) happiness
- (c) accomplishment
- (d) success
- (e) plight

Q85. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour ____**(81)**____, and the stationmaster came to ____**(82)**____. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were ____**(83)**____ for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the ____**(84)**____ in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was ____**(85)**____. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was ____**(86)**____ by a strange feeling of ____**(87)**____. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite ____**(88)**____, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) happy
- (b) humiliated
- (c) beaten
- (d) stunned
- (e) thankful

Q86. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour ____**(81)**____, and the stationmaster came to ____**(82)**____. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were ____**(83)**____ for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the ____**(84)**____ in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was ____**(85)**____. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was ____**(86)**____ by a strange feeling of ____**(87)**____. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite ____**(88)**____, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) surprised
- (b) overpowered
- (c) heard
- (d) insulted
- (e) encouraged

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Q87. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour **(81)**, and the stationmaster came to **(82)**. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were **(83)** for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the **(84)** in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was **(85)**. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was **(86)** by a strange feeling of **(87)**. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite **(88)**, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) attraction
- (b) motion
- (c) exercise
- (d) supposition
- (e) repulsion

Q88. Long did we wait, but no one turned up. An hour **(81)**, and the stationmaster came to **(82)**. He asked us for our tickets. We showed them to him. He asked us why we tarried. We told him that we were **(83)** for Koregaon and that we were waiting for father or his servant to come, but that neither had turned up and that we did not know how to reach Koregaon.

We were well-dressed children. From our dress or talk no one could make out that we were children of the untouchables. Indeed, the stationmaster was quite sure we were Brahmin children and was extremely touched at the **(84)** in which he found us. As is usual among the Hindus, the stationmaster asked us who we were. Without a moment's thought I blurted out that we were Mahars. (Mahar is one of the communities which were treated as untouchables in the Bombay Presidency.) He was **(85)**. His face underwent a sudden change. We could see that he was **(86)** by a strange feeling of **(87)**. As soon as he heard my reply, he went away to his room and we stood where we were. Fifteen to twenty minutes elapsed; the sun was almost setting. Our father had not turned up nor had he sent his servant, and now the stationmaster had also left us. We were quite **(88)**, and the joy and happiness, which we felt at the beginning of the journey, gave way to a feeling of extreme sadness.

- (a) driven
- (b) crying
- (c) satisfied
- (d) bewildered
- (e) angry

Directions (89-90): Which of the following phrases, given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold letters to make the sentence grammatically correct? Choose the best option among the five given alternatives that reflect the correct use of phrase in the context of the grammatically correct sentence. If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (E) i.e., "No correction required" as the answer.

Q89. She was not so well versed in **Sanskrit that we** had expected.

- (a) in Sanskrit because we
- (b) in Sanskrit as we
- (c) in Sanskrit through we
- (d) in Sankrit though we
- (e) No correction required

Q90. Any step that the Prime Minister takes to remove violence in the country **will be appreciate**.

- (a) will appreciated
- (b) will have appreciated
- (c) was appreciating
- (d) will be appreciated
- (e) were appreciating

Directions (91-95): Which of the following phrases (I), (II), and (III) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold letters to make the sentence grammatically correct? Choose the best option among the five given alternatives that reflect the correct use of phrase in the context of the grammatically correct sentence. If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (E) i.e., "No correction required" as the answer.

Q91. In the current knowledge-driven economy, the higher education system **playing a major role** in social development and national economic competitiveness.

- (I) plays a major role
- (II) has played a major role
- (III) may play a major role
- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Both (I) and (II) are correct
- (c) Both (II) and (III) are correct
- (d) All are correct
- (e) No correction required

Q92. India is in transition towards a knowledge-based economy and its competitive edge **determined from the abilities** of its people to create, share and use knowledge more effectively.

- (I) will be determined by the abilities
- (II) can be determined by the abilities
- (III) have to be determined from the abilities
- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Both (I) and (II) are correct
- (c) Both (I) and (III) are correct
- (d) All are correct
- (e) No correction required



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Q93. Man is the highest point of evolutionary ascent with the infinite probability and certitude of rising higher still.

(I) Man has been at highest point of evolutionary

(II) The evolution of man at the highest point of

(III) Man could be higher in evolution

(a) Only (I) is correct

(b) Only (II) is correct

(c) Only (III) is correct

(d) Both (I) and (III) are correct

(e) No correction required

Q94. The unprecedented political crisis that gripped South Africa, and of a kind that few countries in the world have countenanced, **appear to be ended after the swearing-in** of Cyril Ramaphosa as the country's president.

(I) appears to have ended with the swearing-in

(II) appeared to end after the swearing-in

(III) appear to be ending with the swearing-in

(a) Only (I) is correct

(b) Only (II) is correct

(c) Only (III) is correct

(d) Both (I) and (III) are correct

(e) No correction required

Q95. The success of the cadets from the Boys Sports Company of the Army Sports Institute, Pune, at the recent 'Khelo India' school games **has indeed a welcome.**

(I) will be indeed a welcome

(II) is indeed welcome

(III) should be welcomed

(a) Only (I) is correct

(b) Both (I) and (II) are correct

(c) Both (II) and (III) are correct

(d) All are correct

(e) No correction required

Directions (96-100): Which of the following phrases (I), (II), and (III) given below each sentence should replace the phrase printed in bold letters to make the sentence grammatically correct? Choose the best option among the five given alternatives that reflect the correct use of phrase in the context of the grammatically correct sentence. If the sentence is correct as it is, mark (E) i.e., "No correction required" as the answer.

Q96. If you will disobey the Lord, your God and do not faithfully keep all the commands and laws that the priest is giving you today, all these evil things will happen to you.

[I] If you disobey the Lord

[II] Have you disobeying the Lord

[III] If you keep disobeying the Lord

- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (II) is correct
- (c) Only (III) is correct
- (d) Both (I) and (III) are correct
- (e) No correction required

Q97. People who do not bother for the welfare of others should **not entrusted with** any social activity.

- [I]** not be entrusted with
- [II]** be entrust not with
- [III]** not be entrust with
- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (II) is correct
- (c) Only (III) is correct
- (d) All are correct
- (e) No correction required

Q98. They have estimated that transportation fees **was increased by** 10-20 per cent due to the sharp increase in petrol prices.

- [I]** could be increased by
- [II]** might be increased by
- [III]** were increased by
- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (II) is correct
- (c) Only (III) is correct
- (d) All are correct
- (e) No correction required

Q99. What **is I do not understand is** how he failed in the examination, even after burning the midnight oil.

- [I]** is that I don't understand is
- [II]** I do not understand is
- [III]** is I don't understand
- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (II) is correct
- (c) Only (III) is correct
- (d) All are correct
- (e) No correction required

Q100. We **were aware of** certain frailties that were exposed in the course of Parliament's approval of the Barroso II Commission.

- [I]** had aware of
- [II]** were aware for
- [III]** are aware for
- (a) Only (I) is correct
- (b) Only (II) is correct
- (c) Only (III) is correct
- (d) All are correct
- (e) No correction required

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