

All India MAHA Mock: RBI Assistant Prelims (Hindi - Questions)

Directions (1-5): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिये और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

आठ व्यक्तियों की परीक्षाएं अलग-अलग महीनों अर्थात् जुलाई, अगस्त, सितंबर, अक्टूबर में या तो 7 या 26 तारीख को हैं। P की परीक्षा 31 दिनों वाले महीने की 7 वीं तारीख को है। P और M के बीच तीन व्यक्तियों की परीक्षा है जिसकी परीक्षा अक्टूबर महीने में नहीं होती है। N की परीक्षा L से पहले और J के बाद है। Q की परीक्षा R से ठीक पहले लेकिन दोनों की परीक्षा समान महीने में नहीं है। S की परीक्षा P से पहले और N के बाद है।

Q1. निम्नलिखित में से किसकी परीक्षा 26 सितम्बर को है?

- (a) M
- (b) N
- (c) P
- (d) Q
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q2. Q और R के मध्य कितने व्यक्तियों की परीक्षा है?

- (a) कोई नहीं
- (b) एक
- (c) दो
- (d) तीन
- (e) तीन से अधिक




Q3. J, M से सम्बंधित है, Q, S से सम्बंधित है, तो उसी प्रकार, R किससे सम्बन्धित है?

- (a) P
- (b) M
- (c) N
- (d) L
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q4. निम्नलिखित पाँच में से चार निश्चित प्रकार से एकसमान हैं अतः एक समूह बनाते हैं, इनमें से कौन सा एक उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

- (a) J
- (b) M
- (c) Q
- (d) R
- (e) P

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Q5. निम्नलिखित में से किस महीने में S की परीक्षा है?

- (a) जुलाई
- (b) सितम्बर
- (c) अगस्त
- (d) अक्टूबर
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q6. संख्या "257986413" में अंको के ऐसे कितने युग्म हैं, जिन्हें आरोही क्रम में व्यवस्थित करने पर प्रत्येक में बीच उतने ही अंक है जितने उन अंको के बीच होते हैं?

- (a) कोई नहीं
- (b) एक
- (c) दो
- (d) तीन
- (e) तीन से अधिक

Q7. यदि वर्णमाला क्रम के अनुसार शब्द "PRESENTATION" के प्रत्येक अक्षर को उसके अगले अक्षर से बदल दिया जाए और सभी अक्षरों को वर्णमाला के क्रम में बाएं से अंग्रेजी शब्दकोश के अनुसार व्यवस्थित किया जाए, तो दाएं अंत से 5 वां अक्षर कौन-सा होगा।

- (a) U
- (b) P
- (c) Q
- (d) O
- (e) None of these

Directions (8-12): निम्नलिखित अक्षरांकीय श्रृंखला का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

A 5 & H J \$ % 3 4 B Y L C * 2 @ M ! P * 6 \$ J # 2 5

Q8. ऐसी कितनी संख्याएँ हैं जिनके पहले वर्ण और बाद में प्रतीक हैं?

- (a) कोई नहीं
- (b) एक
- (c) दो
- (d) तीन
- (e) तीन से अधिक

Q9. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा तत्व श्रृंखला के दाएं अंत से 11 वां है?

- (a) J
- (b) @
- (c) 3
- (d) B
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q10. यदि सभी संख्याओं को श्रृंखला से हटा दिया जाता है, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा तत्व श्रृंखला के बाएं अंत से 13 वें स्थान पर होगा?

- (a) B
- (b) M
- (c) @
- (d) *
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q11. ऐसे कितने प्रतीक हैं जिनके पहले संख्या और बाद वर्णमाला हैं?

- (a) कोई नहीं
- (b) एक
- (c) दो
- (d) तीन
- (e) तीन से अधिक

Q12. श्रृंखला के दाएं अंत से 5 वीं संख्या और बाएं अंत से तीसरे प्रतीक के बीच कितने तत्व हैं?

- (a) चार
- (b) एक
- (c) दो
- (d) तीन
- (e) चार से अधिक

Directions (13-14): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

राज बिंदु D से अपने घर जाता है। वह उत्तर की ओर 11 मीटर चलता है और बिंदु E पर पहुँचता है। अब, वह दाएं ओर मुड़ता है और बिंदु F पर पहुँचने के लिए 8 मीटर चलता है। फिर, वह बाएं ओर मुड़ता है और बिंदु G पर पहुँचने के लिए 5 मीटर चलता है। अंत में वह बाएं ओर मुड़ता है और अपने घर पर पहुँचने के लिए 7 मी चलता है।

Q13. राज के घर से निम्नलिखित में से किस दिशा में बिंदु E स्थित है?

- (a) दक्षिण
- (b) दक्षिण-पूर्व
- (c) दक्षिण-पश्चिम
- (d) उत्तर
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q14. यदि बिंदु P, बिंदु E के 6 मी दक्षिण में है, तो बिंदु P और F के मध्य सबसे न्यूनतम दूरी कितनी है?

- (a) 8 मी
- (b) 9 मी
- (c) 7 मी
- (d) 10 मी
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Directions (15-19): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

आठ व्यक्ति A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H एक वृत्ताकार मेज के चारों ओर मेज के अंदर की ओर उन्मुख होकर बैठे हैं। लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि समान क्रम में हो।

B, A के विपरीत बैठे व्यक्ति के ठीक बाएं बैठा है। B और E के मध्य एक व्यक्ति बैठा है। C, A और B का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। F, D के दायें से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है जो C के ठीक दाएं बैठा है। H, E के विपरीत नहीं बैठा है और न ही G का निकटतम पड़ोसी है।

Q15. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा व्यक्ति F के विपरीत बैठे व्यक्ति के दाएं से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है?

- (a) B
- (b) G
- (c) H
- (d) D
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q16. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा E के सन्दर्भ में सत्य है?

- (a) E, G के विपरीत बैठा है
- (b) E, A के दाएं से तीसरे स्थान पर बैठा है
- (c) E, F के विपरीत बैठे व्यक्ति का निकटतम पड़ोसी है
- (d) (a) और (c) दोनों
- (e) कोई सत्य नहीं है

Q17. A के बाएं ओर से गिनने पर, A और B के मध्य कितने व्यक्ति बैठे हैं?

- (a) एक
- (b) दो
- (c) तीन से अधिक
- (d) तीन
- (e) कोई नहीं

Q18. निम्नलिखित पाँच में से चार एक निश्चित प्रकार से एक समान हैं अतः एक समूह बनाते हैं इनमें से कौन-सा एक उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

- (a) AH
- (b) EG
- (c) FC
- (d) FG
- (e) DB

Q19. यदि D, B से सम्बंधित है, A, H से सम्बंधित है तो, उसी प्रकार F किससे सम्बंधित है?

- (a) E
- (b) G
- (c) C
- (d) D
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Directions (20-24): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

नौ बॉक्स एक के ऊपर एक रखे हैं। J और K के बीच चार से अधिक बॉक्स रखे हुए हैं, जो J के नीचे रखा है। N, K के नीचे रखा है। L, M के ऊपर और P के नीचे रखा है। S के ऊपर उतने ही बॉक्स रखे हैं जितने Q के नीचे रखे हैं। N और Q के मध्य एक बॉक्स रखा है। S, J के ठीक नीचे नहीं रखा है। R, M के ठीक ऊपर रखा है।

Q20. P और Q के मध्य कितने बॉक्स रखे हैं?

- (a) एक
- (b) दो
- (c) तीन
- (d) तीन से अधिक
- (e) कोई नहीं

Q21. J के ऊपर रखे बॉक्स की संख्या ___ के नीचे रखे बॉक्स की संख्या के समान है।

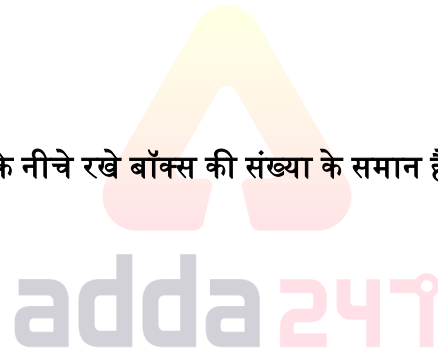
- (a) P
- (b) Q
- (c) N
- (d) K
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q22. निम्नलिखित पांच में से चार एक समूह से संबंधित है इनमें से कौन सा एक उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

- (a) JP
- (b) SR
- (c) LR
- (d) MQ
- (e) KN

Q23. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा बॉक्स सबसे ऊपर रखा है?

- (a) J
- (b) P
- (c) S
- (d) L
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं



Q24. P और K के ठीक मध्य कौन-सा बॉक्स रखा है?

- (a) L
- (b) M
- (c) S
- (d) R
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Directions (25-29): निम्नलिखित जानकारी का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन करें और नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें:

आठ व्यक्ति अर्थात A, B, C, D, E, F, G, और H एक आठ मंजिला इमारत में रहते हैं जिसमें भूतल की संख्या 1, उससे ऊपर की मंजिल की संख्या 2 और इसी प्रकार आगे सबसे ऊपरी मंजिल की संख्या 8 है। लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि सभी समान क्रम में हो।

A मंजिल संख्या छह से नीचे एक सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है। A और D के बीच तीन व्यक्ति रहते हैं। B के ऊपर रहने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या G के नीचे रहने वाले व्यक्तियों की संख्या से एक कम है। B, A से ऊपर रहता है। G और E के बीच दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं। C, H के ठीक ऊपर रहता है।

Q25. पांचवीं मंजिल पर कौन रहता है?

- (a) G
- (b) E
- (c) F
- (d) D
- (e) इनमें से कोई नहीं

Q26. E और C के मध्य कितने व्यक्ति रहते हैं?

- (a) एक
- (b) तीन
- (c) दो
- (d) तीन से अधिक
- (e) कोई नहीं



Q27. निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा सत्य है?

- (a) B सबसे ऊपर रहता है
- (b) F सम संख्या वाली मंजिल पर रहता है
- (c) G, C के ठीक नीचे रहता है
- (d) A और D के मध्य दो व्यक्ति रहते हैं
- (e) कोई सत्य नहीं है

Q28. निम्नलिखित पांच में से चार एक समूह से संबंधित हैं इनमें से कौन सा एक उस समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

- (a) D
- (b) E
- (c) A
- (d) G
- (e) C

Q29. यदि D, E से सम्बंधित है, B, F से सम्बंधित है, उसी प्रकार निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा C से सम्बंधित है?

- (a) A
- (b) H
- (c) G
- (d) E
- (e) None of these

Directions (30-32): नीचे दिए गए प्रत्येक में कुछ कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। आपको दिए गए सभी कथनों को सत्य मानना है भले ही वे सर्वज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत होते हों। सभी निष्कर्षों का अध्ययन कीजिए और सर्वज्ञात तथ्यों को नज़रंदाज़ करते हुए निर्णय लीजिये कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा दिए गए कथनों का अनुसरण करता है।

Q30. कथन:

केवल कुछ ब्लैक येलो हैं।

केवल कुछ येलो ग्रीन हैं।

सभी ग्रीन पिंक हैं

निष्कर्ष

I: सभी येलो के पिंक होने की सम्भावना है

II: कुछ ब्लैक येलो नहीं है

- (a) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।
- (b) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।
- (c) यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II अनुसरण करता है।
- (d) यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।
- (e) यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II अनुसरण करते हैं।

Q31. कथन:

केवल शर्ट ट्रोउजर हैं।

कुछ शर्ट टी-शर्ट हैं।

कोई टी-शर्ट पेंट नहीं है

निष्कर्ष

I: सभी ट्रोउजर के टी-शर्ट होने की सम्भावना है

II: कुछ शर्ट पेंट नहीं है

- (a) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।
- (b) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।
- (c) यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II अनुसरण करता है।
- (d) यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।
- (e) यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II अनुसरण करते हैं।

Q32. कथन:

कुछ लैपटॉप मोबाइल हैं।

सभी मोबाइल कैमरा हैं।

कुछ कैमरा वायर हैं

निष्कर्ष

I: सभी लैपटॉप के कैमरा होने की सम्भावना है

II: कोई मोबाइल वायर नहीं है

- (a) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।
(b) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।
(c) यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II अनुसरण करता है।
(d) यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।
(e) यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II अनुसरण करते हैं।

Directions (33-35): नीचे दिए गए प्रत्येक प्रश्न में कुछ कथनों के बाद दो निष्कर्ष दिए गए हैं। आपको दिए गए सभी कथनों को सत्य मानना है भले ही वे सर्वज्ञात तथ्यों से भिन्न प्रतीत होते हों। सभी निष्कर्षों का अध्ययन कीजिए और सर्वज्ञात तथ्यों को नज़रंदाज़ करते हुए निर्णय लीजिये कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा दिए गए कथनों का अनुसरण करता है।

Q33.

कथन: $B > H \geq G = Y > R$, $K < O \leq L = I < G \geq P \geq Q$

निष्कर्ष I: $H \geq P$ **II:** $R \leq Q$

- (a) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।
(b) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।
(c) यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II अनुसरण करता है।
(d) यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।
(e) यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II अनुसरण करते हैं।

Q34.

कथन: $M < N = B \leq V < C$, $G \geq F > D = S \geq A > V$

निष्कर्ष I: $N \leq D$ **II:** $C \geq S$

- (a) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।
(b) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।
(c) यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II अनुसरण करता है।
(d) यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।
(e) यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II अनुसरण करते हैं।

Q35.

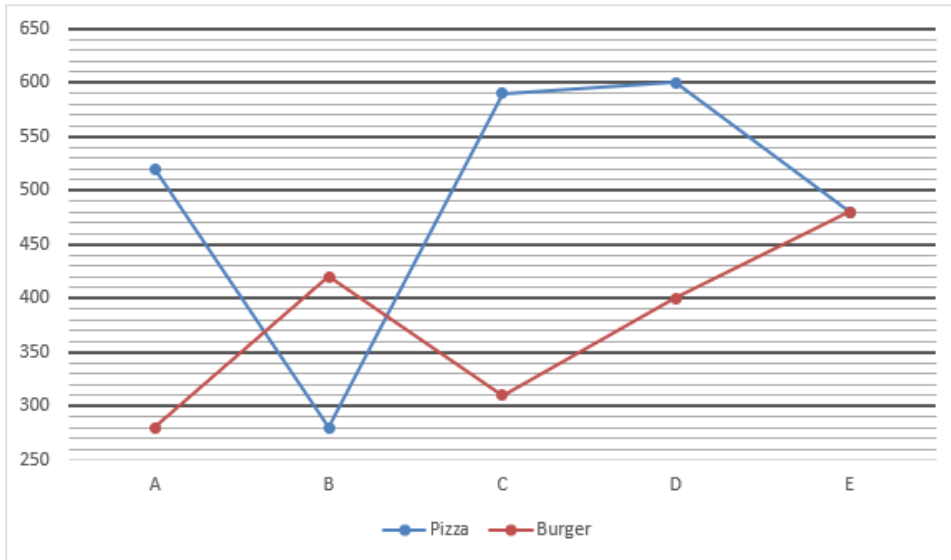
कथन : $E > D \geq R \geq F > T = G \geq Y > H$, $O < K \leq I \leq L < P = J < U = G$

निष्कर्ष I: $D \geq L$ II: $H \leq P$

- (a) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है।
(b) यदि केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है।
(c) यदि या तो निष्कर्ष I या II अनुसरण करता है।
(d) यदि न तो निष्कर्ष I और न ही II अनुसरण करता है।
(e) यदि दोनों निष्कर्ष I और II अनुसरण करते हैं।

Directions (36-40): दिए गए लाइन ग्राफ को ध्यान से पढ़ें और निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें।

दिया गया लाइन-ग्राफ एक सप्ताह में पिज्जा-हट के पांच अलग-अलग आउटलेट्स द्वारा बेचे जाने वाले पिज्जा और बर्गर की संख्या को दर्शाता है।



नोट - ये सभी 5 आउटलेट्स उस सप्ताह केवल बर्गर और पिज्जा बेचते हैं।

Q36. उस सप्ताह में आउटलेट A, C और D द्वारा बेचे गए बर्गर की संख्या का औसत ज्ञात कीजिये।

- (a) 320
(b) 330
(c) 315
(d) 310
(e) 340

Q37. उस सप्ताह में आउटलेट B और E द्वारा मिलाकर बेचे गये पिज्जा की कुल संख्या और आउटलेट A द्वारा बेचे गये बर्गर और पिज्जा की मिलाकर कुल संख्या के बीच का अंतर ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 20
(b) 10
(c) 30
(d) 50
(e) 40

Q38. यदि बर्गर का औसत विक्रय मूल्य 75 रुपये है और उस सप्ताह में सभी आउटलेट में पिज्जा का औसत विक्रय मूल्य 180 रुपये है, तो उस सप्ताह में A और B द्वारा एकसाथ और D और E द्वारा एकसाथ उत्पादित राजस्व के बीच अंतर ज्ञात कीजिये।

- (a) 65400 रुपये
- (b) 65700 रुपये
- (c) 62800 रुपये
- (d) 63900 रुपये
- (e) 66750 रुपये

Q39. उस सप्ताह में D द्वारा बेचे जाने वाले सामान्य पिज्जा का चीज बर्स्ट पिज्जा से अनुपात 5: 3 है और उस सप्ताह में E द्वारा बेचे गये पिज्जा का 75% चीज बर्स्ट पिज्जा हैं, तो उस सप्ताह में इन दो स्टोर द्वारा एकसाथ बेचे गये चीज बर्स्ट पिज्जा की कुल संख्या ज्ञात कीजिये। (D और E ने उस सप्ताह में केवल सामान्य पिज्जा और चीज बर्स्ट पिज्जा बेचे)

- (a) 575
- (b) 565
- (c) 585
- (d) 555
- (e) 595

Q40. उस सप्ताह में सभी 5 आउटलेट द्वारा बेचे जाने वाले पिज्जा का औसत, उस सप्ताह आउटलेट D द्वारा बेचे गये बर्गर से कितने प्रतिशत अधिक है?

- (a) 23.5%
- (b) 20%
- (c) 22.5%
- (d) 17.5%
- (e) 27.5%

Directions (41-45): प्रत्येक प्रश्न में दो समीकरण I और II नीचे दिए गए हैं। आपको इन समीकरणों को हल करना होगा और तदनुसार उत्तर देना होगा।

Q41.

I. $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$

II. $y^2 = 4$

- (a) यदि $x < y$
- (b) यदि $x > y$
- (c) यदि $x \leq y$
- (d) यदि $x \geq y$
- (e) यदि $x = y$ या कोई सम्बन्ध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता

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Q42.

I. $2x^2 + 9x + 10 = 0$

II. $y^2 + 8y + 16 = 0$

- (a) यदि $x < y$
- (b) यदि $x > y$
- (c) यदि $x \leq y$
- (d) यदि $x \geq y$
- (e) यदि $x = y$ या कोई सम्बन्ध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता

Q43.

I. $3x - 2y = 7$

II. $2x + 3y = 22$

- (a) यदि $x < y$
- (b) यदि $x > y$
- (c) यदि $x \leq y$
- (d) यदि $x \geq y$
- (e) यदि $x = y$ या कोई सम्बन्ध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता

Q44.

I. $x^2 - 8x + 15 = 0$

II. $y^2 - y - 6 = 0$

- (a) यदि $x < y$
- (b) यदि $x > y$
- (c) यदि $x \leq y$
- (d) यदि $x \geq y$
- (e) यदि $x = y$ या कोई सम्बन्ध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता

Q45.

I. $x^2 - 49 = 0$

II. $y^3 - 343 = 0$

- (a) यदि $x < y$
- (b) यदि $x > y$
- (c) यदि $x \leq y$
- (d) यदि $x \geq y$
- (e) यदि $x = y$ या कोई सम्बन्ध स्थापित नहीं किया जा सकता



Q46. A की बचत का, उसकी आय से अनुपात 1:5 है। यदि उसकी आय के संदर्भ में, कपड़ों पर उसका खर्च 20% से बढ़कर 27.5% हो जाता है, तो ज्ञात करें कि कपड़ों पर उसका वर्तमान व्यय, उसकी बचत का कितने % है (यदि बचत समान रहती है)?

- (a) 127.5%
- (b) 137.5%
- (c) 125%
- (d) 140%
- (e) 122.5%

Q47. एक कक्षा में, लड़कों की संख्या, लड़कियों की संख्या से 36 अधिक है। यदि 22 लड़कियां और 6 लड़के प्रवेश लेते हैं तो लड़कियों का लड़कों से अनुपात 7: 9 हो जाता है। कक्षा में विद्यार्थियों की वास्तविक संख्या ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 134
- (b) 124
- (c) 132
- (d) 128
- (e) 136

Q48. A की वर्तमान आयु का, C की वर्तमान आयु से अनुपात 3: 4 है। B और C की वर्तमान आयु का औसत, A की वर्तमान आयु से 4 वर्ष अधिक है। यदि 14 वर्ष बाद, A, B से आठ वर्ष बड़ा होगा, तो ज्ञात कीजिये कि A, B और C की वर्तमान आयु का योग कितना है?

- (a) 152 वर्ष
- (b) 138 वर्ष
- (c) 144 वर्ष
- (d) 148 वर्ष
- (e) 158 वर्ष

Q49. दीपक और आयुष ने क्रमशः x रुपये और $(x + 5000)$ रुपये निवेश करके एक साझेदारी की। 6 महीने के बाद, दीपक ने अपने निवेश में 2000 रुपये की वृद्धि की। यदि वर्ष के अंत में, दीपक के लाभ के हिस्से का आयुष के लाभ के हिस्से से अनुपात 4: 5 है, तो उनके आरम्भिक निवेश का योग ज्ञात कीजिये।

- (a) 30000 रुपये
- (b) 36000 रुपये
- (c) 41000 रुपये
- (d) 45000 रुपये
- (e) 35000 रुपये

Q50. दो वर्गों का परिमाण क्रमशः 220 सेमी और 180 सेमी है। अन्य वर्ग का परिमाण ज्ञात कीजिए, जिसका क्षेत्रफल, उपरोक्त दोनों वर्गों के क्षेत्रफल के बीच के अंतर के बराबर है।

- (a) $40\sqrt{5}$ सेमी
- (b) $40\sqrt{10}$ सेमी
- (c) $60\sqrt{10}$ सेमी
- (d) $20\sqrt{10}$ सेमी
- (e) $80\sqrt{5}$ सेमी

Directions (51-60): निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में, प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर क्या आएगा?

Q51. $\sqrt{360 - 550 + 479} + 13 = ?$

- (a) 30
- (b) 29
- (c) 27
- (d) 33
- (e) 31

Q52. $8^3 \div 4^3 + \sqrt[3]{6859} = (?)^3$

- (a) 3
- (b) 4
- (c) 5
- (d) 2
- (e) 1



Q53. $504 \div 28 \times 15 - 89 = ?$

- (a) 183
- (b) 179
- (c) 178
- (d) 181
- (e) 187

Q54. $\frac{9}{2} - \frac{17}{6} = ? - \frac{19}{12}$

- (a) $15/4$
- (b) $13/4$
- (c) 4
- (d) $9/4$
- (e) $7/4$

Q55. 225 का 16% + 280 का 40% = ?

- (a) 144
- (b) 142
- (c) 148
- (d) 146
- (e) 152

Q56. $\sqrt{?} \times \sqrt{2025} - 534 = 1896$

- (a) 2704
- (b) 2209
- (c) 2601
- (d) 2916
- (e) 3136

Q57. $(28)^2 + (?)^2 = (32)^2 + 16$

- (a) 14
- (b) 16
- (c) 15
- (d) 13
- (e) 18

Q58. $88 \times 0.5 + 32 \times 0.75 - 15 = ?$

- (a) 48
- (b) 43
- (c) 49
- (d) 56
- (e) 53

Q59. $28.655 - 7.75 - 4.11 + 5.555 = ?$

- (a) 24.65
- (b) 22.35
- (c) 23.55
- (d) 25.35
- (e) 26.35

Q60. $435 \div 7.5 + 34 \times 18 = ?$

- (a) 672
- (b) 690
- (c) 696
- (d) 670
- (e) 700



Q61. विनय ने 1500 रुपये का कुछ हिस्सा साधारण ब्याज पर 6% की वार्षिक दर पर उधार दिया और शेष राशि को साधारण ब्याज पर 7.5% की वार्षिक दर पर उधार दिया। 1 वर्ष बाद, उसे ब्याज के रूप में कुल 102 रुपये प्राप्त हुए। 7.5% की वार्षिक दर पर उधार दी गयी राशि के दोगुना को 1.5 वर्षों के लिए साधारण ब्याज पर 8% की वार्षिक दर पर उधार दिए जाने पर प्राप्त ब्याज ज्ञात कीजिये।

- (a) 185 रुपये
- (b) 175 रुपये
- (c) 178 रुपये
- (d) 192 रुपये
- (e) 196 रुपये

Q62. धारा की गति, नाव की धारा के प्रतिकूल गति का 25% है। यदि नाव द्वारा धारा के अनुकूल 54 किमी और शांत जल में 30 किमी तय करने के लिए लिया गया कुल समय 7.5 घंटे है, तो शांत जल में नाव की गति का ज्ञात कीजिये।

- (a) 12 किमी/घंटा
- (b) 10 किमी/घंटा
- (c) 16 किमी/घंटा
- (d) 8 किमी/घंटा
- (e) 5 किमी/घंटा

Q63. B का क्रय मूल्य, A के क्रय मूल्य से 150 रुपये अधिक है। A और B के मूल्यों को उनके सम्बन्धित क्रय मूल्यों से 40% और 30% अधिक अंकित किया गया है। A को 20% और 10% की दो क्रमिक छूट पर बेचा जाता है जबकि B को 30% छूट पर बेचा जाता है। यदि B का विक्रय मूल्य, A की तुलना में 63 रुपये अधिक है, तो उनके क्रय मूल्यों का योग ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (a) 1450 रुपये
- (b) 1550 रुपये
- (c) 1650 रुपये
- (d) 1750 रुपये
- (e) 1950 रुपये

Q64. एक टैंक से तीन पाइप A, B और C जुड़े हुए हैं। A अकेले टैंक को 10 मिनट में भर सकता है जबकि B और C पृथक रूप से टैंक को क्रमशः 30 मिनट और 40 मिनट में खाली कर सकते हैं। यदि A, B और C को एकांतर रूप से इस प्रकार खोला जाता है कि A को पहले मिनट में और B और C को एकसाथ दूसरे मिनट में खोला जाता है, तो कितने समय में टैंक भर जाएगा?

- (a) $44\frac{5}{6}$ मिनट
- (b) $40\frac{5}{6}$ मिनट
- (c) $42\frac{5}{6}$ मिनट
- (d) $46\frac{5}{6}$ मिनट
- (e) $48\frac{5}{6}$ मिनट

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Q65. शब्द "PACIFIC" के सभी अक्षरों से ऐसे कितने शब्द बनाए जा सकते हैं कि P प्रत्येक शब्द का पहला अक्षर हो?

- (a) 240
- (b) 200
- (c) 150
- (d) 180
- (e) 120

Directions (66-70): निम्नलिखित संख्या श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न के स्थान पर कौन सी संख्या आएगी?

Q66. 168, ?, 298, 419, 588, 813

- (a) 215
- (b) 217
- (c) 225
- (d) 228
- (e) 220

Q67. 576, 568, 556, 540, ?, 496

- (a) 510
- (b) 530
- (c) 520
- (d) 540
- (e) 515

Q68. ?, 1973, 2129, 2303, 2504, 2741

- (a) 1826
- (b) 1822
- (c) 1818
- (d) 1816
- (e) 1812

Q69. 80, 40, 120, 30, 150, ?

- (a) 12
- (b) 15
- (c) 20
- (d) 22
- (e) 25

Q70. 786, 791, 801, 818, ?, 881

- (a) 844
- (b) 848
- (c) 850
- (d) 840
- (e) 838



Directions (71-78): Read the following passage and answer the following questions. Some words are highlighted to help you answer some of the questions.

Indian officials acknowledged that a cyberattack occurred at the country's Kudankulam nuclear power plant. An Indian private cybersecurity researcher had tweeted about the breach, **prompting** Indian authorities to initially deny that it had occurred before admitting that the intrusion had been discovered in early September and that efforts were underway to respond to it.

While reactor operations at Kudankulam were reportedly unaffected, this incident should serve as yet another _____ that the nuclear power industry needs to take cybersecurity more seriously. A 2015 report by the British think tank Chatham House found pervasive shortcomings in the nuclear power industry's approach to cybersecurity, from regulation to training to user behavior. In general, nuclear power plant operators have failed to broaden their cultures of safety and security to include an awareness of cyberthreats. This laxness might be understandable if the **latest incident** were the first of its kind. Instead, there have been over 20 known cyber incidents at nuclear facilities since 1990. This number includes relatively minor items such as accidents from software bugs and inadequately tested updates along with deliberate intrusions, but it demonstrates that the nuclear sector is not somehow immune to cyber-related threats. Furthermore, as the digitalization of nuclear reactor instrumentation and control systems increases, so does the potential for **malicious** and accidental cyber incidents alike to cause harm.

This record should also disprove the old myth, unfortunately repeated in Kudankulam officials' remarks, that so-called air-gapping effectively secures operational networks at plants. Air-gapping refers to separating the plant's internet-connected business networks from the operational networks that control plant processes; doing so is intended to prevent malware from more easily infected business networks from affecting industrial control systems. The intrusion at Kudankulam so far seems limited to the plant's business networks, but air gaps have failed at the Davis-Besse nuclear power plant in Ohio in 2003 and even classified US military systems in 2008. The same report from Chatham House found ample sector-wide evidence of employee behavior that would circumvent air gaps, like charging personal phones via reactor control room USB slots and installing remote access tools for contractors.

The consequences of a cyber-based intrusion at a nuclear power plant could range from loss of confidential employee or business information to potentially causing a reactor shutdown or physical damage. The industry must realize that cyberattacks can be the main event, rather than simply a means to enable more traditionally imagined threats like physical intrusions. And regardless of the consequences of a given incident, public statements like those from Indian authorities last week that refuse to even admit the possibility of cyberattack will undermine public trust—an existential resource for many nuclear power programs.

If there is a silver lining to the recent cyberattack, it is that India now has an opportunity to become a leader in nuclear cybersecurity. India has established the Global Centre for Nuclear Energy Partnership as a forum for bilateral and multilateral cooperation in nuclear security that could be widened to include

cybersecurity. The problem of cybersecurity is not new to the nuclear power industry, and it does not require solutions radically different from those already in place in fields such as finance and commercial aviation. The nuclear industry's history of safety and security culture, and the body of research on sector-specific cybersecurity recommendations, together can offer a path toward a nuclear power industry that better defends itself against cyber threats. The avenues for fostering cooperation and sharing best practices have been established, as has the need for workforce development.

Q71. 'Air gap is not a failsafe mechanism against the threats discussed in the passage'. Which of the following statement supports the given statement?

- (a) National Nuclear Security Administration includes cybersecurity in their security assessments at international facilities.
- (b) In 2003, the Davis-Besse nuclear power plant's private network became infected with the malware.
- (c) It separates the plant's internet-connected business networks from the operational networks.
- (d) Newcomers with less indigenous cybersecurity expertise will need more help from international partners
- (e) None of these.

Q72. Which of the following statement(s) is/are not true in context of the given passage?

- (a) Indian authorities initially were in denial of the cyber-attack at the plant.
- (b) Officials have learnt from the past incidents of attacked and have made a fool proof system
- (c) Both (B) and (D)
- (d) Fall out of such cyberattacks are not limited to data loss but can also lead to physical damages.
- (e) None of these.

Q73. Which of the following is similar in meaning to the word 'PROMPTING' as used in the passage?

- (a) Infusing
- (b) Engendering
- (c) Apprehending
- (d) Intriguing
- (e) None of these.

Q74. Which of the following has/ have been the 'latest incidence', as highlighted in the second paragraph of the passage given above?

- (a) Abuse of power to operate power plants within the country
- (b) Occurrence of frequent cyber-attacks on the administrative core of the country
- (c) Cyber-attack at India's one of the most prominent nuclear power plants
- (d) Both (b) and (c)
- (e) None of these.

Q75. Which of the following is opposite in meaning to the word 'MALICIOUS' as used in the passage?

- (a) Vitriolic
- (b) Pernicious
- (c) Maleficent
- (d) Benevolent
- (e) None of these.

Q76. As per the passage which of the following steps have been taken by the authorities to deal with the issue of cyber-attacks?

- (i) Seeking international organisations for their support
 - (ii) Establishment of forum for global cooperation in the field of cyber security
 - (iii) Workforce development and performance assessment for cybersecurity
- (a) Only (ii)
 - (b) Only (iii)
 - (c) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (d) Both (ii) and (iii)
 - (e) None of these.

Q77. Which of the following best describe the author in the given passage?

- (a) Defiant
- (b) Evasive
- (c) Candid
- (d) Nasty
- (e) None of these.

Q78. Select the appropriate filler for the blank given in the passage.

- (a) Quiet down
- (b) Jazz up
- (c) Wake-up call
- (d) Water down
- (e) None of these.

Directions (79-83): In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each. In first column, sentences/phrases are A, B and C and in the second column the sentences/phrases are D, E and F. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

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Q79. Column (1)

- (A) The SDGs are a set of 17 broad-based global
- (B) Adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in 2015
- (C) Ending hunger and achieving gender equality

Column (2)

- (D) driven mostly by progress in clean energy and sanitation
- (E) is the area where most States fall far short
- (F) goals intended to be achieved by 2030

- (a) C-E and B-F
- (b) A-F
- (c) C-E
- (d) Both (b) and (c)
- (e) None of these

Q80. Column (1)

- (A) The goal of the symposium is to support emerging
- (B) The symposium is an opportunity for attendees to engage
- (C) Artists are producing socially relevant work which raises awareness,

Column (2)

- (D) that is role in culture, representing the intersection of fine art practice
- (E) sustains involvement, and ignites social change
- (F) with colleagues from South Asia and elsewhere in collaborative exchanges

- (a) C-E and B-F
- (b) A-F
- (c) C-E
- (d) Both (b) and (c)
- (e) None of these

Q81. Column (1)

- (A) Internet broadband and mobile Internet services are
- (B) Internet is a right that is very similar to what the Supreme Court held
- (C) While the Internet is certainly a main source of information

Column (2)

- (D) which includes within its ambit the right to education, health
- (E) and access to social media, it is so much more than that
- (F) an lifeline to people in India from all walks of life

- (a) C-E and B-F
- (b) A-F
- (c) C-E
- (d) Both (b) and (c)
- (e) None of these

Q82. Column (1)

- (A) The protestors said they will continue the agitation as long as the
- (B) Police's violence is very high
- (C) The protesters said compared to last Friday

Column (2)

- (D) for protest and people had shut their shops in Old Delhi
 - (E) whether the protest is dying down at Jama Masjid
 - (F) government do not strike down the CAA and promise to not implement the NRC
- (a) C-E and B-F
 - (b) A-F
 - (c) C-E
 - (d) Both (b) and (c)
 - (e) None of these

Q83. Column (1)

- (A) The museum of DMRC at Patel Chowk station turned 11
- (B) A pledge was administered to the children to stay
- (C) The children were told about the history of

Column (2)

- (D) with positive messages were kept at the exhibition
 - (E) and initiatives taken up for children by the DMRC
 - (F) and a host of activities were held at the venue
- (a) C-E and B-F
 - (b) A-F
 - (c) C-E
 - (d) Both (b) and (c)
 - (e) None of these

Directions (84-88): In the following questions a sentence is provided which is divided into different parts. Following each questions four possible arrangements of the parts are provided. Select the appropriate arrangement which makes a contextually meaningful sentence.

Q84. A fund manager may decide to (A)/ would bring down the NAV even though (B)/ the scheme may be faring pretty well(C)/do regular dividend payouts that (D).

- (a) DBCA
- (b) ADBC
- (c) BCAD
- (d) CABD
- (e) No rearrangement required.

Q85. The country's war-torn east exchanged many prisoners, (A)/ swapping detained fighters for civilians and servicemen (B)/Ukraine and Russia-backed separatists in (C)/ held captive in some cases for years(D).

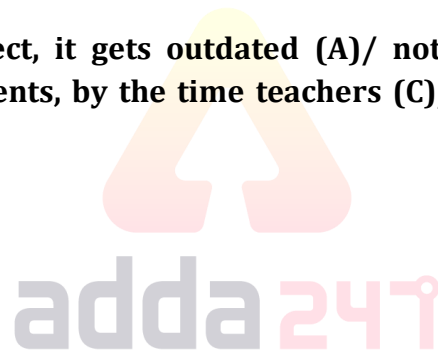
- (a) DBCA
- (b) ADBC
- (c) BCAD
- (d) CABD
- (e) No rearrangement required.

Q86. Saudi Arabia has arrested more than(A)/ in the first such crackdown since (B)/ the ultra-conservative kingdom began easing social norms (C)/ 200 people for violating "public decency"(D).

- (a) DBCA
- (b) ADBC
- (c) BCAD
- (d) CABD
- (e) No rearrangement required.

Q87. Get ready to teach a subject, it gets outdated (A)/ not able to catch up with the ever-changing(B)/ industry requirements, by the time teachers (C)/ the world is moving so fast that institutions are (D).

- (a) DBCA
- (b) ADBC
- (c) BCAD
- (d) CABD
- (e) No rearrangement required.



Q88. additional charges for merchants (A)/digital transactions made using RuPay credit cards(B)/ or UPI QR codes will not attract(C)/ or customers from the beginning of next year (D)/

- (a) DBCA
- (b) ADBC
- (c) BCAD
- (d) CABD
- (e) No rearrangement required.

Directions (89-95): In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, four words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

Q89. When the term "fake news" comes up, people usually think of social media posts with rather fantastic, implausible stories. While posts shared on social media is its most visible aspect, there is so much more to fake news than ____**(89)**____ article titles on social media feeds. Fake news may seem new, but the platform used is the only new thing about it. Propaganda has been around for centuries, and the

internet is only the latest means of communication to be ____ (90) ____ to spread lies and misinformation.

The fire triangle represents the three elements a fire needs to burn: oxygen, heat, and a fuel. Similarly, fake news requires three different items to succeed. These collectively represent the Fake News Triangle: without any one of these factors, it is unable to spread and reach its target audience.

The first requirement: tools and services for ____ (91) ____ and spreading the message across relevant social media networks, many of which are sold in various online communities from across the globe. A wide variety of tools and services are available; some are relatively simple, while some are more unusual—some services promise to stuff online polls, while some force site owners to take down stories. In any case, the tools and services for social media promotion are readily available, both inside and outside the underground scene.

Of course, for these tools to be of any use, social networks have to exist as a platform for spreading ____ (92) _____. With people spending more time on these sites as a way to get the latest news and information, their importance in spreading fake news cannot be ____ (93) _____. However, there's a difference between simply posting propaganda and actually turning it into something that the target audience consumes. Studying social media also gives us a view of the relationships between bots and the recipients of social media promotion on Twitter. This gives us an idea of the scope and organization of the ____ (94) ____ that attempt to manipulate public opinion.

Finally, propaganda campaign always comes with the question: *why*. We discuss the ____ (95) ____ behind fake news: sometimes it's simply a desire for monetary gain via advertising. In other cases, the goals can vary from the criminal to the political. Regardless of the motive, the success of any propaganda campaign will ultimately be based on how much it affects the real world.

- (a) Inflate
- (b) Exaggerated
- (c) Magnify
- (d) Abstemious
- (e) None of these.

Q90. When the term “fake news” comes up, people usually think of social media posts with rather fantastic, implausible stories. While posts shared on social media is its most visible aspect, there is so much more to fake news than ____ (89) ____ article titles on social media feeds. Fake news may seem new, but the platform used is the only new thing about it. Propaganda has been around for centuries, and the internet is only the latest means of communication to be ____ (90) ____ to spread lies and misinformation.

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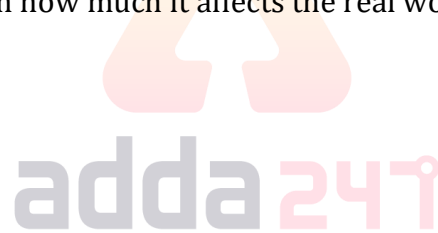
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- (a) Rejuvenated
- (b) Acclaimed
- (c) Inverse
- (d) Abused
- (e) None of these.



Q91. When the term “fake news” comes up, people usually think of social media posts with rather fantastic, implausible stories. While posts shared on social media is its most visible aspect, there is so much more to fake news than ____ (89) ____ article titles on social media feeds. Fake news may seem new, but the platform used is the only new thing about it. Propaganda has been around for centuries, and the internet is only the latest means of communication to be ____ (90) ____ to spread lies and misinformation.

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- (a) Manipulate
- (b) Steer
- (c) Exploiting
- (d) Doctoring
- (e) None of these.

Q92. When the term “fake news” comes up, people usually think of social media posts with rather fantastic, implausible stories. While posts shared on social media is its most visible aspect, there is so much more to fake news than ____ (89) ____ article titles on social media feeds. Fake news may seem new, but the platform used is the only new thing about it. Propaganda has been around for centuries, and the internet is only the latest means of communication to be ____ (90) ____ to spread lies and misinformation.

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- (a) Invocation
- (b) Atrocities
- (c) Propaganda
- (d) Candour
- (e) None of these.

Q93. When the term “fake news” comes up, people usually think of social media posts with rather fantastic, implausible stories. While posts shared on social media is its most visible aspect, there is so much more to fake news than ____ (89) ____ article titles on social media feeds. Fake news may seem new, but the platform used is the only new thing about it. Propaganda has been around for centuries, and the internet is only the latest means of communication to be ____ (90) ____ to spread lies and misinformation.

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- (a) Accentuated
- (b) Resurrected
- (c) Marginalised
- (d) Underestimating
- (e) None of these.

Q94. When the term “fake news” comes up, people usually think of social media posts with rather fantastic, implausible stories. While posts shared on social media is its most visible aspect, there is so much more to fake news than ____ **(89)** ____ article titles on social media feeds. Fake news may seem new, but the platform used is the only new thing about it. Propaganda has been around for centuries, and the internet is only the latest means of communication to be ____ **(90)** ____ to spread lies and misinformation.

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- (a) Structure
- (b) Campaigns
- (c) Mandate
- (d) Contest
- (e) None of these.

Q95. When the term “fake news” comes up, people usually think of social media posts with rather fantastic, implausible stories. While posts shared on social media is its most visible aspect, there is so much more to fake news than ____ **(89)** ____ article titles on social media feeds. Fake news may seem new, but the platform used is the only new thing about it. Propaganda has been around for centuries, and the internet is only the latest means of communication to be ____ **(90)** ____ to spread lies and misinformation.

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- (a) Objections
- (b) Contortions
- (c) Jostle
- (d) Motivations
- (e) None of these.

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Directions (96-100): In the questions given below, there is a sentence in which one part is given in bold. The part given in bold may or may not be grammatically correct. Choose the best alternative among the four given which can replace the part in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct. If the part given in bold is already correct and does not require any replacement, choose option (e), i.e. "No replacement required" as your answer.

Q96. Despite the cloud cover, some people in Delhi **could be able to capture the "dark disk"** of the solar eclipse.

- (a) able to capture the "dark disk"
- (b) can be able to capture the "dark disk"
- (c) could be captured the "dark disk"
- (d) were able to capture the "dark disk"
- (e) No Replacement required

Q97. With a view of promoting enterprises working on artificial intelligence solutions, the Telangana government has decided to observe 2020 as the Year of AI.

- (a) With a view of promotion enterprises working on
- (b) With a view to promoting enterprises working on
- (c) With a view to promote enterprises working at
- (d) With a viewing of promoting enterprises working on
- (e) No Replacement required

Q98. If you've watched an Apple keynote sometime in the last couple of years, you might have felt the need to doze out, unimpressed by the devices on the screen.

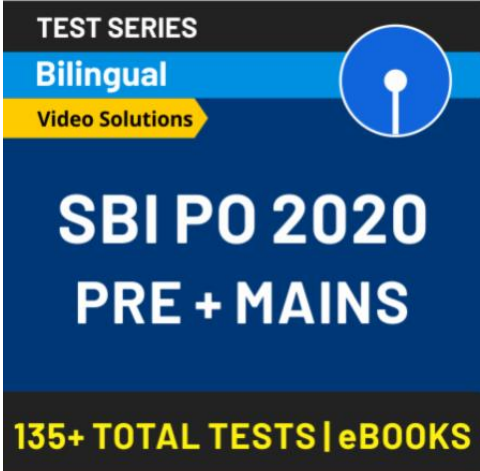
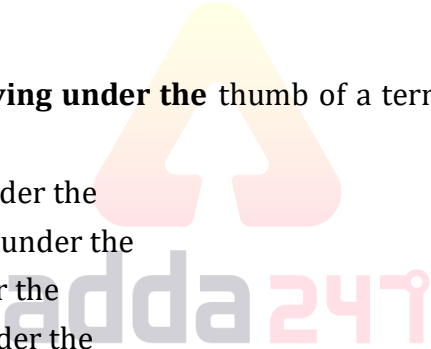
- (a) might have had felt the need to doze out
- (b) might had felt the need to doze on
- (c) might had felt the need to doze off
- (d) might have felt the need to doze off
- (e) No Replacement required

Q99. Its' time to realized that staying under the thumb of a terrible manager will hurt you, and will stop you from achieving the success.

- (a) It's time to realize that staying under the
- (b) Its' time to realize that to staying under the
- (c) It's time to realize if staying under the
- (d) Its' time we realized if staying under the
- (e) No Replacement required

Q100. Meghan, was taking lessons in ballet, tap, jazz and contemporary dance since she was a toddler.

- (a) Meghan, had taken lessons in ballet
- (b) Meghan, has taken lessons in ballet
- (c) Meghan, having been taking lessons in ballet
- (d) Meghan, have been taking lessons in ballet
- (e) No Replacement required



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